Annual Report for

AmBond Select 1

30 April 2024





TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group 55 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

Board of Directors

Jeyaratnam A/L Tamotharam Pillai Ng Chih Kaye Jas Bir Kaur A/P Lol Singh Arnold Lim Boon Lay Goh Wee Peng

Investment Committee

Arnold Lim Boon Lay Tracy Chen Wee Keng Goh Wee Peng

Trustee

HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad

Auditors and Reporting Accountants Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation AdviserDeloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

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MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholder,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of AmBond Select 1 ("Fund") for the financial year ended 30 April 2024.

Salient Information of the Fund

Name	AmBond Select 1 ("Fund")					
Category/ Type	Wholesale Fixed Incom	Wholesale Fixed Income / Income				
Objective	The Fund aims to provide regular income*. Note: * Income distribution could be in the form of units or cash. Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.					
Duration	The Fund was established on 21 November 2017 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.					
Performance Benchmark	Quantshop MGS 1-5 years index ("MGS 1-5 years") (Available at www.aminvest.com)					
Income Distribution Policy	Income (if any) will be distributed monthly. Note: The income could be in the form of units or cash. Distribution of income should only be made from realised gains or realised income.					
Breakdown of Unit	For the financial year under review, the size of the Fund stood at 1,001 units.					
Holdings by	Size of holding	As at 30 A		As at 30 A		
Size		No of units held	Number of unitholder	No of units held	Number of unitholder	
	5,000 and below	1,001	1	-	-	
	5,001-10,000	-	-	-	-	
	10,001-50,000	-	-	-	-	
	50,001-500,000 500,001 and above	-	-	286,292,815	1	
			-	200,202,010	ı	

Portfolio Composition

Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 30 April are as follows:

	As at 30 April		
	2024 %	2023 %	2022 %
Corporate bonds			
(guaranteed by the Government)	-	25.41	22.98
Malaysian Government Securities	-	65.41	64.55
Money market deposits and cash			
equivalents	100.00	9.18	12.47
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00

Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.

Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial years ended 30 April are as follows:

	FYE	FYE	FYE
	2024	2023	2022
Net asset value (RM'000)	1	284,302	273,405
Units in circulation ('000)	1	286,293	286,293
Net asset value per unit (RM)	1.0412	0.9930	0.9550
Highest net asset value per unit (RM)	1.0412	0.9946	0.9963
Lowest net asset value per unit (RM)	0.9928	0.9497	0.9550
Benchmark performance (%)	2.84	4.91	-0.29
Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾	4.86	6.97	-1.31
- Capital growth (%)	4.86	4.06	-3.71
- Income distribution (%)	1	2.91	2.40
Gross distributions (sen per unit)	1	2.78	2.38
Net distributions (sen per unit)	1	2.78	2.38
Total expense ratio (%) ⁽²⁾	0.25	0.24	0.24
Portfolio turnover ratio (times)(3)	2.84	0.42	0.67

Note:

- (1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees.
- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The TER increased by 0.01% as compared to 0.24% per annum for the financial year ended 30 April 2023 mainly due to decrease in average fund size.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The increase in the PTR for 2024 and decrease in the 2023 were due mainly to investing activities.

Average Total Return (as at 30 April 2024)

	AmBond Select 1 ^(a) %	MGS 1-5 years ^(b) %
One year	4.86	2.84
Three years	3.45	2.47
Five years	3.96	3.26
Since launch (21 November 2017)	4.02	3.41

Annual Total Return

Financial Years Ended (30 April)	AmBond Select 1 ^(a) %	MGS 1-5 years ^(b) %
2024	4.86	2.84
2023	6.97	4.91
2022	-1.31	-0.29
2021	1.33	2.83
2020	8.24	6.11

- (a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.
- (b) Quantshop MGS 1-5 years index ("MGS 1-5 years"). (Available at www.aminvest.com)

The Fund performance is calculated based on net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

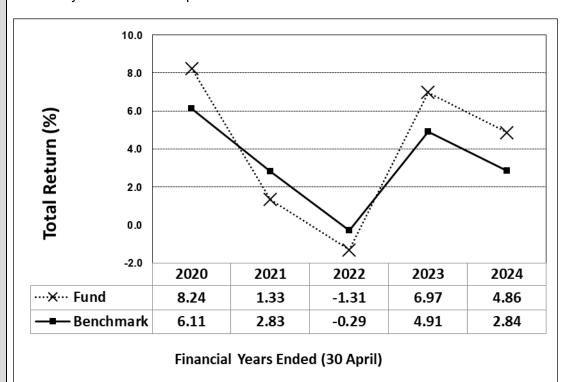
Fund Performance

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a return of 4.86% which is entirely capital growth in nature.

