# **Annual Report for**

# **AmIncome Institutional 5**

31 March 2024





#### TRUST DIRECTORY

#### Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad 9<sup>th</sup> & 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group 55 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

#### **Board of Directors**

Jeyaratnam A/L Tamotharam Pillai Ng Chih Kaye Jas Bir Kaur A/P Lol Singh Arnold Lim Boon Lay Goh Wee Peng

## **Investment Committee**

Arnold Lim Boon Lay Tracy Chen Wee Keng Goh Wee Peng

## **Trustee**

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

# Auditors and Reporting Accountants Ernst & Young PLT

**Taxation Adviser**Deloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

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## **MANAGER'S REPORT**

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of AmIncome Institutional 5 ("Fund") for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

# Salient Information of the Fund

Name	AmIncome Institution	al* 5 ("Fund")				
	*Institutional refers to nature of the investal		histicated Inve	stors of the Fu	nd and not to the	
Category/ Type	Wholesale Fixed Income / Income and to a lesser extent growth					
Objective	The Fund aims to pro	vide regular incor	ne* by investin	g in fixed incor	ne instruments.	
	Note:  *The income could be Any material change Holders' approval.			f the Fund wo	ould require Unit	
Duration	The Fund was established on 23 July 2013 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.					
Performance Benchmark	AmBank Overnight Repurchase Rate ("AMBB") (Available at www.aminvest.com)					
	Note: The risk profile of the Fund is higher than the risk profile of the performance benchmark. The performance benchmark is only a measurement of the Fund's performance and there is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve the performance benchmark in any particular year.					
Income	Income (if any) will be declared monthly.					
Distribution Policy	Note: The income could be in the form of units or cash.					
	Should there be realized income or gains, there may be income distribution declared.					
Breakdown of Unit	For the financial year under review, the size of the Fund stood at 504,616,956 units.					
Holdings by	Size of holding As at 31 March 2024 As at 31 March 2023					
Size		No of units held	Number of unitholders	No of units held	Number of unitholders	
	5,000 and below	-	-	-	-	
	5,001-10,000	-	-	-	-	
	10,001-50,000	-	-	-	-	
	50,001-500,000	-	-	-	-	
	500,001 and above	504,616,956	3	449,523,002	2	
		,				

## Portfolio Composition

Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 31 March are as follows:

	As at 31 March		
	<b>2024</b> %	<b>2023</b> %	2022 %
Corporate bonds	86.85	97.02	92.65
Malaysian Government Securities	0.96	1.09	1.18
Money market deposits & cash			
equivalents	12.19	1.89	6.17
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00

Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.

# Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial years ended 31 March are as follows:

	FYE 2024	FYE 2023	FYE 2022
Net asset value (RM)	528,596,978	453,236,807	425,949,036
Units in circulation	504,616,956	449,523,002	427,698,006
Net asset value per unit (RM)	1.0475	1.0083	0.9959
Highest net asset value per unit (RM)	1.0531	1.0119	1.0289
Lowest net asset value per unit (RM)	1.0085	0.9673	0.9949
Benchmark performance (%)	2.80	2.31	1.66
Total return (%) <sup>(1)</sup>	8.06	4.70	2.57
- Capital growth (%)	4.00	1.36	-1.46
- Income distribution (%)	4.06	3.34	4.03
Gross distribution (sen per unit)	4.09	3.33	4.07
Net distribution (sen per unit)	4.09	3.33	4.07
Total expense ratio (%)(2)	0.10	0.10	0.10
Portfolio turnover ratio (times) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.56	0.57	0.13

## Note:

- (1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees.
- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The decrease in the PTR for 2024 and increase for 2023 were due mainly to investing activities.

# Average Total Return (as at 31 March 2024)

	AmIncome Institutional 5 <sup>(a)</sup>	AMBB <sup>(b)</sup>
One year	8.06	2.80
Three years	5.08	2.25
Five years	5.20	2.30
Ten years	5.38	2.68

#### **Annual Total Return**

Financial Years Ended (31 March)	AmIncome Institutional 5 <sup>(a)</sup>	AMBB <sup>(b)</sup>
	%	%
2024	8.06	2.80
2023	4.70	2.31
2022	2.57	1.66
2021	4.01	1.80
2020	6.74	2.92

- (a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.
- (b) AmBank Overnight Repurchase Rate ("AMBB") (Available at www.aminvest.com)

The Fund performance is calculated based on the net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

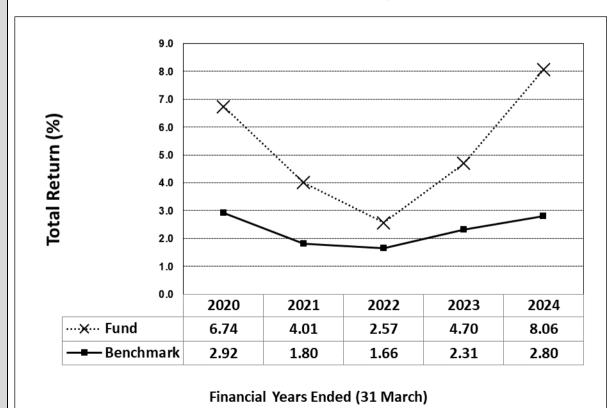
# Fund Performance

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a return of 8.06% comprising of 4.00% capital growth and 4.06% income distributions.

