

Annual Report for

AmIncome Management

31 July 2024



AmInvest

Growing Your Investments in a Changing World

TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad
9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group
55 Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur

Board of Directors

Jeyaratnam A/L Tamotharam Pillai
Ng Chih Kaye
Jas Bir Kaur A/P Lol Singh
Arnold Lim Boon Lay
Goh Wee Peng

Investment Committee

Arnold Lim Boon Lay
Tracy Chen Wee Keng
Goh Wee Peng

Trustee

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Auditors and Reporting Accountants

Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation Adviser

Deloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

CONTENTS

- 1** Manager's Report
- 6** Independent Auditor's Report to the Unit holders
- 10** Statement of Financial Position
- 11** Statement of Comprehensive Income
- 12** Statement of Changes in Equity
- 13** Statement of Cash Flows
- 14** Notes to the Financial Statements
- 39** Statement by the Manager
- 40** Trustee's Report
- 41** Directory

MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of AmIncome Management ("Fund") for the financial year ended 31 July 2024.

Salient Information of the Fund

Name	AmIncome Management ("Fund")
Category/Type	Fixed Income / Income
Objective	<p>The Fund is a fixed income fund which aims to provide income* and liquidity** over the short to medium-term.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> * Income distribution (if any) will be reinvested. ** Liquidity means that investor may receive their withdrawal proceeds within 2 Business Days after redemption application is received by the Manager on or before the cut-off time. Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.</p>
Duration	The Fund was established on 2 December 2013 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.
Performance Benchmark	<p>AmBank (M) Berhad 12-months conventional fixed deposit rate ("AMBB"). (Available at www.aminvest.com)</p> <p><i>Note: The risk profile of the Fund's investment is higher than the risk profile of the performance benchmark and consequently, the Fund is expected to outperform the performance benchmark.</i></p>
Income Distribution Policy	Subject to availability of income, distribution is paid at least twice every year and will be reinvested.

Fund Performance Data

Portfolio Composition	Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 31 July are as follows:			
		As at 31 July		
		2024	2023	2022
		%	%	%
	Corporate bonds	72.80	74.08	66.14
	Cagamas bond	-	10.35	8.85
Money market deposits and cash equivalents	27.20	15.57	25.01	
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	<i>Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.</i>			

Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial years ended 31 July are as follows:

	FYE 2024	FYE 2023	FYE 2022
Net asset value (RM)	9,919,208	193,292,567	224,124,869
Units in circulation	9,677,159	181,231,343	210,596,757
Net asset value per unit (RM)	1.0250	1.0666	1.0642
Highest net asset value per unit (RM)	1.0696	1.0747	1.0685
Lowest net asset value per unit (RM)	1.0250	1.0626	1.0563
Benchmark performance (%)	2.61	2.41	1.62
Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾	3.61	3.56	1.71
- Capital growth (%)	-3.80	0.27	-0.09
- Income distributions (%)	7.41	3.29	1.80
Gross distributions (sen per unit)	7.9075	3.5000	1.9200
Net distributions (sen per unit)	7.9075	3.5000	1.9200
Total expense ratio (%) ⁽²⁾	0.43	0.42	0.41
Portfolio turnover ratio (times) ⁽³⁾	1.07	0.13	0.45

Note:

- (1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees.
- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The TER increased by 0.01% as compared to 0.42% per annum for the financial year ended 31 July 2023 mainly due to decrease in average fund size.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The increase in the PTR for 2024 and decrease in 2023 were due mainly to investing activities.

Average Total Return (as at 31 July 2024)

	AmIncome Management^(a) %	AMBB^(b) %
One year	3.61	2.61
Three years	2.96	2.21
Five years	3.05	2.15
Ten years	2.75	2.71

Annual Total Return

Financial Years Ended (31 July)	AmIncome Management^(a) %	AMBB^(b) %
2024	3.61	2.61
2023	3.56	2.41
2022	1.71	1.62
2021	2.14	1.55
2020	4.28	2.60

(a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.