Thus, the Fund's return of 4.86% has outperformed the benchmark's return of 2.84% by 2.02%.

As compared with the financial year ended 30 April 2023, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund increased by 4.85% from RM0.9930 to RM1.0412, while units in circulation decreased by >100.00% from 286,292,815 units to 1,001 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of AmBond Select 1 and its benchmark, Quantshop MGS 1-5 years index, for the financial years ended 30 April.



	Note: Past performance is not neces and that unit prices and investment			
Has the Fund achieved its objective?	During the year up to August 2023, the Fund has achieved its objective of providing regular income to investor.			
objective:	The Fund has remained inactive follo from August 2023.	wing full redem	nption by invest	or with effect
Strategies and Policies Employed	During the year up to August 2023, the Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing in Malaysian Government Securities, Government Investment issue and any other securities guaranteed by the Malaysian government or Bank Negara Malaysia. The Fund has remained inactive following full redemption by investor with effect			
Portfolio	from August 2023. The table below is the asset allocation	of the Fund as	at 30 April 202	1 and 30 April
Structure	2023.	or the rana as	at 50 April 202-	+ and 50 April
		As at 30.04.2024 %	As at 30.04.2023 %	Changes %
	Corporate bonds	70		
	(guaranteed by the Government)	-	25.41 65.41	-25.41
	Malaysian Government Securities Money market deposits and cash	-	05.41	-65.41
	equivalents	100.00	9.18	90.82
	Total	100.00	100.00	
Cross Trade	As at end-April 2024, the Fund remain has invested 100% of its NAV in money There were no cross trades undertaken	market deposi	ts and cash equ	ivalents.
		-		
Distribution/ Unit splits	There is no income distribution and unit split declared for the financial year under review.			
State of Affairs	The Fund has remained inactive following full redemption by investor with effect from August 2023.			
Rebates and Soft Commission	During the year, the management company did not receive soft commissions by virtue of transactions conducted for the Fund.			
Market Review	Despite Malaysia bond market experienced a volatile session during second half of 2023 local fixed income market still ended the year in a positive territory, largely mirrored movement in the United States Treasuries (UST) on the narrative that the Federal Reserve's period of rate tightening may be over and setting the stage for rate cuts to occur in 2024. Over the period, the UST curve bull-steepened with yields fell by 12 - 65bps across the 1-year and 7-year tenure. In tandem with the positive performance of the UST, Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) yields fell by 3 - 12bps across the curve. Moving towards 2024, Malaysia bond market kicked start the first two months with a sell-off amid profit taking as MGS yields were 3bps to 15bps higher generally across the yield curve after the strong year-end rally and cautious ahead of			

stronger United States (US) economic data and hawkish comments from the Federal Reserve (Fed) members. Domestically, Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) kept overnight policy rate unchanged at 3.00% on 24 January 2024 meeting, in line with market expectation accompanied by language of the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) statement remained neutral and depicting current Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) level as supportive.

In the month of March, the widely expected pause in BNM's OPR coupled with the lack of markets conviction amid subdued market sentiment in the US, local bond market was traded in a tight 4 - 9bps range. However, Malaysia bond market turned weaker in April following a sell-off in the United States Treasury (UST), as sticky inflation and resilient labor market have given more reasons for the US Fed to stand pat on key rates. Thin market liquidity and rising geopolitical risk in the Middle East also dented bond market sentiment with Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) curve repriced higher by 13 - 22bps month-on-month (MoM).

Market Outlook

Despite the selloff in the United States Treasury (UST) market, the local Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) market did not suffer a similar spike in yields. Bonds yields only rose marginally and were relatively supported. This has been attributed to the deep domestic liquidity holdings, particularly from GLICs and institutional investors.

