Annual Report for

AmIncome Select

30 June 2024





TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group 55 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

Board of Directors

Jeyaratnam A/L Tamotharam Pillai Ng Chih Kaye Jas Bir Kaur A/P Lol Singh Arnold Lim Boon Lay Goh Wee Peng

Investment Committee

Arnold Lim Boon Lay Tracy Chen Wee Keng Goh Wee Peng

Trustee

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Auditors and Reporting Accountants Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation AdviserDeloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

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MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholder,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of AmIncome Select ("Fund") for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

Salient Information of the Fund

N.I.		1111				
Name	AmIncome Select ("Fund")					
Category/	Wholesale Fixed Income	/ Income				
Туре						
Objective	The Fund aims to pro	vide regular r	eturns by inves	sting mainly ir	fixed income	
	instruments.					
	Note: Any material chang	ne to the invest	ment objective o	f the Fund wou	ld require I Init	
	Holders' approval.	ge to the investi	noni objective of	tilo i alla woa	a regaire orin	
Duration	The Fund was established					
	the Manager and the T					
	continue. In some circ terminate the Fund.	umstances, the	e unitholders c	an resolve at	a meeting to	
	terminate the Fund.					
Performance	Quantshop MGS All Inde	ex ("All MGS")				
Benchmark	(Available at www.aminvest.com)					
	Note: The change of performance benchmark from Quantshop MGS Medium Index +					
	85 bps to Quantshop MGS All Index is to better reflect the investment universe of the Fund.					
	Tulia.					
Income	Income distribution (if any) will be declared monthly.					
Distribution						
Policy	Note: Should there be realised income or gain, there may be income to be declared.					
Breakdown	For the financial year under review, the size of the Fund stood at 1,078 units.					
of Unit	For the illiancial year unit	uei review, trie	Size of the Fullu	51000 at 1,076	uriits.	
Holdings	Size of holding	As at 30	June 2024	As at 30 J	lune 2023	
by Size		No of	Number of	No of	Number of	
		units held	unitholder	units held	unitholder	
	5,000 and below	1,078	1	1,078	1	
	5,001-10,000	-	-	-	-	
	10,001-50,000	-	-	-	-	
	50,001-500,000 500,001 and above	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	
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Portfolio Composition

Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 30 June are as follows:

	As at 30 June			
	2024 2023 2022			
	%	%	%	
Malaysian Government Securities	-	ı	14.13	
Quasi-government bonds	ı	ı	4.68	
Money market deposits and cash				
equivalents	100.00	100.00	81.19	
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	

Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.

Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial years ended 30 June are as follows:

	FYE 2024	FYE 2023	FYE 2022
Net asset value (RM)	1,000	1,000	56,092,443
Units in circulation	1,078	1,078	60,580,097
Net asset value per unit (RM)	0.9279	0.9279	0.9259
Highest net asset value per unit (RM)	0.9279	0.9283	0.9718
Lowest net asset value per unit (RM)	0.9279	0.9262	0.9137
Benchmark performance (%)	3.93	8.07	-2.22
Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾	0.00	0.22	-1.83
- Capital growth (%)	0.00	0.22	-3.77
- Income distribution (%)	-	ı	1.94
Gross distribution (sen per unit)	-	-	1.87
Net distribution (sen per unit)	-	ı	1.87
Total expense ratio (%) ⁽²⁾	3.40	0.23	0.19
Portfolio turnover ratio (times) ⁽³⁾	-	4.07	1.19

Note:

- (1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees.
- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The TER increased by 3.17% as compared to 0.23% per annum for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 mainly due to decrease in average fund size.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis.

Average Total Return (as at 30 June 2024)

	AmIncome Select ^(a) %	AII MGS/MMGS/ MBB ^(b) %
One year	0.00	3.93
Three years	-0.54	3.17
Five years	1.20	3.78
Ten years	2.05	4.26

Annual Total Return

Financial Years Ended (30 June)	Amincome Select ^(a)	All MGS/ MMGS/ MBB ^(b) %
2024	0.00	3.93
2023	0.22	8.07
2022	-1.83	-2.22
2021	-0.14	0.96
2020	8.03	8.57

- (a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.
- (b) Quantshop MGS All Index ("All MGS") (Available at www.aminvest.com)
 - Benchmark from 27 June 2011 until 28 January 2015 Quantshop Medium MGS Index ("MMGS") + 85bps Malayan Banking Berhad overnight rate ("MBB")
 - from 29 January 2015 until 31July 2017 Quantshop MGS (Medium) Index ("MMGS")
 - from 1 August 2017 onwards Quantshop MGS All Index ("All MGS") (Available at www.aminvest.com)

The Fund performance is calculated based on the net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

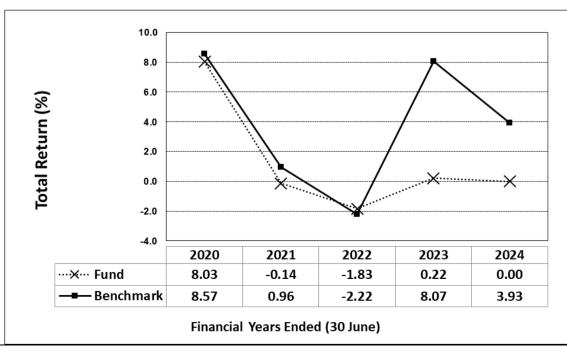
Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Fund Performance

For the financial year under review, the Fund's return is nil as compared to the benchmark's return of 3.93%.