Thus, the Fund's return of 8.06% has outperformed the benchmark's return of 2.80% by 5.26%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 March 2023, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund increased by 3.89% from RM1.0083 to RM1.0475, while units in circulation increased by 12.26% from 449,523,002 units to 504,616,956 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of AmIncome Institutional 5 and its benchmark, AMBB, for the financial years ended 31 March.



	Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.					
Has the Fund achieved its objective?	The Fund has achieved its objective of providing income stream.					
Strategies and Policies Employed	For the financial year under review, the Fund invested 40%-100% of its net asset value (NAV) in fixed income securities and up to 60% of its NAV in money market instruments.					
Portfolio Structure	The table below is the asset allocation of the Fund as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.					
			As at 31.03.2024 %	As at 31.03.2023 %	Changes %	
	Corporate bonds		86.85	97.02	-10.17	
	Malaysian Gover	nment Securities	0.96	1.09	-0.13	
	Money market de				0110	
	equivalents	poons a saon	12.19	1.89	10.30	
	Total		100.00	100.00		
Cross Trade  Distribution/ Unit Splits	There were no cross trades undertaken during the financial year under review.  During the financial year under review, the Fund declared income distributions, detailed as follows:					
	Date of	Distributions	NAV per unit	NAV per		
	distributions	per unit	Cum-Distributio (RM)	ns Ex-Distrib (RM		
	27 Apr 22	RM (sen) 0.46	1.0170	1.012		
	27-Apr-23 28-Jul-23	0.29	1.0340	1.031		
	29-Aug-23	0.59	1.0365	1.030		
	27-Sep-23	0.29	1.0320	1.029		
	30-Oct-23	0.44	1.0228	1.018		
	29-Nov-23	0.38	1.0341	1.030		
	28-Dec-23	0.39	1.0437	1.039		
	30-Jan-24	0.42	1.0476	1.043	34	
	28-Feb-24	0.24	1.0510	1.048	36	
	27-Mar-24	0.59	1.0532	1.047	<b>'</b> 3	
	There is no unit sp	lit declared for the finar	ncial year under rev	riew.		
State of Affairs		neither significant chai t materially affect any				
Rebates and Soft Commission		al year, the managements conducted for the Fo		ot receive soft co	ommissions by	

## Market Review

The domestic bond market experienced a strong year in 2023. It started the year on a positive note, with significant yield movements came after Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) surprising the market with a hold on the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) at 2.75% in January 2023. The market was further supported by concerns over global financial stability stemming from the failures of three United States (US) regional banks and the governmentbrokered takeover of Credit Suisse by UBS in March 2023. However, the subsequent lack of catalyst in the domestic market sent Malaysia Government Securities (MGS) yields to slowly drift higher as global bond market sentiment weakened when the "higher for longer" narrative in US took center stage again. Finally, Malaysia's bond market sentiments took a hit when both 10-year and 30-year US Treasuries (UST) briefly touched the 5.00% psychological level, bringing MGS yields to levels observed at the beginning of the year in October 2023. However, the sentiment in the local bond market swiftly shifted to a positive stance in November 2023, buoyed by rally in UST on the back of a slew of underwhelming macro data releases and the Israel-Hamas crisis. Domestic bond market further rallied in December 2023, tracking UST movements which were driven by aggressive pricing for rate cuts in 2024.

The domestic bond market kicked start the year 2024 with a sell-off amid profit taking as the MGS yields were 4bps to 17bps higher across the yield curve following the strong year-end rally and cautious move ahead of US economic data announcements. As the US Federal Reserve (Fed) pushed back on dovish market expectations of US rate cuts following the 31 January Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) meeting, coupled by the strong US jobs data and higher than expected US inflation prints, the local bond market saw some sell-down in MGS in the belly of the curve. Some buying interest returned to ringgit bonds as US rates began to show some signs of stabilization, however not fully reversing the sell-off in the earlier part of February 2024. As market players lack strong conviction amid subdued market sentiment in the US, the domestic bond market was trading in a tight range of 4-9bps during the month of March.

## Market Outlook

After an encouraging start in the first quarter, the rally in the bond market appears to have slowed. With bond yield spreads having compressed and the curve bullish flattened, valuations appear to be rich currently although liquidity has not dissipated on continued demand from local investors.

We adopt a more cautious view in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter ahead, paying closer attention to economic data emanating from both the domestic economy and the US with growing concerns that the US Fed may not start cutting rates as anticipated given the still-elevated inflation and strong labour market in the US. The good news is that recent volatility in the US market has not significantly affected the sentiment in the Malaysian bond market amid strong institutional demand. We expect BNM to remain on hold with the OPR at 3.0% while inflation continues to stay below the policy rate of 3.0%.

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AmFunds Management Berhad

24 May 2024

# Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmIncome Institutional 5

## Report on the audit of the financial statements

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AmIncome Institutional 5 (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 10 to 41.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

#### Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

# Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Amincome Institutional 5 (cont'd.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

# Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Amincome Institutional 5 (cont'd.)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with the approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Amincome Institutional 5 (cont'd.)

#### Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Ng Sue Ean No. 03276/07/2024 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 May 2024

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
ASSETS			
Investments Deposits with licensed financial institutions Cash at bank TOTAL ASSETS	4 5	464,180,650 64,455,395 11,182 528,647,227	444,660,609 8,614,649 11,130 453,286,388
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Sundry payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES	6 7	28,541 13,408 8,300 50,249	25,952 15,329 8,300 49,581
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		528,596,978	453,236,807
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital Retained earnings NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO	9(a) 9(b)(c)	505,553,225 23,043,753	448,909,447 4,327,360
UNIT HOLDERS	9	528,596,978	453,236,807
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9(a)	504,616,956	449,523,002
NAV PER UNIT (RM)	•	1.0475	1.0083

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest income Net gains from investments: - Financial assets at fair value through profit or		22,280,615	19,114,727
loss ("FVTPL")	8	16,776,488	1,617,916
,		39,057,103	20,732,643
EXPENDITURE			
Manager's fee	6	(299,328)	(259,201)
Trustee's fee	7	(173,808)	(172,801)
Audit fee		(5,000)	(5,000)
Tax agent's fee		(3,300)	(3,300)
Custodian's fee		(2,027)	(2,033)
Other expenses		(3,469)	(2,537)
		(486,932)	(444,872)
Net income before taxation Taxation	11	38,570,171	20,287,771
Net income after taxation, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year		38,570,171	20,287,771
Total comprehensive income comprises the following:			
Realised income		25,876,669	14,773,131
Unrealised gains		12,693,502	5,514,640
		38,570,171	20,287,771
Distributions for the financial year			
Net distributions	12	19,853,778	14,643,443
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	12	4.09	3.33
Net distributions per unit (sen)	12	4.09	3.33

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

			Retained earnings/	
	Note	Unit holders' capital RM	(Accumulated losses)	Total equity RM
At 1 April 2023 Total comprehensive income		448,909,447	4,327,360	453,236,807
for the financial year		-	38,570,171	38,570,171
Creation of units	9(a)	36,790,000	-	36,790,000
Reinvestment of distributions	9(a)	19,853,778	-	19,853,778
Distributions	12	<u> </u>	(19,853,778)	(19,853,778)
Balance at 31 March 2024		505,553,225	23,043,753	528,596,978
At 1 April 2022 Total comprehensive income		427,266,004	(1,316,968)	425,949,036
for the financial year		-	20,287,771	20,287,771
Creation of units	9(a)	7,000,000	-	7,000,000
Reinvestment of distributions	9(a)	14,643,443	-	14,643,443
Distributions	12		(14,643,443)	(14,643,443)
Balance at 31 March 2023		448,909,447	4,327,360	453,236,807

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Interest received Manager's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Tax agent's fee paid Custodian's fee paid Payments for other expenses Net cash generated from/(used in) operating and investing activities		275,037,150 (278,179,100) 22,679,012 (296,739) (175,729) (3,300) (2,027) (8,469)	224,609,250 (268,213,850) 19,342,143 (257,882) (172,019) (3,300) (2,033) (7,537) (24,705,228)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Proceeds from creation of units  Net cash generated from financing activity		36,790,000 36,790,000	7,000,000 7,000,000
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		55,840,798 <u>8,625,779</u>	(17,705,228) 26,331,007
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Deposits with licensed financial institutions Cash at bank	5	64,466,577 64,455,395 11,182 64,466,577	8,625,779 8,614,649 11,130 8,625,779

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmIncome Institutional 5 (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 30 May 2013 as amended by Deeds supplemental thereto (the "Deeds"), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee and the unit holders.

The Fund aims to provide regular income by investing in fixed income instruments. As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 31 March and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 23 July 2013.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 24 May 2024.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

## Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
1 January 2023

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

#### Standards issued but not yet effective

The amendments to standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and	
Leaseback*	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows and MFRS 7	
Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in Foreign	
Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*	Deferred
or resolution are invested and he resolution of some venture	Deletted

<sup>\*</sup> These Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

## 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

## (i) Interest income

For all interest-bearing financial assets, interest income is calculated using the effective interest method. Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The calculation takes into account all contractual terms of the financial instrument and includes any fees or incremental costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the effective interest rate, but not future credit losses.

Once the recorded value of a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been reduced due to an impairment loss, interest income continues to be recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

## (ii) Gain or loss on disposal of investments

On disposal of investments, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### 3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

#### 3.4 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

# 3.5 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings and realised income. Realised income is the income earned from interest income and net gain on disposal of investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

## 3.6 Unit holders' capital

The unit holders' capital of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and is classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation ("MFRS 132")*.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

### 3.7 Financial assets – initial recognition and measurement

## (i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

#### (ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

### (iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

#### 3.8 Financial assets - classification and subsequent measurement

The classification and subsequent measurement of debt instruments held by the Fund are determined based on their business model and cash flow characteristics.

#### Business model

The business model reflects how the Fund manages the financial assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Fund's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets, or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. the financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of "other" business model. Factors considered by the Fund in determining the business model for a portfolio of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, and how risks are assessed and managed.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.8 Financial assets – classification and subsequent measurement (cont'd.)