Additional Information

The following information was updated:

- 1) Mr Tai Terk Lin, an Independent Non-Executive Director of AmFunds Management Berhad (AFM), has retired from the Board and the Fund Management Division's Audit and Risk Management Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.
- 2) Mdm Jas Bir Kaur A/P Lol Singh, an Independent Non-Executive Director of AFM, has resigned as the Chairperson of the Investment Committee and has been appointed as a member of the Fund Management Division's Audit and Risk Management Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.
- 3) Mr Arnold Lim Boon Lay has been appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of AFM and the Chairman of the Investment Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AmFunds Management Berhad

18 June 2024

Independent auditors' report to the unit holder of AmBond Select 1

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AmBond Select 1 (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 April 2024, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 10 to 35.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 April 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and in our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holder of AmBond Select 1 (cont'd.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holder of AmBond Select 1 (cont'd.)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with the approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holder of AmBond Select 1 (cont'd.)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holder of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Ng Sue Ean No. 03276/07/2024 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 18 June 2024

AmBond Select 1

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 APRIL 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
ASSETS			
Investments Interest receivables	4	- -	258,213,105 26,458
Deposits with licensed financial institution Cash at banks TOTAL ASSETS	5 - -	4,526 4,526	23,013,222 3,805,097 285,057,882
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Distribution payable Sundry payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES	6 7 -	3,483 3,483	49,739 9,327 687,103 9,672 755,841
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND	_	1,043	284,302,041
EQUITY			
Unit holder's capital Accumulated losses NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO	11(a) 11(b)(c) _	2,524,790 (2,523,747)	288,000,002 (3,697,961)
UNIT HOLDER	11 _	1,043	284,302,041
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	11(a)	1,001	286,292,815
NAV PER UNIT (RM)	_	1.0412	0.9930

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest income Net (loss)/gain from investments: - Financial assets at fair value through profit or		2,172,262	8,918,446
loss ("FVTPL")	10	(834,439)	10,617,197
,		1,337,823	19,535,643
EXPENDITURE			
Manager's fee	6	(133,294)	(558,532)
Trustee's fee	7	(26,658)	(111,706)
Audit fee	8	(1,448)	(5,000)
Tax agent's fee	9	(956)	(3,300)
Other expenses		(1,253)	(1,533)
		(163,609)	(680,071)
Net income before taxation		1,174,214	18,855,572
Taxation	13	<u> </u>	
Net income after taxation, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year		1,174,214	18,855,572
Total comprehensive income comprises the following:			
Realised (loss)/income		(2,383,944)	8,053,419
Unrealised gains		3,558,158	10,802,153
		1,174,214	18,855,572
Distributions for the financial year			
Net distributions	14	_	7,958,940
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	14	<u> </u>	2.78
Net distributions per unit (sen)	14		2.78

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

	Note	Unit holder's capital RM	Accumulated losses RM	Total equity RM
At 1 May 2023 Total comprehensive income		288,000,002	(3,697,961)	284,302,041
for the financial year		-	1,174,214	1,174,214
Cancellation of units	11(a)	(285,475,212)		(285,475,212)
Balance at 30 April 2024		2,524,790	(2,523,747)	1,043
At 1 May 2022 Total comprehensive income		288,000,002	(14,594,593)	273,405,409
for the financial year		-	18,855,572	18,855,572
Distributions	14		(7,958,940)	(7,958,940)
Balance at 30 April 2023		288,000,002	(3,697,961)	284,302,041

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Note	KIVI	KW
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Interest received Manager's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Tax agent's fee paid Payments for other expenses Net cash generated from operating and investing activities		315,438,600 (60,220,700) 4,359,478 (183,033) (35,985) (3,300) (6,538) 259,348,522	111,070,174 (119,796,844) 9,432,429 (555,787) (111,166) (3,300) (6,655)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for cancellation of units Distributions paid Net cash used in financing activities		(285,475,212) (687,103) (286,162,315)	(7,787,164) (7,787,164)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(26,813,793) 26,818,319	(7,758,313) 34,576,632
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		4,526	26,818,319
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Deposits with licensed financial institution Cash at banks	5	4,526 4,526	23,013,222 3,805,097 26,818,319

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmBond Select 1 (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 17 August 2017 (the "Deeds"), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad as the Trustee and the unit holder.

The Fund aims to provide regular income by investing in fixed income instruments. As provided in the Deeds, the financial period shall end on 30 April and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 21 November 2017.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 18 June 2024.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
MFRS 17 <i>Insurance Contracts and</i> Amendments to MFRS 17* Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - <i>Comparative Information</i>	1 January 2023
(Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts)* Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	1 January 2023
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	1 January 2023
Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to MFRS 108 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting	1 January 2023
Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to	1 January 2023
Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: International Tax Reform -	1 January 2023
Pillar Two Model Rules	1 January 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards issued but not yet effective

The amendments to standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and	
Leaseback*	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows and MFRS 7	
Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in Foreign	
Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*	Deferred

^{*} These Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Interest income

For all interest-bearing financial assets, interest income is calculated using the effective interest method. Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The calculation takes into account all contractual terms of the financial instrument and includes any fees or incremental costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the effective interest rate, but not future credit losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

(i) Interest income (cont'd.)