As compared with the financial year ended 30 June 2023, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund is maintained at RM0.9279, while units in circulation remain unchanged at 1,078 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of AmIncome Select and its benchmark, All MGS/MMGS/MBB, for the financial years ended 30 June.



	Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.			
Has the Fund achieved its objective?	The Fund has remained inactive following full redemption by investor with effect from July 2022.			
Strategies and Policies Employed	The Fund invested up to 100% of its NAV in deposits, short to medium-term money market instruments issued by any single issuer and other permitted investments provided in the Deed.			
	The Fund has remained inactive follow July 2022.	wing full redempt	ion by investor w	rith effect from
Portfolio Structure	The table below is the asset allocation 2023.	n of the Fund as	at 30 June 2024	4 and 30 June
		As at 30.06.2024 %	As at 30.06.2023 %	Changes %
	Money market deposits and cash			
	equivalents Total	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	-
	Total	100.00	100.00	
Cross	As at 30 June 2024, the Fund investorand cash equivalents.			·
Cross Trades	There were no cross trades undertaker	n during the finan	iciai year under re	eview.
Distribution/ Unit splits	There is no income distribution and unit split declared for the financial year under review.			
State of Affairs	There has been neither significant changes to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unitholders during the financial year under review.			
Rebates and Soft Commission	During the year, the management company did not receive soft commissions by virtue of transactions conducted for the Fund.			
Market Review	The domestic bond market was volatile during the Fund's financial year. The lack of catalyst in the domestic market sent Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) yields to slowly drift higher as global bond market sentiment weakened when the "higher for longer" narrative in United States (US) took center stage again, with both 10-year and 30-year United States Treasuries (UST) briefly touching the 5.00% psychological level in October 2023. However, the sentiment in the local bond market swiftly shifted to a positive stance in November 2023, buoyed by a subsequent rally in UST on the back of a slew of underwhelming macro data releases, the Israel-Hamas crisis and a dovish guidance from the December Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC). The bullish sentiment and strong domestic liquidity continued to lend support to the bond market in 1Q2024 until MGS yields repriced higher in April 2024 following a sell-off in UST on stronger than expected inflation and job data. The sell-off in the local bond market was then reversed in May and June 2024, continuing to indicate that buying demand remains strong. Overall, the MGS curve ended 1H2024 at similar levels observed in end-1H2023.			

Market Outlook

Strong demand in long-end government bond auctions and corporate bond primary issuances in recent periods suggest that domestic liquidity remains ample. Market participants continue to ignore the record low credit spreads, with continued strong demand in bonds yielding 4% and above. As domestic liquidity is expected to remain healthy and Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) is likely to stay pat on Overnight Policy Rate (OPR), we expect the local bond market to continue to trade in range bound. Current cheap funding cost should attract bond issuers to tap the market in coming months that will provide more investment opportunities.

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AmFunds Management Berhad

20 August 2024

Independent auditors' report to the unit holder of Amincome Select

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AmIncome Select (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 10 to 29.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holder of Amincome Select (cont'd.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holder of Amincome Select (cont'd.)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with the approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holder of Amincome Select (cont'd.)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holder of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Ng Sue Ean No. 03276/07/2026 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 20 August 2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
ASSET			
Cash at bank TOTAL ASSET		1,027 1,027	5,026 5,026
LIABILITY			
Sundry payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITY		27 27	4,026 4,026
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		1,000	1,000
EQUITY			
Unit holder's capital Accumulated losses NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT	9(a) 9(b)(c)	5,951,832 (5,950,832)	5,951,832 (5,950,832)
HOLDER	9	1,000	1,000
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9(a)	1,078	1,078
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		0.9279	0.9279

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest income Net gain from investments: - Financial assets at fair value through profit or		34	30,395
loss ("FVTPL")	8	-	65,300
		34	95,695
EXPENDITURE			
Manager's fee	4	_	(1,937)
Trustee's fee	5	-	(516)
Audit fee	6	-	(192)
Tax agent's fee	7	-	(157)
Other expenses	<u></u>	(34)	(201)
		(34)	(3,003)
Net income before taxation		-	92,692
Taxation	11		
Net income after taxation, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year		_	92,692
Total comprehensive income comprises the following:			
Realised loss		-	(887,904)
Unrealised gain		-	980,596
			92,692