#### Cash flow characteristics

Where the business model is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Fund assesses whether the financial assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI"). In making this assessment, the Fund considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e. interest includes only consideration for time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are SPPI.

#### 3.9 Financial assets under MFRS 9

#### Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified date to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

#### Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial asset. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.9 Financial assets under MFRS 9 (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Interest earned element of such instrument is recorded in "Interest income".

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

#### 3.10 Financial liabilities - classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holders. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

#### 3.11 Derecognition of financial instruments

### (i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either:
  - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

## (ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

#### 3.13 Determination of fair value

For investments in local fixed income securities, nominal value is the face value of the securities and fair value is determined based on the indicative prices from Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. plus accrued interest, which includes the accretion of discount and amortisation of premium. Adjusted cost of investments relates to the purchased cost plus accrued interest, adjusted for amortisation of premium and accretion of discount, if any, calculated over the period from the date of acquisition to the date of maturity of the respective securities as approved by the Manager and the Trustee. The difference between adjusted cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss. Unrealised gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are not distributable in nature.

## 3.14 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

### 3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its investments as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investments in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holder's cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. INVESTMENTS

					2024 RM	2023 RM
Financial a	ssets at F	<b>VTPL</b>				
At nominal	value:					
Corporate	e bonds				427,200,000	420,700,000
Malaysiar	n Governme	ent Securit	ies		5,000,000	5,000,000
				_	432,200,000	425,700,000
At fair value	7.					
Corporate					459,084,887	439,740,508
•	n Governme	ent Securit	ies		5,095,763	4,920,101
					464,180,650	444,660,609
<b>5</b>				_		
Details of in	ivestments	as at 31 N	larch 2024 are as	s follows:		
						Fair
						value as a
Maturity		Credit	Nominal	Fair	Adjusted	percentage
date	Issuer	rating	value	value	cost	of NAV
			RM	RM	RM	%
Corporate	bonds					
28.11.2025	ANIH					
20.11.2020	Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,173,934	5,269,188	0.98
27.02.2026			2,222,222	2,112,221	-,,	
	Resourc	es				
	Corporat	tion				
	Berhad	AA	3,000,000	3,049,837	3,015,506	0.58
04.08.2026						
	Malaysia					
	Berhad	NR*	1,000,000	1,026,202	1,009,309	0.19
15.09.2026		in				
	Energy Sdn. Bho	٧ ٧ ١	F 000 000	E 400 000	F 007 00F	0.07
11.12.2026			5,000,000	5,102,836	5,097,935	0.97
11.12.2020	Resourc					
	Berhad	AA	10,000,000	10,266,267	10,227,056	1.94
16.03.2027			10,000,000	10,200,201	10,227,000	1.54
1010012021	Energy					
	Sdn. Bho	d. AA	500,000	511,983	513,487	0.10
18.05.2027	Encorp					
	Systemb	oilt				
	Sdn. Bho		5,000,000	5,334,084	5,201,841	1.01
28.05.2027	Exsim Cap	oital				
	Resourc					
	Berhad	AA	10,000,000	10,299,612	10,216,898	1.95

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Maturity	c	credit	Nominal	Fair	Adjusted	Fair value as a percentage
_	suer r	ating	value RM	value RM	cost RM	of NAV
Corporate bo	nds (cont'	d.)				
03.09.2027 Y	ΓL Power Internation	al				
	Berhad	AA	10,000,000	10,421,156	10,074,702	1.97
28.09.2027 RI	HB Bank		-,,	-, ,	-,- , -	-
	Berhad	AA	10,000,000	10,166,816	10,003,616	1.92
12.11.2027 M	MC					
	Corporation					
	Berhad	AA	9,000,000	9,796,040	9,273,836	1.85
18.11.2027 Er	-					
	Systembilt		<b>5</b> 000 000	5 070 005	5 000 004	4.00
	Sdn. Bhd.	AA	5,000,000	5,372,895	5,223,031	1.02
03.12.2027 Jii	nan ⊑ası Power					
	Sdn. Bhd.	AA	3,000,000	3,201,128	3,251,943	0.61
05.01.2028 Ed		$\Lambda\Lambda$	3,000,000	3,201,120	3,231,343	0.01
	Sdn. Bhd.	AA	5,000,000	5,417,749	5,144,839	1.02
28.04.2028 O			0,000,000	<b>5</b> , , <b>5</b>	3,111,000	
	Bond					
	Sdn. Bhd.	AA	15,000,000	15,561,333	15,086,188	2.94
05.07.2028 A	EON					
	Co. (M)					
	Bhd.	AA	5,000,000	5,147,408	5,052,558	0.97
10.08.2028 Ed						
	Capital		40,000,000	40 405 000	40.000.007	4.07
24.08.2028 Y	Berhad	AA	10,000,000	10,425,638	10,206,237	1.97
	i L Power Internation	al				
	Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,248,675	5,179,957	0.99
04.09.2028 A			0,000,000	0,240,070	0,170,007	0.55
	Service (M					
	Berhad `	ÂA	5,000,000	5,111,342	5,030,728	0.97
15.09.2028 Pe	erbadanan					
	Kemajuan					
	Negeri					
	Selangor	AA	5,000,000	5,122,910	5,058,918	0.97
12.10.2028 M	•					
	Cement	۸ ۸	45.000.000	45.054.400	45 000 00 1	0.00
	Berhad	AA	15,000,000	15,854,168	15,382,684	3.00