Once the recorded value of a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been reduced due to an impairment loss, interest income continues to be recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

(ii) Gain or loss on disposal of investments

On disposal of investments, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

3.4 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.5 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holder is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings and realised income. Realised income is the income earned from interest income and net gain on disposal of investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holder on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

3.6 Unit holder's capital

The unit holder's capital of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and is classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

3.7 Financial assets – initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.8 Financial assets – classification and subsequent measurement

The classification and subsequent measurement of debt instruments held by the Fund are determined based on their business model and cash flow characteristics.

Business model

The business model reflects how the Fund manages the financial assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Fund's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets, or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. the financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of "other" business model. Factors considered by the Fund in determining the business model for a portfolio of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, and how risks are assessed and managed.

Cash flow characteristics

Where the business model is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Fund assesses whether the financial assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI"). In making this assessment, the Fund considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e. interest includes only consideration for time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are SPPI.

3.9 Financial assets under MFRS 9

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets under MFRS 9 (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial asset. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Interest earned element of such instrument is recorded in "Interest income".

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.10 Financial liabilities - classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holders. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

3.11 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL") (cont'd.)

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

3.13 Determination of fair value

For investments in local fixed income securities, nominal value is the face value of the securities and fair value is determined based on the indicative prices from Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia Sdn Bhd plus accrued interest, which includes the accretion of discount and amortisation of premium. Adjusted cost of investments relates to the purchased cost plus accrued interest, adjusted for amortisation of premium and accretion of discount, if any, calculated over the period from the date of acquisition to the date of maturity of the respective securities as approved by the Manager and the Trustee. The difference between adjusted cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss. Unrealised gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are not distributable in nature.

3.14 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments (cont'd.)

The Fund classifies its investments as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investments in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holder's cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. INVESTMENTS

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Financial assets at FVTPL		
At nominal value:		
Corporate bonds	-	75,000,000
Malaysian Government Securities	<u> </u>	184,000,000
	-	259,000,000
At fair value:		
Corporate bonds	-	72,234,723
Malaysian Government Securities	<u> </u>	185,978,382
		258,213,105
	·	

The weighted average effective yield on investments are as follows:

	Effective yield	
	2024	
	%	%
Corporate bonds	-	3.71
Malaysian Government Securities		3.52

Analysis of the remaining maturities of investments as at 30 April 2023 are as follows:

	1 year to 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM
2023		
At nominal value:		
Corporate bonds	25,000,000	50,000,000
Malaysian Government Securities	66,000,000	118,000,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

5. DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At nominal value: Short-term deposits	<u>-</u> .	23,000,000
At carrying value: Short-term deposits	<u> </u>	23,013,222
The weighted average effective interest rate and weighted average follows:	verage remaining ma	aturities are as
Weighted avera	•	ghted average ing maturities

2024

%

2023

3.80

%

2024

Days

2023

Days

86

6. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

Short-term deposits

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Due to Manager Manager's fee payable		49,739

Manager's fee is at a rate of 0.20% (2023: 0.20%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Manager's fee payable is one month.

7. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.04% (2023: 0.04%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

8. AUDIT FEE

The audit fee amounting to RM5,000 is partially borne by the Manager in the current financial year.

9. TAX AGENT'S FEE

The tax agent's fee amounting to RM3,300 is partially borne by the Manager in the current financial year.

10. NET (LOSS)/GAIN FROM INVESTMENTS

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net (loss)/gain on financial assets at FVTPL comprised: - Net realised losses on sale of investments - Net unrealised gains on changes in fair value of	(4,392,597)	(184,956)
investments	3,558,158	10,802,153
	(834,439)	10,617,197

11. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity is represented by:

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
Unit holder's capital Accumulated losses	(a)	2,524,790	288,000,002
 Realised losses 	(b)	(2,523,747)	(139,803)
 Unrealised loss 	(c)		(3,558,158)
		1,043	284,302,041

(a) Unit holder's capital/units in circulation

	202 Number of	2024 2023 Number of Number of		23
	units	RM	units	RM
At beginning of the financial year	286,292,815	288,000,002	286,292,815	288,000,002
Cancellation during the financial year	(286,291,814)	(285,475,212)	_	_
At end of the financial year	1,001	2,524,790	286,292,815	288,000,002