(b) AmBank (M) Berhad 12-months conventional fixed deposit rate ("AMBB").
(Available at www.aminvest.com)

The Fund performance is calculated based on the net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

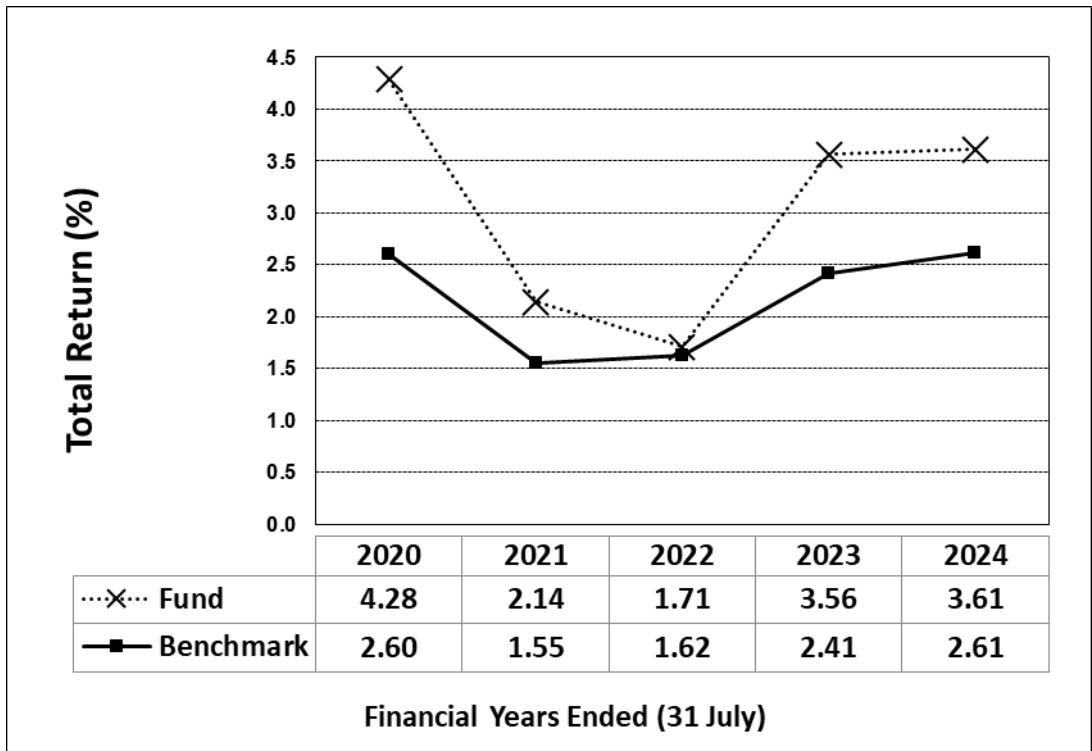
Fund Performance

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a return of 3.61% comprising of negative 3.80% capital and 7.41% income distributions.

Thus, the Fund's return of 3.61% has outperformed the benchmark's return of 2.61% by 1.00%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 July 2023, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund decreased by 3.90% from RM1.0666 to RM1.0250, while units in circulation decreased by 94.66% from 181,231,343 units to 9,677,159 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of AmlIncome Management and its benchmark, AMBB, for the financial years ended 31 July.



Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Strategies and Policies Employed

The Fund invested primarily in fixed income instruments such as sovereign, quasi-sovereign and corporate bonds, accepted bills, negotiable instrument of deposits, repurchase agreement (Repo) and deposits with financial institutions.