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	Unit holder's capital RM	Accumulated losses RM	Total equity RM
At 1 July 2023		5,951,832	(5,950,832)	1,000
Balance at 30 June 2024		5,951,832	(5,950,832)	1,000
At 1 July 2022 Total comprehensive income		62,135,967	(6,043,524)	56,092,443
for the financial year		-	92,692	92,692
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(56,184,135)		(56,184,135)
Balance at 30 June 2023		5,951,832	(5,950,832)	1,000

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	2024 RM	2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investments	_	17,520,594
Interest received	34	183,853
Manager's fee paid	-	(11,745)
Trustee's fee paid	-	(3,003)
Tax agent's fee paid	(4,000)	(252)
Payments for other expenses	(33)	(9,222)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating		
and investing activities	(3,999)	17,680,225
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Payments for cancellation of units	-	(56,184,135)
Net cash used in financing activity		(56,184,135)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS	(3,999)	(38,503,910)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE		
BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	5,026	38,508,936
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	1,027	5,026
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash at bank	1,027	5,026

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmIncome Select (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 23 June 2011 as amended by Deeds supplemental thereto (the "Deeds"), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee and the unit holder.

The Fund was set up with the objective of providing regular returns by investing mainly in fixed income instruments, money market instruments and other instruments. As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 30 June and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 27 June 2011.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 20 August 2024.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
MFRS 17 <i>Insurance Contracts</i> and Amendments to MFRS 17* Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - <i>Comparative Information</i>	1 January 2023
(Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts)* Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	1 January 2023
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	1 January 2023
Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to MFRS 108 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting	1 January 2023
Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to	1 January 2023
Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: International Tax Reform -	1 January 2023
Pillar Two Model Rules	1 January 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and	
Leaseback*	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows and MFRS 7	
Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in Foreign	
Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments and MFRS 7 Financial	
Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classifications and	
Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures* Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	1 January 2027
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*	Deferred

^{*} These MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Interest income

For all interest-bearing financial assets, interest income is calculated using the effective interest method. Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The calculation takes into account all contractual terms of the financial instrument and includes any fees or incremental costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the effective interest rate, but not future credit losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

(i) Interest income (cont'd.)

Once the recorded value of a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been reduced due to an impairment loss, interest income continues to be recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

(ii) Gain or loss on disposal of investments

On disposal of investments, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

3.4 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investment that is readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.5 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holder is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings and realised income. Realised income is the income earned from interest income and net gain on disposal of investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holder on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.6 Unit holder's capital

The unit holder's capital of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and is classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

3.7 Financial instruments - initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

3.8 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.8 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

Business model

The business model reflects how the Fund manages the financial assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Fund's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets, or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. the financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of "other" business model. Factors considered by the Fund in determining the business model for a portfolio of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, and how risks are assessed and managed.

Cash flow characteristics

Where the business model is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Fund assesses whether the financial assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI"). In making this assessment, the Fund considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e. interest includes only consideration for time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are SPPI.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial asset. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.8 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

Financial assets at FVOCI (cont'd.)

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Interest earned element of such instrument is recorded in "Interest income".

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

3.9 Financial liabilities - classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.10 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.11 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

3.12 Determination of fair value

For investments in local fixed income securities, nominal value is the face value of the securities and fair value is determined based on the indicative prices from Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. plus accrued interest, which includes the accretion of discount and amortisation of premium. Adjusted cost of investments relates to the purchased cost plus accrued interest, adjusted for amortisation of premium and accretion of discount, if any, calculated over the period from the date of acquisition to the date of maturity of the respective securities as approved by the Manager and the Trustee. The difference between adjusted cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss. Unrealised gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are not distributable in nature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.13 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

3.14 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its investments as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investments in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holder's cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

Manager's fee is at a rate of 0.15% (2023: 0.15%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis. However, there is no Manager's fee in the current and previous financial years.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Manager's fee payable is one month.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

5. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.04% (2023: 0.04%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis, subject to a minimum fee of RM10,000 per annum. However, there is no Trustee's fee in the current and previous financial years.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

6. AUDIT FEE

The audit fee amounting to RM5,000 (2023: partially borne) is fully borne by the Manager in the current financial year.

7. TAX AGENT'S FEE

The tax agent's fee amounting to RM4,100 (2023: partially borne) is fully borne by the Manager in the current financial year.

