Information Memorandum for

Sustainable Series – Climate Tech Fund





The Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad

Company number: 198601005272 (154432-A)

The Trustee

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Company number: 200701005591 (763590-H)



This Information Memorandum is dated 28 September 2021

Growing Your Investments in a Changing World

SUSTAINABLE SERIES – CLIMATE TECH FUND IS A QUALIFIED SUSTAINABLE AND RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT FUND UNDER THE GUIDELINES ON SUSTAINABLE AND RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT FUNDS.

SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS ARE ADVISED TO READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THE INFORMATION MEMORANDUM. IF IN DOUBT, PLEASE CONSULT A PROFESSIONAL ADVISER. FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING CERTAIN RISK FACTORS WHICH SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BY SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS, SEE SECTION 5: RISK FACTORS COMMENCING ON PAGE 31.

ABOUT THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

This is an information memorandum which introduces you to AmFunds Management Berhad and the Sustainable Series – Climate Tech Fund ("Fund"), which is a wholesale fund. This Information Memorandum outlines in general what you would need to know about the Fund and is intended for the exclusive use by prospective Sophisticated Investors (as defined herein) who should ensure that all information contained herein remains confidential.

This Information Memorandum is strictly private and confidential and solely for your own use. It is not to be circulated to any third party. No offer or invitation to purchase the units of the Fund, the subject of this Information Memorandum, may be made to anyone who is not a Sophisticated Investor.

Unless otherwise indicated, any reference in this Information Memorandum to any legislation, statute or statutory provision is a reference to that legislation, statute or statutory provision for the time being, as amended or re-enacted, and to any repealed legislation, statute or statutory provision which is re-enacted (with or without modification).

SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS SHOULD RELY ON THEIR OWN EVALUATION TO ASSESS THE MERITS AND RISKS OF THE INVESTMENT. IF SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS ARE UNABLE TO MAKE THEIR OWN EVALUATION, THEY ARE ADVISED TO CONSULT PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS IMMEDIATELY.

DISCLAIMER

An investment in the Fund carries with it a degree of risk. The value of units and the income from it, if any, may go down as well as up, investment in wholesale fund involve risks including the risk of total capital loss and no income distribution. Sophisticated Investors should consider the risk factors set out under Section 5: Risk Factors.

Statements made in this Information Memorandum are based on the law and practices currently in force in Malaysia and are subject to changes in such law and practices.

Any references to a time or day in this Information Memorandum shall be a reference to that time or day in Malaysia, unless otherwise stated.

No person has been authorised to issue any advertisement or to give any information, or to make any representations in connection with the offering, placing, subscription, sale, switching or redemption of units in the Fund other than those contained in this Information Memorandum or any supplemental document and, if issued, given or made, such advertisement, information or representations must not be relied upon

by an investor. Any purchase made by any person on the basis of statements or representations not contained in or inconsistent with the information and representations in this Information Memorandum or any supplemental document will be solely at the risk of the Sophisticated Investor. Sophisticated Investors may wish to consult their independent professional adviser about the suitability of the Fund for their investment needs.

This Information Memorandum does not constitute an offer or solicitation to anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

The Manager has the right to reject any application by a US Person. However, if you are investing through our appointed distributor who operates under a nominee system of ownership, kindly consult the respective distributor accordingly.

Personal Data

As part of our day to day business, we collect your personal information when you apply to open an account with us, subscribe to any of our products or services or communicate with us. In return, we may use this information to provide you with our products or services, maintain our records or send you relevant information. We may use your personal information which includes information on any transactions conducted with us, for one or more of the following purposes, whether in Malaysia or otherwise:

- Assess your eligibility or suitability for our products which you had applied for and to verify your identity or financial standing through credit reference checks;
- b. To notify you of more and up to-date information such as improvements and new features to the existing products and services, development of new products, services and promotions which may be of interest to you;
- c. Manage and maintain your account(s) through regular updates, consolidation and improving the accuracy of our records. In this manner we can respond to your enquiries, complaints and to generally resolve disputes quickly so that we can improve our business and your relationship with us;
- d. Conduct research for analytical purposes, data mining and analyse your transactions / use of products and services to better understand your current financial / investment position and future needs. We will also produce data, reports and statistics from time to time, however such information will be aggregated so that your identity will remain confidential;
- e. Comply with the requirements of any law and regulations binding on us such as conducting anti-money laundering checks, crime detection / prevention, prosecution, protection and security;
- f. Enforcement of our rights to recover any debt owing to us including transferring or assigning our rights, interests and obligations under any of your agreement with us:
- g. In the normal course of general business planning, oversight functions, strategy formulation and decision making within AmBank Group;

- h. To administer and develop the Manager's and/or the Manager's associated companies within the AmBank Group business relationship with you;
- Outsourcing of business and back-room operations within AmBank Group and/or other service providers; and
- Any other purpose(s) that is required or permitted by any law, regulations, standards, guidelines and/or relevant regulatory authorities including with the trustee of the Fund.