Portfolio Structure	The table below is the asset allocation of the Fund as at 31 July 2024 and 31 July 2023.			
		As at 31.07.2024 %	As at 31.07.2023 %	Changes %
	Corporate bonds	72.80	74.08	-1.28
	Cagamas bond	-	10.35	-10.35
	Money market deposits and cash equivalents	27.20	15.57	11.63
	Total	100.00	100.00	
	During the financial year under review, the Fund invested 72.80% of its NAV in corporate bonds and the balance of 27.20% was held in money market deposits and cash equivalents.			
Securities Lending / Repurchase Transactions	The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions (collectively referred to as “securities financing transactions”).			
Cross Trade	There were no cross trades undertaken during the financial year under review.			
Distribution/ Unit Splits	During the financial year under review, the Fund declared income distributions, detailed as follows:			
	Date of distributions	Distributions per unit RM (sen)	NAV per unit Cum-Distributions (RM)	NAV per unit Ex-Distributions (RM)
	30-Aug-23	0.5900	1.0697	1.0638
	29-Sep-23	0.9075	1.0664	1.0573
	31-Oct-23	0.2500	1.0599	1.0574
	29-Dec-23	0.3200	1.0651	1.0619
	31-Jan-24	0.8400	1.0658	1.0574
	29-Feb-24	0.1800	1.0606	1.0588
	29-Mar-24	0.7000	1.0617	1.0547
	30-Apr-24	0.9100	1.0565	1.0474
	31-May-24	1.7200	1.0506	1.0334
	28-Jun-24	0.4900	1.0360	1.0311
	31-Jul-24	1.0000	1.0350	1.0250
	There is no unit split declared for the financial year under review.			
State of Affairs	There has been neither significant changes to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unitholders during the financial year under review.			
Rebates and Soft Commission	During the year, the management company did not receive soft commissions by virtue of transactions conducted for the Fund.			
Market Review	The domestic bond market was volatile during the year under review. The lack of catalyst in the local bond market sent Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) yields to slowly drift higher as global bond market sentiment weakened when the “higher for longer” narrative in United States (US) took center stage again. Both 10-year and 30-year United States Treasuries (UST) briefly touching the 5.00%			

	<p>psychological level in October 2023.</p> <p>However, the sentiment in the local bond market swiftly shifted to a positive stance in November 2023, buoyed by a subsequent rally in UST on the back of a slew of underwhelming macro data releases, the Israel-Hamas crisis and a dovish guidance from the December Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC). The bullish sentiment and strong domestic liquidity continued to lend support to the bond market in 1Q2024 until Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) yields repriced higher in April 2024 following a sell-off in UST on stronger than expected inflation and job data.</p> <p>The sell-off in the local bond market was then reversed, driven by similar movement in the UST. Economic data releases from the US were generally supportive of the bond market, indicating a cooling labour market and a continued disinflation trend. As investors digested comments from Federal Reserve Chair Jerome Powell, who suggested a September rate cut was on the table, along with a jump in US jobless claims, the US 10-year Treasury yield fell below 4% for the first time since February. Overall, the MGS curve ended lower driven by ample domestic liquidity and movement in the UST.</p>
<p>Market Outlook</p>	<p>With The US Fed poised to cut rates as soon as September, we expect further fund flows from offshore investors to intensify in the coming months. This would provide the catalyst for the market to rally further especially on the government bonds market. Market liquidity is expected to remain ample with strong demands on bonds on an extended pause on the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) by Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM).</p>

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
AmFunds Management Berhad

18 September 2024

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmlIncome Management

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AmlIncome Management (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 July 2024, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 10 to 38.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 July 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmlIncome Management (cont'd.)**

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmlIncome Management (cont'd.)**

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with the approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmlIncome Management (cont'd.)**

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT
202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039
Chartered Accountants

Ng Sue Ean
No. 03276/07/2026 J
Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
18 September 2024

AmlIncome Management

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 JULY 2024**

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
ASSETS			
Investments	4	7,221,335	163,192,740
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	5	2,800,238	30,433,515
Amount due from Manager		-	587,292
Cash at bank		11,110	10,762
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>10,032,683</u>	<u>194,224,309</u>
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager	6	5,442	63,373
Amount due to Trustee	7	962	9,908
Distribution payable		96,772	848,163
Sundry payables and accruals		10,299	10,298
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>113,475</u>	<u>931,742</u>
NET ASSET VALUE (“NAV”) OF THE FUND		<u>9,919,208</u>	<u>193,292,567</u>
EQUITY			
Unit holders’ capital	9(a)	(3,017,372)	178,590,952
Retained earnings	9(b)(c)	12,936,580	14,701,615
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	9	<u>9,919,208</u>	<u>193,292,567</u>
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9(a)	<u>9,677,159</u>	<u>181,231,343</u>
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		<u>1.0250</u>	<u>1.0666</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmlIncome Management