8. NET GAIN FROM INVESTMENTS

	2024 RM	2023 RM
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Net gain on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:		
 Net realised loss on sale of investments 	-	(915,296)
 Net unrealised gain on changes in fair value of 		
investments	<u>-</u>	980,596
	-	65,300

9. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity is represented by:

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
Unit holder's capital Accumulated losses	(a)	5,951,832	5,951,832
- Realised losses	(b)	(5,950,832)	(5,950,832)
		1,000	1,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

9. TOTAL EQUITY (CONT'D.)

(a) Unit holder's capital/Units in circulation

		2024 Number of		2023 Number of	3
		units	RM	units	RM
	At beginning of the financial year Cancellation during	1,078	5,951,832	60,580,097	62,135,967
	the financial year	-	-	(60,579,019)	(56,184,135)
	At end of the financial year	1,078	5,951,832	1,078	5,951,832
(b)	Realised				
				2024	2023
				RM	RM
	At beginning of the financial Net realised loss for the final	=		(5,950,832)	(5,062,928) (887,904)
	At end of the financial year		_	(5,950,832)	(5,950,832)
(c)	Unrealised – non-distributa	able			
				2024 RM	2023 RM
	At beginning of the financial Net unrealised gain for the fi	-		- -	(980,596) 980,596
	At end of the financial year			-	

10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties Relationships

AmFunds Management Berhad AmInvestment Bank Berhad AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB") Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB as disclosed in its financial statements The Manager
Holding company of the Manager
Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associate companies of
the ultimate holding company of the
Manager

	2024		2023	3
	Number of units	RM	Number of units	RM
The Manager*	1,078	1,000	1,078	1,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONT'D.)

There are no units held by any other related party as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

11. TAXATION

Income tax payable is calculated on investments income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net income before taxation	-	92,692
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%)	-	22,246
Tax effects of: Income not subject to tax	(8)	(242,638)
Loss not allowed for tax deduction	-	219,671
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	8	493
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	-	173
Permitted expenses not used and not available for		
future financial years	-	55
Tax expense for the financial year	-	-

12. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2024 % p.a.	2023 % p.a.
Manager's fee	-	0.15
Trustee's fee	-	0.04
Fund's other expenses	3.40	0.04
Total TER	3.40	0.23

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

^{*} The Manager is the legal and beneficial owner of the units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

13. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investments to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is nil (2023: 4.07 times).

14. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, substantially all of the Fund's investments are made in the form of fixed income securities and money market instruments in Malaysia. The Manager is of the opinion that the risk and rewards from these investments are not individually or segmentally distinct and hence the Fund does not have a separately identifiable business or geographical segments.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial asset at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2024		
Financial asset		
Cash at bank	1,027	1,027
Total financial asset	1,027	1,027
2023		
Financial asset		
Cash at bank	5,026	5,026
Total financial asset	5,026	5,026

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Income, expenses, gains and losses	
	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net gain from financial assets at FVTPL Income, of which derived from:	-	65,300
 Interest income from financial assets at FVTPL Interest income from financial assets 	-	11,164
at amortised cost	34	19,231

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following is class of financial instrument that is not carried at fair value and whose carrying amount is reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

Cash at bank

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, regulatory risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of investments coupled with stringent compliance to investments restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Market and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk will affect the value of the Fund's investments, given the interest rate movements, which are influenced by regional and local economic developments as well as political developments.

Domestic interest rates on deposits and placements with licensed financial institutions are determined based on prevailing market rates.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund can invest up to 100% of its NAV in money market instruments and fixed income instruments. As such the Fund would be exposed to the risk of bond issuers and financial institutions defaulting on its repayment obligations which in turn would adversely affect the NAV of the Fund.

Cash at bank is held for liquidity purposes and is not exposed to significant credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holder. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The following table presents the undiscounted contractual cash flows from different financial asset classes in the Fund:

Contractual cash flows (undiscounted)

0 – 1 year

ÚSD

2024

Financial asset

Cash at banks	1,027
Total financial asset	1,027

2023

Financial asset

Cash at banks	5,026
Total financial asset	5,026

(d) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

(e) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

(f) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with the respective internal policies, the Deed and its Supplemental Deeds, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

17. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

17. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONT'D.)

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in Shariah-compliant investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its Information Memorandum;
- (b) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- (c) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial years.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Goh Wee Peng, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmIncome Select (the "Fund") as at 30 June 2024 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

GOH WEE PENG

Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 20 August 2024

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF AMINCOME SELECT ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong Head, Fund Operations Sylvia Beh Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 20 August 2024

DIRECTORY

Head Office 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group

55, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur Tel: (03) 2032 2888 Facsimile: (03) 2031 5210

Email: enquiries@aminvest.com

Postal Address AmFunds Management Berhad

P.O Box 13611, 50816 Kuala Lumpur

For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),

Friday (8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.)

03-2032 2888 | aminvest.com

AmFunds Management Berhad 198601005272 (154432-A)
9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group
55 Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Email: enquiries@aminvest.com