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

						Fair value as a
Maturity date	Issuer	Credit rating	Nominal value RM	Fair value RM	Adjusted cost RM	percentage of NAV %
Corporate	bonds (co	nt'd.)				
24.11.2028	3 Manjung Island Energy					
24.11.2028	Berhad 3 Tenaga Nasiona	AAA	5,000,000	5,253,383	5,094,882	0.99
12.02.2029	Berhad	AAA	5,000,000	5,098,560	4,928,860	0.96
	Simpana Nasiona	l	F 000 000	E 040 225	E 004 E7E	0.05
30.03.2029	Berhad YTL Powe Internation		5,000,000	5,040,225	5,024,575	0.95
06.04.2029	Berhad MMC Port		5,000,000	5,181,227	5,008,720	0.98
20.04.2029	Holdings Sdn. Bho S P Setia		3,000,000	3,149,947	3,116,735	0.60
	Berhad Bakun Hyd Power Generati		5,000,000	5,260,246	5,130,576	1.00
30.11.2029	Sdn. Bho MMC	d. AAA	5,000,000	5,200,734	5,044,318	0.98
03.05.2030	Corporati Berhad UDA	tion AA	15,000,000	16,281,409	15,900,787	3.08
21.06.2030	Holdings Berhad	S AA	4,000,000	4,174,928	4,095,930	0.79
	Berhad ) Edra Energ	AA	12,000,000	12,492,940	12,179,001	2.36
	Sdn. Bho I Edra Energ	d. AA	18,000,000	20,291,173	19,017,215	3.84
27.03.2031	Sdn. Bh	· ·	5,000,000	5,679,645	5,189,254	1.07
	Berhad	AAA	5,000,000	5,002,710	5,002,760	0.95

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

						Fair
Maturity date	Issuer	Credit rating	Nominal value RM	Fair value RM	Adjusted cost RM	value as a percentage of NAV %
Corporate	e bonds (co	ont'd.)				
16.03.203	2 Tanjung E Energy					
21 04 203	Sdn. Bł 2 S P Setia		20,000,000	21,210,562	21,130,595	4.01
	Berhad 2 TNB Pow	AA	10,000,000	10,661,026	10,211,726	2.02
021001200	Genera		13,400,000	14,311,914	13,605,332	2.71
27.07.203	2 Sarawak Petche		10, 100,000	11,011,011	10,000,002	2.7 1
09.09.203	Sdn. Bł	nd. AAA	1,900,000	2,068,872	1,916,758	0.39
00.00.200	Malaysi Sdn. Bł		5,000,000	5,209,410	5,013,060	0.99
12.01.203		aya	0,000,000	0,200,410	0,010,000	0.00
22.02.203	Berhad 3 Petroleun Sarawa Explora & Prodi	AAA n ık ıtion	5,000,000	5,345,625	5,141,141	1.01
06 07 203		nd. AAA	3,000,000	3,155,396	3,025,701	0.60
	ration 3 OSK Rate Bond	AAA	5,000,000	5,263,591	5,052,241	1.00
30.01.203	Sdn. Bł 4 TNB Wes	stern	10,000,000	10,346,578	10,042,371	1.96
27.03.203	Islamic	AAA	5,000,000	5,572,810	5,336,925	1.06
23.06.203			10,000,000	10,005,558	10,005,658	1.89
	Corpora Berhad		5,000,000	5,258,223	5,091,225	0.99

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Maturity date	Issuer	Credit rating	Nominal value RM	Fair value RM	Adjusted cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
Corporate	bonds (cor	nt'd.)				
12.01.203	5 Projek Lebuhray Usahasa Berhad		5,000,000	5,420,733	5 070 725	1.03
11.11.203		AAA	5,000,000	5,420,733	5,070,735	1.03
	Corporati					
02.06.203	Berhad 7 TNB Power Generation		25,000,000	27,839,808	26,248,858	5.27
30.06.203	Sdn. Bhd 7 Tenaga Nasional		8,400,000	9,393,169	8,538,301	1.78
06.10.203	Berhad 8 Solarpack	AAA	5,000,000	5,695,795	5,256,794	1.08
26.10.203	Sungai P Sdn. Bhd 8 SM I		2,500,000	2,759,042	2,587,399	0.52
	Sdn. Bhd 9 1Malaysia	I. AAA	14,500,000	15,609,183	14,793,123	2.95
28.06.204	•	NR*	20,000,000	23,908,958	21,861,216	4.52
	Nasional Berhad	AAA	20,000,000	24,329,493	21,448,892	4.60
Total corp	oorate bonds		427,200,000	459,084,886	440,632,121	86.85
Malaysian Government Securities						
	6 Governmer Malaysia		5,000,000	5,095,764	5,085,642	0.96
Total Mala Govern	aysian ment Securi	ties	5,000,000	5,095,764	5,085,642	0.96
Total fina FVTPL	ncial assets	at	432,200,000	464,180,650	445,717,763	87.81
Excess of adjusted	fair value o d cost	ver	_	18,462,887		

<sup>\*</sup> Non-rated

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

5.