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest income		3,585,105	7,535,232
Net gains from investments:			
– Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)	8	<u>378,433</u>	<u>634,906</u>
		<u>3,963,538</u>	<u>8,170,138</u>
EXPENDITURE			
Manager’s fee	6	(339,427)	(743,423)
Trustee’s fee	7	(58,379)	(127,444)
Audit fee		(5,000)	(5,000)
Tax agent’s fee		(4,100)	(4,100)
Other expenses		<u>(7,821)</u>	<u>(8,542)</u>
		<u>(414,727)</u>	<u>(888,509)</u>
Net income before taxation		3,548,811	7,281,629
Taxation	11	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net income after taxation, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year		<u>3,548,811</u>	<u>7,281,629</u>
Total comprehensive income comprises the following:			
Realised income		2,772,473	6,569,352
Unrealised gains		<u>776,338</u>	<u>712,277</u>
		<u>3,548,811</u>	<u>7,281,629</u>
Distributions for the financial year			
Net distributions	12	<u>5,313,846</u>	<u>6,662,132</u>
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	12	<u>7.9075</u>	<u>3.5000</u>
Net distributions per unit (sen)	12	<u>7.9075</u>	<u>3.5000</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmlIncome Management

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

	Note	Unit holders' capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total equity RM
At 1 August 2023		178,590,952	14,701,615	193,292,567
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	3,548,811	3,548,811
Creation of units	9(a)	47,873,061	-	47,873,061
Reinvestment of distributions	9(a)	6,065,237	-	6,065,237
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(235,546,622)	-	(235,546,622)
Distributions	12	-	(5,313,846)	(5,313,846)
Balance at 31 July 2024		<u>(3,017,372)</u>	<u>12,936,580</u>	<u>9,919,208</u>
At 1 August 2022		210,042,751	14,082,118	224,124,869
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	7,281,629	7,281,629
Creation of units	9(a)	89,809,333	-	89,809,333
Reinvestment of distributions	9(a)	6,150,924	-	6,150,924
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(127,412,056)	-	(127,412,056)
Distributions	12	-	(6,662,132)	(6,662,132)
Balance at 31 July 2023		<u>178,590,952</u>	<u>14,701,615</u>	<u>193,292,567</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmlIncome Management

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments		180,464,100	29,523,700
Purchases of investments		(25,920,540)	(25,091,500)
Interest received		5,391,383	8,618,770
Manager's fee paid		(397,358)	(744,493)
Trustee's fee paid		(67,325)	(127,898)
Tax agent's fee paid		(4,100)	(4,100)
Payments for other expenses		(12,820)	(13,626)
Net cash generated from operating and investing activities		<u>159,453,340</u>	<u>12,160,853</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from creation of units		48,460,353	89,222,041
Payments for cancellation of units		(235,546,622)	(127,412,056)
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(187,086,269)</u>	<u>(38,190,015)</u>
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(27,632,929)	(26,029,162)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>30,444,277</u>	<u>56,473,439</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>2,811,348</u>	<u>30,444,277</u>
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:			
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	5	2,800,238	30,433,515
Cash at bank		11,110	10,762
		<u>2,811,348</u>	<u>30,444,277</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmlIncome Management (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 30 May 2013 as amended by Deeds supplemental thereto (the "Deeds"), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee and the unit holders.

The Fund is a fixed income fund which aims to provide income and liquidity over the short to medium-term. As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 31 July and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 2 December 2013.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 18 September 2024.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
MFRS 17 <i>Insurance Contracts</i> and Amendments to MFRS 17*	1 January 2023
Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - <i>Comparative Information</i> (Amendments to MFRS 17 <i>Insurance Contracts</i>)*	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current</i>	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements: Disclosure of Accounting Policies</i>	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108 <i>Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates</i>	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112 <i>Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction</i>	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112 <i>Income Taxes: International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules</i>	1 January 2023

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16 <i>Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements: Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 <i>Statement of Cash Flows</i> and MFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121 <i>The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability</i>	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> and MFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classifications and Measurement of Financial Instruments</i>	1 January 2026
MFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i>	1 January 2027
MFRS 19 <i>Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures*</i>	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: <i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*</i>	Deferred

* These MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Interest income

For all interest-bearing financial assets, interest income is calculated using the effective interest method. Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The calculation takes into account all contractual terms of the financial instrument and includes any fees or incremental costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the effective interest rate, but not future credit losses.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024**

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

(i) Interest income (cont'd.)