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

11. TOTAL EQUITY (CONT'D.)

(b) Realised

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At beginning of the financial year	(139,803)	(234,282)
Net realised (loss)/income for the financial year	(2,383,944)	8,053,419
Distributions out of realised income (Note 12)		(7,958,940)
At end of the financial year	(2,523,747)	(139,803)
Have alies at the second is tributed to		

(c) Unrealised - non-distributable

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At beginning of the financial year	(3,558,158)	(14,360,311)
Net unrealised gains for the financial year	3,558,158	10,802,153
At end of the financial year	-	(3,558,158)

12. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties Relationships

AmFunds Management Berhad AmInvestment Bank Berhad AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB") Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB as disclosed in its financial statements The Manager
Holding company of the Manager
Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associate companies of the
ultimate holding company of the Manager

There are no units held by the Manager or any other related party as at 30 April 2024 and 30 April 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

12. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONT'D.)

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the significant related party balances as at reporting date are as follows:

(i) Significant related party balances

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
AmBank (M) Berhad		
Cash at banks	3,388	3,794,058

13. TAXATION

Income tax payable is calculated on investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net income before taxation	1,174,214	18,855,572
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%) Tax effects of:	281,811	4,525,337
Income not subject to tax	(1,375,299)	(4,732,944)
Losses not allowed for tax deduction	1,054,223	44,389
Restriction on tax deductible expenses	29,372	121,723
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes Permitted expenses not used and not available for	6,628	27,969
future financial years	3,265	13,526
Tax expense for the financial year	_	-

14. DISTRIBUTIONS

Details of distributions to unit holder for the previous financial year are as follows:

	2023 RM
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	2.78
Net distributions per unit (sen)	2.78

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

14. DISTRIBUTIONS

Details of distributions to unit holder for the previous financial year are as follows: (cont'd.)

Financial year ended 30 April 2023

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit RM (sen)	Net distributions per unit RM (sen)	Total distributions RM
31 May 2022	0.21	0.21	601,215
30 June 2022	0.18	0.18	515,327
29 July 2022	0.22	0.22	629,844
30 August 2022	0.08	0.08	229,034
30 September 2022	0.20	0.20	572,586
31 October 2022	0.23	0.23	658,473
30 November 2022	0.26	0.26	744,361
30 December 2022	0.34	0.34	973,395
31 January 2023	0.28	0.28	801,620
28 February 2023	0.27	0.27	772,991
31 March 2023	0.27	0.27	772,991
28 April 2023	0.24	0.24	687,103
	2.78	2.78	7,958,940
		2024 RM	2023 RM
Total amount available for distribution			

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

15. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2024 % p.a.	2023 % p.a.
Manager's fee	0.20	0.20
Trustee's fee	0.04	0.04
Fund's other expenses	0.01	-*
Total TER	0.25	0.24

^{*} represents less than 0.01%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

15. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER") (CONT'D.)

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

16. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investments to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 2.84 times (2023: 0.42 times).

17. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, substantially all of the Fund's investments are made in the form of fixed income securities and money market instruments in Malaysia. The Manager is of the opinion that the risk and rewards from these investments are not individually or segmentally distinct and hence the Fund does not have a separately identifiable business or geographical segments.

18. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with brokers for the financial year ended 30 April 2024 are as follows:

Transaction value	
RM	%
050 400 000	24.70
, ,	31.72
165,250,073	20.68
85,915,679	10.76
61,046,992	7.64
57,066,151	7.14
50,967,750	6.38
30,231,832	3.79
28,712,890	3.59
25,713,234	3.22
25,565,840	3.20
15,038,342	1.88
798,934,783	100.00
	253,426,000 165,250,073 85,915,679 61,046,992 57,066,151 50,967,750 30,231,832 28,712,890 25,713,234 25,565,840 15,038,342

^{*} Included in the category of other brokers amounting to RM10,048,782 and RM4,989,560 with related parties, AmBank Islamic Berhad and AmBank (M) Berhad.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

18. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE BROKERS (CONT'D.)

The Manager is of the opinion that the above transactions have been entered into the normal course of business and have been established under terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with independent third parties.