The weighted average effective yield on investments are as follows:

	2024	Effective yield 2023
	%	%
Corporate bonds	4.20 3.41	4.64 3.89
Malaysian Government Securities	3.41	3.09
Analysis of the remaining maturities of investments as at 31 Mar follows:	ch 2024 and 31 Ma	rch 2023 are as
	1 year to	More than
	5 years RM	5 years RM
2024		
At nominal value:	404 500 000	005 700 000
Corporate bonds  Malaysian Government Securities	161,500,000 5,000,000	265,700,000
Malaysian Government Geodifiles	3,000,000	
2023		
At nominal value:	400 000 000	244 700 000
Corporate bonds Malaysian Government Securities	109,000,000	311,700,000 5,000,000
Malaysian Government Geodifiles		3,000,000
DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		
	2024	2023
	RM	RM
At nominal value:		
Short-term deposit	64,439,000	8,614,000
·	, ,	
At carrying value:	04.455.005	0.044.040
Short-term deposit	64,455,395	8,614,649

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 5. DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONT'D.)

Details of deposits with licensed financial institutions are as follows:

Maturity date	Financial institutions	Nominal value RM	Carrying value RM	Carrying value as a percentage of NAV %
2024 Short-tern	n deposits			
01.04.2024	4 CIMB Bank Berhad	12,967,000	12,970,197	2.45
01.04.2024	4 Hong Leong Bank Berhad	10,442,000	10,444,575	1.98
01.04.2024	4 Malayan Banking Berhad	41,030,000	41,040,623	7.76
		64,439,000	64,455,395	12.19

The weighted average effective interest rate and weighted average remaining maturities of short-term deposits are as follows:

	Weighted average effective interest rate		Weighted average remaining maturities	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	%	%	Day	Days
Short-term deposits	3.10	2.75	1	3

### 6. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

	2024 RM	2023 RM
<b>Due to Manager</b> Manager's fee payable	28,541	25,952

Manager's fee is at a rate of 0.06% (2023: 0.06%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Manager's fee payable is one month.

## 7. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.04% (2023: 0.04%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 8. NET GAINS FROM INVESTMENTS

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net gains on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:  - Net realised gain/(loss) on sale of investments  - Net unrealised gains on changes in fair value of	4,082,986	(3,896,724)
investments	12,693,502	5,514,640
	16,776,488	1,617,916

# 9. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity is represented by:

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
Unit holders' capital Retained earnings	(a)	505,553,225	448,909,447
<ul><li>Realised income/(loss)</li><li>Unrealised gains</li></ul>	(c) (b)	4,580,866 18,462,887	(1,442,025) 5,769,385
		528,596,978	453,236,807

# (a) Unit holders' capital/units in circulation

	202	4	2023		
	Number of units	RM	Number of units	RM	
At beginning of the					
financial year	449,523,002	448,909,447	427,698,006	427,266,004	
Creation during the					
financial year	35,873,701	36,790,000	7,036,591	7,000,000	
Reinvestment of					
distributions	19,220,253	19,853,778	14,788,405	14,643,443	
At end of the financial					
year	504,616,956	505,553,225	449,523,002	448,909,447	

# (b) Realised - distributable

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At beginning of the financial year Net realised income for the financial year Distributions out of realised income (Note 12) At end of the financial year	(1,442,025) 25,876,669 (19,853,778) 4,580,866	(1,571,713) 14,773,131 (14,643,443) (1,442,025)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 9. TOTAL EQUITY (CONT'D.)

# (c) Unrealised - non-distributable

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At beginning of the financial year	5,769,385	254,745
Net unrealised gains for the financial year	12,693,502	5,514,640
At end of the financial year	18,462,887	5,769,385

#### 10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

# Related parties Relationships

AmFunds Management Berhad AmInvestment Bank Berhad AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB") Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB as disclosed in its financial statements The Manager
Holding company of the Manager
Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associate companies of the
ultimate holding company of the Manager

	202	2024		23
	Number of units	RM	Number of units	RM
AmMetLife Insurance Berhad*	474,160,886	496,683,528^	449,523,002	453,236,807^

<sup>\*</sup> The related party is the legal and beneficial owner of the units. The Manager did not hold any units in the Fund as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

## 11. TAXATION

Income tax payable is calculated on investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

<sup>^</sup> The price is according to NAV per unit as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 11. TAXATION (CONT'D.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net income before taxation	38,570,171	20,287,771
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%) Tax effects of:	9,256,841	4,869,065
Income not subject to tax	(9,389,410)	(5,914,218)
Losses not allowed for tax deduction	15,705	938,384
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	65,740	57,099
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	43,819	43,326
Permitted expenses not used and not available for		
future financial years	7,305	6,344
Tax expense for the financial years		<u>-</u>

## 12. DISTRIBUTIONS

Details of distributions to unit holders for the financial years are as follows:

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	4.09	3.33
Net distributions per unit (sen)	4.09	3.33

# Financial year ended 31 March 2024

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit RM (sen)	Net distributions per unit RM (sen)	Total distributions RM
27 April 2023	0.46	0.46	2,067,806
28 July 2023	0.29	0.29	1,394,826
29 August 2023	0.59	0.59	2,845,730
27 September 2023	0.29	0.29	1,406,756
30 October 2023	0.44	0.44	2,140,403
29 November 2023	0.38	0.38	1,856,517
28 December 2023	0.39	0.39	1,912,400
30 January 2024	0.42	0.42	2,067,232
28 February 2024	0.24	0.24	1,201,546
27 March 2024	0.59	0.59	2,960,562
	4.09	4.09	19,853,778

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 12. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D.)