Once the recorded value of a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been reduced due to an impairment loss, interest income continues to be recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

(ii) Gain or loss on disposal of investments

On disposal of investments, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

3.4 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024**

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.5 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings and realised income. Realised income is the income earned from interest income and net gain on disposal of investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

3.6 Unit holders' capital

The unit holders' capital of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and is classified as equity instruments as it meets all criteria for such classification under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

3.7 Financial instruments – initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024**

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.8 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

Business model

The business model reflects how the Fund manages the financial assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Fund's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets, or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. the financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of "other" business model. Factors considered by the Fund in determining the business model for a portfolio of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, and how risks are assessed and managed.

Cash flow characteristics

Where the business model is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Fund assesses whether the financial assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI"). In making this assessment, the Fund considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e. interest includes only consideration for time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are SPPI.

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.8 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial asset. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Interest earned element of such instrument is recorded in "Interest income".

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024**

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial liabilities – classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holders. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

3.10 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a “pass-through” arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.11 Financial instruments – expected credit losses (“ECL”)

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024**

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.11 Financial instruments – expected credit losses (“ECL”) (cont'd.)

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

3.12 Determination of fair value

For investments in local fixed income securities, nominal value is the face value of the securities and fair value is determined based on the indicative prices from Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. plus accrued interest, which includes the accretion of discount and amortisation of premium. Adjusted cost of investments relates to the purchased cost plus accrued interest, adjusted for amortisation of premium and accretion of discount, if any, calculated over the period from the date of acquisition to the date of maturity of the respective securities as approved by the Manager and the Trustee. The difference between adjusted cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss. Unrealised gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are not distributable in nature.

3.13 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

3.14 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its investments as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investments in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holders' cancellation of units.

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.14 Significant accounting estimates and judgments (cont'd.)

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. INVESTMENTS

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Financial assets at FVTPL		
At nominal value:		
Corporate bonds	7,000,000	141,500,000
Cagamas bond	-	20,000,000
	<u>7,000,000</u>	<u>161,500,000</u>
At fair value:		
Corporate bonds	7,221,335	143,186,573
Cagamas bond	-	20,006,167
	<u>7,221,335</u>	<u>163,192,740</u>

Details of investments as at 31 July 2024 are as follows:

Maturity date	Issuer	Credit rating	Nominal value RM	Fair value RM	Adjusted cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
Corporate bonds						
16.07.2027	Leader Energy Sdn. Bhd.	AA	2,000,000	1,985,738	2,003,638	20.02
02.12.2027	Digi Telecomm-unications Sdn. Bhd.	AAA	5,000,000	5,235,597	5,222,610	52.78
Total corporate bonds			<u>7,000,000</u>	<u>7,221,335</u>	<u>7,226,248</u>	<u>72.80</u>
Total financial assets at FVTPL			<u>7,000,000</u>	<u>7,221,335</u>	<u>7,226,248</u>	<u>72.80</u>
Shortfall of fair value over adjusted cost				<u>(4,913)</u>		

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

The weighted average effective yield on investments are as follows:

	Effective yield	
	2024 %	2023 %
Corporate bonds	3.94	4.07
Cagamas bond	-	3.68
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Analyses of the remaining maturity of investments as at 31 July 2024 and 31 July 2023 are as follows:

	Less than 1 year RM	1 year to 5 years RM
	2024	
At nominal value:		
Corporate bonds	-	7,000,000
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
2023		
At nominal value:		
Corporate bonds	55,000,000	86,500,000
Cagamas bond	-	20,000,000
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

5. DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At nominal value:		
Short-term deposits	2,800,000	30,431,000
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
At carrying value:		
Short-term deposits	2,800,238	30,433,515
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

5. DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONT'D.)

Details of deposits with licensed financial institutions are as follows:

Maturity date	Financial institutions	Nominal value RM	Carrying value RM	Carrying value as a percentage of NAV %
2024				
Short-term deposits				
01.08.2024	Malayan Banking Berhad	1,880,000	1,880,162	18.95
01.08.2024	Public Bank Berhad	920,000	920,076	9.28
		<u>2,800,000</u>	<u>2,800,238</u>	<u>28.23</u>

The weighted average effective interest rate and weighted average remaining maturities of short term deposits are as follows:

	Weighted average effective interest rate		Weighted average remaining maturities	
	2024 %	2023 %	2024 Day	2023 Day
Short-term deposits	<u>3.10</u>	<u>3.02</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

6. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Due to Manager		
Manager's fee payable	<u>5,442</u>	<u>63,373</u>

Manager's fee is at a rate of 0.35% (2023: 0.35%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Manager's fee payable is one month.

7. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.06% (2023: 0.06%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis, subject to a minimum fee of RM10,000 per annum.

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

7. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE (CONT'D.)

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

8. NET GAINS FROM INVESTMENTS

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net gains on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:		
– Net realised losses on sale of investments	(397,905)	(77,371)
– Net unrealised gains on changes in fair value of investments	776,338	712,277
	<u>378,433</u>	<u>634,906</u>

9. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity is represented by:

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
Unit holders' capital	(a)	(3,017,372)	178,590,952
Retained earnings			
– Realised income	(b)	12,941,493	15,482,866
– Unrealised losses	(c)	(4,913)	(781,251)
		<u>9,919,208</u>	<u>193,292,567</u>

(a) Unit holders' capital/Units in circulation

	2024		2023	
	Number of units	RM	Number of units	RM
At beginning of the financial year	181,231,343	178,590,952	210,596,757	210,042,751
Creation during the financial year	45,057,552	47,873,061	84,091,007	89,809,333
Reinvestment of distributions	5,737,681	6,065,237	5,759,867	6,150,924
Cancellation during the financial year	<u>(222,349,417)</u>	<u>(235,546,622)</u>	<u>(119,216,288)</u>	<u>(127,412,056)</u>
At end of the financial year	<u>9,677,159</u>	<u>(3,017,372)</u>	<u>181,231,343</u>	<u>178,590,952</u>

The negative balance of unit holders' capital was due to the cancellation of units at a higher NAV per unit following the price appreciation of the Fund as compared to the units being created at a lower NAV per unit in prior years.

AmIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

9. TOTAL EQUITY (CONT'D.)

(b) Realised – distributable

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At beginning of the financial year	15,482,866	15,575,646
Net realised income for the financial year	2,772,473	6,569,352
Distributions out of realised income (Note 12)	(5,313,846)	(6,662,132)
At end of the financial year	<u>12,941,493</u>	<u>15,482,866</u>

(c) Unrealised – non-distributable

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At beginning of the financial year	(781,251)	(1,493,528)
Net unrealised gains for the financial year	776,338	712,277
At end of the financial year	<u>(4,913)</u>	<u>(781,251)</u>

10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties

AmFunds Management Berhad
AmInvestment Bank Berhad
AMMB Holdings Berhad (“AMMB”)
Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB
as disclosed in its financial statements

Relationships

The Manager
Holding company of the Manager
Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associate companies of the
ultimate holding company of the Manager

There are no units held by the Manager or any other related party as at 31 July 2024 and 31 July 2023.

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

11. TAXATION

Income tax payable is calculated on investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Net income before taxation	<u>3,548,811</u>	<u>7,281,629</u>
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%)	851,715	1,747,591
Tax effects of:		
Income not subject to tax	(1,063,245)	(1,979,402)
Losses not allowed for tax deduction	111,996	18,569
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	74,396	161,659
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	16,872	33,621
Permitted expenses not used and not available for future financial years	<u>8,266</u>	<u>17,962</u>
Tax expense for the financial year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

12. DISTRIBUTIONS

Details of distributions to unit holders for the current and previous financial years are as follows:

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	<u>7.9075</u>	<u>3.5000</u>
Net distributions per unit (sen)	<u>7.9075</u>	<u>3.5000</u>

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

12. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D.)

Details of distributions to unit holders for the current and previous financial years are as follows: (cont'd.)

Financial year ended 31 July 2024

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit RM (sen)	Net distributions per unit RM (sen)	Total distributions RM
30 August 2023	0.5900	0.5900	739,294
29 September 2023	0.9075	0.9075	1,126,081
31 October 2023	0.2500	0.2500	311,653
29 December 2023	0.3200	0.3200	458,796
31 January 2024	0.8400	0.8400	1,196,735
29 February 2024	0.1800	0.1800	187,457
29 March 2024	0.7000	0.7000	456,819
30 April 2024	0.9100	0.9100	218,668
31 May 2024	1.7200	1.7200	404,931
28 June 2024	0.4900	0.4900	116,640
31 July 2024	1.0000	1.0000	96,772
	7.9075	7.9075	5,313,846