The above transactions are in respect of fixed income instruments and money market deposits. Transactions in these investments do not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2024				
Financial asset				
Cash at banks	-	4,526	-	4,526
Total financial asset	-	4,526	_	4,526
2023 Financial assets				
Investments	258,213,105	_	_	258,213,105
Interest receivables	-	26,458	_	26,458
Deposits with licensed		_0, .00		_0, .00
financial institution	_	23,013,222	-	23,013,222
Cash at banks	-	3,805,097	-	3,805,097
Total financial assets	258,213,105	26,844,777	-	285,057,882
Financial liabilities Amount due to				
Manager Amount due to	-	-	49,739	49,739
Trustee	_	-	9,327	9,327
Distribution payable	-	-	687,103	687,103
Total financial liabilities	-	-	746,169	746,169

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments

	Income, expenses, gains and losses	
	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net (loss)/gain from financial assets at FVTPL Income, of which derived from:	(834,439)	10,617,197
Interest income from financial assets at FVTPLInterest income from financial assets at	1,764,669	8,330,389
amortised cost	407,593	588,057

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2023 Financial assets				
at FVTPL		258,213,105	_	258,213,105

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

- Interest receivables
- Deposits with licensed financial institutions
- Cash at banks
- Amount due to Manager
- Amount due to Trustee
- Distribution payable

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, regulatory risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of investments coupled with stringent compliance to investments restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Market and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk will affect the value of the Fund's investments, given the interest rate movements, which are influenced by regional and local economic developments as well as political developments.

Domestic interest rates on deposits and placements with licensed financial institutions are determined based on prevailing market rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk (cont'd.)

(i) Interest rate risk (cont'd.)

The result below summarised the interest rate sensitivity of the Fund's NAV, or theoretical value due to the parallel movement assumption of the yield curve by +100bps and -100bps respectively:

	Sensitivity of the or the	e Fund's NAV, eoretical value
Parallel shift in yield curve by:	2024 RM	2023 RM
+100 bps -100 bps	- -	(12,392,520) 13,240,063

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund can invest up to 100% of the NAV in fixed income instruments. As such the Fund would be exposed to the risk of bond issuers and licensed financial institutions defaulting on its repayment obligations which in turn would affect the NAV of the Fund.

(i) Credit quality of financial assets

The following table analyses the Fund's portfolio of debt securities by rating category as at 30 April 2023:

redit rating R		As a % of debt securities	As a % of NAV
2023 NR	258,213,105	100.00	90.82

Cash at banks are held for liquidity purposes and are not exposed to significant credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(b) Credit risk (cont'd.)

(ii) Credit risk concentration

Concentration of risk is monitored and managed based on sectorial distribution. The table below analyses the Fund's portfolio of debt securities by sectorial distribution as at 30 April 2023:

Sector	RM	As a % of debt securities	As a % of NAV
Financial services	38,429,742	14.88	13.52
Public finance	200,543,312	77.67	70.53
Transportation	19,240,051	7.45	6.77
	258,213,105	100.00	90.82

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holder. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The following table presents the undiscounted contractual cash flows from different financial assets and financial liabilities classes in the Fund:

	Contractual cash flows (undiscounted)					
	0 – 1	1 – 2	2 – 3	3 – 4	4 – 5	More than
	year	years	years	years	years	5 years
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
2024						
Financial asset						
Cash at banks	4,526	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial asset	4,526	-	-	-	-	-
2023						
Financial assets						
Investments	9,061,865	38,538,665	17,880,718	17,509,400	47,690,295	180,327,683
Interest receivables	26,458	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits with licensed financial institution	23,217,901	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at banks	3,805,097	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	36,111,321	38,538,665	17,880,718	17,509,400	47,690,295	180,327,683
Financial liabilities						
Amount due to Manager	49,739	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due to Trustee	9,327	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution payable	687,103	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	746,169	-	-	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(d) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

(e) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

(f) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with the respective internal policies, the Deed and its Supplemental Deed, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

21. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Fund's capital management is to ensure that it maximises unit holder's value by expanding its fund size to benefit from economies of scale and achieving growth in NAV from the performance of its investments.

The Fund manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund may issue new or bonus units or make distribution payment.

No changes were made in the objective, policies or processes during the financial years ended 30 April 2024 and 30 April 2023.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Goh Wee Peng, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmBond Select 1 (the "Fund") as at 30 April 2024 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

GOH WEE PENG

Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 18 June 2024

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

To the unit holders of AMBOND SELECT 1 ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 April 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the Deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deed and any regulatory requirement.

For HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad

Yap Lay Guat Manager, Investment Compliance Monitoring

Kuala Lumpur 18 June 2024

DIRECTORY

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