Details of distributions to unit holders for the financial years are as follows: (cont'd.)

## Financial year ended 31 March 2023

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit RM (sen)	Net distributions per unit RM (sen)	Total distributions RM
28 April 2022	0.28	0.28	1,197,555
30 May 2022	0.12	0.12	514,714
28 July 2022	0.08	0.08	343,564
29 August 2022	0.28	0.28	1,203,446
29 September 2022	0.35	0.35	1,533,171
28 October 2022	0.34	0.34	1,494,717
29 November 2022	0.29	0.29	1,279,366
29 December 2022	0.38	0.38	1,681,366
30 January 2023	0.37	0.37	1,643,399
27 February 2023	0.33	0.33	1,471,127
30 March 2023	0.51	0.51	2,281,018
	3.33	3.33	14,643,443
		2024 RM	2023 RM
Total amount available for distributions	_	4,580,866	<u>-</u>

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

## 13. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2024 % p.a.	2023 % p.a.
	/6 <b>μ.α.</b>	70 <b>p.a.</b>
Manager's fee	0.06	0.06
Trustee's fee	0.04	0.04
Fund's other expenses	_*	_*
Total TER	0.10	0.10

<sup>\*</sup> represents less than 0.01%

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investments to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 0.56 times (2023: 0.57 times).

#### 15. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, substantially all of the Fund's investments are made in the form of fixed income securities and money market instruments in Malaysia. The Manager is of the opinion that the risk and rewards from these investments are not individually or segmentally distinct and hence the Fund does not have a separately identifiable business or geographical segments.

#### 16. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with brokers for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 are as follows:

	Transaction value	
	RM	%
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	6,261,052,975	53.33
CIMB Bank Berhad	3,371,375,208	28.71
Malayan Banking Berhad	899,658,890	7.66
RHB Bank Berhad	847,193,000	7.22
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	104,429,283	0.89
JP Morgan Securities (M) Sdn Bhd	92,577,336	0.79
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Bhd.	41,951,150	0.36
AmBank (M) Berhad*	34,500,000	0.29
Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad	22,851,710	0.19
CITI Bank (M) Bhd	20,250,690	0.17
Other brokers#	45,442,809	0.39
Total	11,741,283,051	100.00

<sup>\*</sup> Financial institutions related to the Manager.

# Included in the category of other brokers are transactions amounting to RM15,004,500 with a related party, AmBank Islamic Berhad.

The Manager is of the opinion that the above transactions have been entered into normal course of business and have been established under terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with independent third parties.

The above transactions are in respect of fixed income instruments and money market deposits. Transactions in these investments do not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# (a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2024				
Financial assets				
Investments Deposits with licensed financial	464,180,650	-	-	464,180,650
institutions	_	64,455,395	_	64,455,395
Cash at bank	-	11,182	-	11,182
Total financial		·		·
assets	464,180,650	64,466,577	-	528,647,227
Financial liabilities Amount due to				
Manager Amount due to	-	-	28,541	28,541
Trustee	-	-	13,408	13,408
Total financial liabilities	-	-	41,949	41,949
2023 Financial assets				
Investments Deposits with licensed financial	444,660,609	-	-	444,660,609
institutions	_	8,614,649	_	8,614,649
Cash at bank	-	11,130	-	11,130
Total financial assets	444,660,609	8,625,779		453,286,388

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

### (a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2023 (cont'd.) Financial liabilities Amount due				
to Manager Amount due to	-	-	25,952	25,952
Trustee	-	-	15,329	15,329
Total financial liabilities	-	-	41,281	41,281
			Income, exp 2024 RM	penses, gains and losses 2023 RM
Net gains from financi		L	16,776,488	1,617,916
<ul> <li>Interest income from</li> <li>Interest income from</li> </ul>	financial assets a		20,853,175	18,584,786
amortised cost	i iii ai loidi doocto c	••	1,427,440	529,941

### (b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

### (b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value (cont'd.)

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the level of the fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 RM		Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM	
2024 Financial assets at FVTPL	_	464,180,650	_	464,180,650	
2023 Financial assets at FVTPL	-	444,660,609	-	444,660,609	

## (c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

- Deposits with licensed financial institutions
- Cash at bank
- Amount due to Manager
- Amount due to Trustee

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

#### 18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of Shariah-compliant investments coupled with stringent compliance to Shariah-compliant investments restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Market and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes and Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Islamic Capital Market Products and the Deed as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### 18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### (a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

#### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk will affect the value of the Fund's investments, given the interest rate movements, which are influenced by regional and local economic developments as well as political developments.

Domestic interest rates on deposits and placements with a licensed financial institution are determined based on prevailing market rates.