Financial year ended 31 July 2023

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit RM (sen)	Net distributions per unit RM (sen)	Total distributions RM
30 August 2022	0.1600	0.1600	362,742
30 September 2022	0.1600	0.1600	331,293
31 October 2022	0.1600	0.1600	325,891
30 November 2022	0.1600	0.1600	321,117
30 December 2022	0.1600	0.1600	327,779
31 January 2023	0.1600	0.1600	325,644
28 February 2023	0.2000	0.2000	384,383
31 March 2023	0.4680	0.4680	864,869
28 April 2023	0.4680	0.4680	876,339
31 May 2023	0.4680	0.4680	847,464
30 June 2023	0.4680	0.4680	846,448
31 July 2023	0.4680	0.4680	848,163
	3.5000	3.5000	6,662,132

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

12. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D.)

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Total amount available for distribution	<u>12,941,493</u>	<u>15,482,866</u>

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation. All distributions during the current financial year were sourced from realised income. There were no distributions out of capital.

13. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2024	2023
	% p.a.	% p.a.
Manager's fee	0.35	0.35
Trustee's fee	0.06	0.06
Fund's other expenses	0.02	0.01
Total TER	<u>0.43</u>	<u>0.42</u>

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investments to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 1.07 times (2023: 0.13 times).

15. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, substantially all of the Fund's investments are made in the form of fixed income securities and money market instruments in Malaysia. The Manager is of the opinion that the risk and rewards from these investments are not individually or segmentally distinct and hence, the Fund does not have a separately identifiable business or geographical segments.

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with brokers for the financial year ended 31 July 2024 are as follows:

	Transaction value	
	RM	%
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	40,433,079	23.41
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	40,274,790	23.31
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	35,664,260	20.65
CIMB Bank Berhad	25,755,243	14.91
AmBank (M) Berhad*	20,534,467	11.89
AmBank Islamic Berhad*	10,066,234	5.83
Total	<u>172,728,073</u>	<u>100.00</u>

* Financial institutions related to the Manager.

The Manager is of the opinion that the above transactions have been entered into normal course of business and have been established under terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with independent third parties.

The above transactions are in respect of fixed income instruments. Transactions in these investments do not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2024				
Financial assets				
Investments	7,221,335	-	-	7,221,335
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	-	2,800,238	-	2,800,238
Cash at bank	-	11,110	-	11,110
Total financial assets	<u>7,221,335</u>	<u>2,811,348</u>	-	<u>10,032,683</u>

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2024 (cont'd.)				
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	5,442	5,442
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	962	962
Distribution payable	-	-	96,772	96,772
Total financial liabilities	-	-	103,176	103,176
2023				
Financial assets				
Investments	163,192,740	-	-	163,192,740
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	-	30,433,515	-	30,433,515
Amount due from Manager	-	587,292	-	587,292
Cash at bank	-	10,762	-	10,762
Total financial assets	163,192,740	31,031,569	-	194,224,309
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	63,373	63,373
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	9,908	9,908
Distribution payable	-	-	848,163	848,163
Total financial liabilities	-	-	921,444	921,444
Income, expenses, gains and losses				
2024				
2023				
RM				
RM				
Net gains from financial assets at FVTPL			378,433	634,906
Income, of which derived from:				
– Interest income from financial assets at FVTPL			3,055,807	6,430,760
– Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost			529,298	1,104,472

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2024				
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	7,221,335	-	7,221,335
2023				
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	163,192,740	-	163,192,740

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

- Amount due from/to Manager
- Deposits with licensed financial institutions
- Cash at bank
- Amount due to Trustee
- Distribution payable

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of investments coupled with stringent compliance to investments restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk will affect the value of the Fund's investments, given the interest rate movements, which are influenced by regional and local economic developments as well as political developments.

Domestic interest rates on deposits and placements with licensed financial institutions are determined based on prevailing market rates.

The result below summarised the interest rate sensitivity of the Fund's NAV, or theoretical value due to the parallel movement assumption of the yield curve by +100bps and -100bps respectively:

Parallel shift in yield curve by:	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV, theoretical value	
	2024 RM	2023 RM
+100 bps	(210,242)	(2,160,283)
-100 bps	217,488	1,939,232

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund can invest up to 100% of its NAV in money market instruments and fixed income instruments. As such the Fund would be exposed to the risk of bond issuers and licensed financial institutions defaulting on its repayment obligations which in turn would affect the NAV of the Fund.

(i) Credit quality of financial assets

The following table analyses the Fund's portfolio of debt securities by rating category as at 31 July 2024 and 31 July 2023:

Credit rating	RM	As a % of debt securities	As a % of NAV
2024			
AAA	5,235,597	72.50	52.78
AA	1,985,738	27.50	20.02
	<u>7,221,335</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>72.80</u>
2023			
AAA	60,272,151	36.93	31.19
AA	72,460,642	44.40	37.48
A	30,459,947	18.67	15.76
	<u>163,192,740</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>84.43</u>

For deposits with licensed financial institutions, the Fund only makes placements with licensed financial institutions with sound rating. The following table presents the Fund's portfolio of deposits by rating category as at 31 July 2024 and 31 July 2023:

Credit rating	RM	As a % of deposits	As a % of NAV
2024			
P1/MARC-1	<u>2,800,238</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>28.23</u>
2023			
P1/MARC-1	<u>30,433,515</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>15.74</u>

Cash at bank is held for liquidity purposes and is not exposed to significant credit risk.

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(b) Credit risk (cont'd.)

(ii) Credit risk concentration

Concentration of risk is monitored and managed based on sectorial distribution. The table below analyses the Fund's portfolio of debt securities by sectorial distribution as at 31 July 2024 and 31 July 2023:

Sector	RM	As a % of debt securities	As a % of NAV
2024			
Communications services	5,235,597	72.50	52.78
Energy and utilities	1,985,738	27.50	20.02
	<u>7,221,335</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>72.80</u>
2023			
Energy and utilities	17,238,872	10.56	8.92
Financial services	100,575,436	61.63	52.03
Transportation and storage	45,378,432	27.81	23.48
	<u>163,192,740</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>84.43</u>

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

AmlIncome Management

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024**

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The following table presents the undiscounted contractual cash flows from different financial assets and financial liabilities classes in the Fund:

	Contractual cash flows (undiscounted)					
	0 – 1 year RM	1 – 2 years RM	2 – 3 years RM	3 – 4 years RM	4 – 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM
2024						
Financial assets						
Investments	331,133	332,500	2,332,500	5,125,092	-	-
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	2,800,238	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at bank	11,110	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	3,142,481	332,500	2,332,500	5,125,092	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Amount due to Manager	5,442	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due to Trustee	962	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	6,404	-	-	-	-	-

AmIncome Management

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024**

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The following table presents the undiscounted contractual cash flows from different financial assets and financial liabilities classes in the Fund: (cont'd.)

	Contractual cash flows (undiscounted)					
	0 – 1 year RM	1 – 2 years RM	2 – 3 years RM	3 – 4 years RM	4 – 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM
2023						
Financial assets						
Investments	61,352,989	78,207,881	30,403,182	2,083,000	-	-
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	30,433,515	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due from Manager	587,292	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at bank	10,762	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	92,384,558	78,207,881	30,403,182	2,083,000	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Amount due to Manager	63,373	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due to Trustee	9,908	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	73,281	-	-	-	-	-

AmlIncome Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(d) Single issuer risk

Internal policy restricts the Fund from investing in securities issued by any issuer of not more than a certain percentage of its NAV. Under such restriction, the risk exposure to the securities of any single issuer is diversified and managed based on internal/external ratings.

(e) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

(f) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

(g) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with the respective internal policies, the Deeds, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- (c) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial years.

AmIncome Management

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Goh Wee Peng, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmIncome Management (the "Fund") as at 31 July 2024 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

GOH WEE PENG

Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

18 September 2024

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF AMINCOME MANAGEMENT ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 July 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong
Head, Fund Operations

Sylvia Beh
Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur
18 September 2024

DIRECTORY

Head Office

9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group
55, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur
Tel: (03) 2032 2888 Facsimile: (03) 2031 5210
Email: enquiries@aminvest.com

Postal Address

AmFunds Management Berhad
P.O Box 13611, 50816 Kuala Lumpur

*For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad
Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),
Friday (8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.)*