The result below summarised the interest rate sensitivity of the Fund's NAV, or theoretical value due to the parallel movement assumption of the yield curve by +100bps and -100bps respectively:

Percentage shift in yield	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV, or theoretical value			
curve by:	2024 RM	2023 RM		
+100 bps -100 bps	(27,646,879) 30,198,113	(29,131,976) 32,197,077		

## (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund can invest up to 100% of the NAV in fixed income instruments. As such the Fund would be exposed to the risk of bond issuers and financial institutions defaulting on its repayment obligations which in turn would affect the NAV of the Fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### 18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

### (b) Credit risk (cont'd.)

## (i) Credit quality of financial assets

The following table analyses the Fund's portfolio of debt securities by rating category as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

		As a % of debt	As a % of
Credit rating	RM	securities	NAV
2024			
AAA	131,767,751	28.39	24.93
AA	302,381,975	65.14	57.21
NR	30,030,924	6.47	5.67
	464,180,650	100.00	87.81
2023			
AAA	202,470,332	45.54	44.67
AA	212,918,864	47.88	46.98
NR	29,271,413	6.58	6.46
	444,660,609	100.00	98.11

#### (ii) Credit risk concentration

For deposits with licensed financial institutions, the Fund only makes placements with financial institutions with sound rating. The following table presents the Fund's portfolio of deposits by rating category as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

Credit rating	RM	As a % of deposits	As a % of NAV
<b>2024</b> P1/MARC-1	64,455,395	100.00	12.19
<b>2023</b> P1/MARC-1	8,614,649	100.00	1.90

Cash at bank is held for liquidity purposes and is not exposed to significant credit risk.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

## (b) Credit risk (cont'd.)

Concentration of risk is monitored and managed based on sectorial distribution. The table below analyses the Fund's portfolio of debt securities by sectorial distribution as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

		As a % of	
		debt	As a % of
Sector	RM	securities	NAV
2024			
Communications services	5,209,410	1.12	0.99
Consumer discretionary	5,147,408	1.11	0.97
Energy and utilities	213,812,516	46.06	40.44
Financial services	55,892,530	12.04	10.57
Industrials	15,854,168	3.42	3.00
Public administration	34,268,313	7.38	6.48
Real estate	87,802,415	18.92	16.62
Transportation and storage	46,193,890	9.95	8.74
	464,180,650	100.00	87.81
2023			
Construction and engineering	20,441,088	4.60	4.51
Diversified holdings	29,526,942	6.64	6.51
Financial services	27,832,008	6.26	6.14
Industrial products	28,002,312	6.30	6.18
Infrastructures and utilities	266,098,431	59.84	58.71
Mining and petroleum	19,951,793	4.49	4.40
Property and real estate	18,429,617	4.14	4.07
Public finance	33,351,452	7.50	7.36
Transportation	1,026,966	0.23	0.23
	444,660,609	100.00	98.11

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

## (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise of deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

The following table presents the undiscounted contractual cash flows from different financial assets and financial liabilities classes in the Fund:

	Contractual cash flows (undiscounted)					
	0 – 1	1 – 2	2 – 3	3 – 4	4 – 5	More than
	year	years	years	years	years	5 years
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
2024						
Financial assets						
Investments	22,039,442	30,011,454	43,103,223	76,877,816	96,428,253	347,118,754
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	64,455,395	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at bank	11,182	-				-
Total financial assets	86,506,019	30,011,454	43,103,223	76,877,816	96,428,253	347,118,754
Financial liabilities						
Amount due to Manager	28,541	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due to Trustee	13,408	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	41,949	-	-	-	_	-
•						

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

## (c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The following table presents the undiscounted contractual cash flows from different financial assets and financial liabilities classes in the Fund: (cont'd.)

	Contractual cash flows (undiscounted)					
	0 – 1	1 – 2	2 – 3	3 – 4	4 – 5	More than
	year RM	years RM	years RM	years RM	years RM	5 years RM
2023						
Financial assets						
Investments	21,744,411	21,661,205	39,388,411	39,224,693	90,833,480	418,145,970
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	8,615,947	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at bank	11,130	<u>-</u>	_	-	-	
Total financial assets	30,371,488	21,661,205	39,388,411	39,224,693	90,833,480	418,145,970
Financial liabilities						
Amount due to Manager	25,952	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due to Trustee	15,329		_			_
Total financial liabilities	41,281	-	-	-	-	-

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### 18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

### (d) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

#### (e) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

## (f) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with their respective internal policies, the Deed and its Supplemental Deed, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

The specific risks associated to the Target Fund include market risk, securities risk, emerging market risk, settlement and credit risks, regulatory and accounting standards risks, political risk, custody risk and liquidity risk.

#### 19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Fund's capital management is to ensure that it maximises unit holders' value by expanding its fund size to benefit from economies of scale and achieving growth in NAV from the performance of its investments.

The Fund manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund may issue new or bonus units or make distribution payment.

No changes were made in the objective, policies or processes during the financial years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

#### STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Goh Wee Peng, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmIncome Institutional 5 (the "Fund") as at 31 March 2024 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

**GOH WEE PENG**Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 May 2024

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT

## TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF AMINCOME INSTITUTIONAL 5 ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

**Ng Hon Leong** Head, Fund Operations Sylvia Beh Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 24 May 2024

#### **DIRECTORY**

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For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),

Friday (8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.)

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