Sophisticated Investors are advised to read our latest or updated Privacy Notice (notice provided as required under the Personal Data Protection Act 2010) available on our website at aminvest.com. Our Privacy Notice may be revised from time to time and if there is or are any revision(s), it will be posted on our website and/or other means of communication deemed suitable by us. However any revision(s) will be in compliance with the Personal Data Protection Act 2010.

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1 **DEFINITIONS**

AFM, the Manager, us, our or we	AmFunds Management Berhad.
AmBank	AmBank (M) Berhad.
AmBank Group	Refers to AMMB Holdings Berhad and all its direct and indirect subsidiaries, including, but not limited to: AmBank (M) Berhad, AmBank Islamic Berhad, AmInvestment Bank Berhad, AmInvestment Group Berhad, AmFunds Management Berhad, AmIslamic Funds Management Sdn Bhd, AmFutures Sdn Bhd, AmCard Services Berhad and AmGeneral Insurance Berhad.
AmInvest	The brand name for the funds management business of AMMB Holdings Berhad comprising AmFunds Management Berhad and AmIslamic Funds Management Sdn Bhd.
AUD	Australian Dollar.
Auditor	Has the same meaning as defined in the CMSA 2007.
Business Day	A day on which the Bursa Malaysia and/or commercial banks in Kuala Lumpur are open for business. The Manager may declare certain Business Days to be non-Business Days although Bursa Malaysia and/or commercial banks in Kuala Lumpur are open, if the markets in which the Fund is invested in are closed for business. This is to ensure that investors are given a fair valuation of the Fund when making subscriptions or redemptions. This information will be communicated to you via our website at www.aminvest.com. Alternatively, you may contact our Customer Service at 603- 2032 2888.
Classes	Any number of class(es) of units representing similar interests in the assets of the Fund and Class means any one class of units. Classes that may be offered by the Fund are as follows: • AUD-Hedged Class • EUR-Hedged Class • RM-Hedged Class • RM-Class • SGD-Hedged Class • SGD Class • USD Class

	As of the date of this Information Memorandum, only these three (3) Classes (each a "Class" and collectively "Classes") will be offered for subscriptions: RM Class – a class issued by the Fund which is denominated in RM. RM-Hedged Class – a class issued by the Fund which is denominated in RM and will be hedged against the base currency of the Fund. USD Class – a class issued by the Fund which is denominated in USD.
CMSA 2007, CMSA, the Act	Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 and any amendments made thereto.
Company	DWS Invest, an investment company with variable capital, incorporated under Luxembourg Law.
CRS	Common Reporting Standards.
CSSF	Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (Luxembourg Financial Sector Supervisory Authority).
Deed	The deed dated 6 August 2021 and supplemental deeds (if any) entered into between the Manager and the Trustee in relation to the Fund.
EEA	The European Economic Area.
ESG	Environment, Social, and Governance.
EU	The European Union.
EUR	Euro, the official currency of the EU.
FATCA	Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act.
Fund	Sustainable Series – Climate Tech Fund.
Information Memorandum	Information memorandum of the Fund.
Investment Manager	Investment Manager of the Target Fund i.e. DWS Investment GmbH.
IUTA	Institutional Unit Trust Scheme Adviser registered with the Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia (FIMM) to market and distribute unit trust funds.
Latest Practicable Date (LPD)	1 July 2021.

Launch date	The date of this Information Memorandum and is the date on which sales of units of the Fund may first be made; the Launch Date is also the date of constitution of the Fund.
Long-term	Refers to a period of at least five (5) years.
Management Company	Management Company of the Target Fund i.e. DWS Investment S.A.
MSCI All Country World Index	Morgan Stanley Capital International All Country World Index.
	Source: MSCI. The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or redisseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or a component of any financial instruments or products or indices. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each other person involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties (including, without limitation, any warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, timeliness, non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) with respect to this information. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including, without limitation, lost profits) or any other damages. (www.msci.com).
MYR, RM	Ringgit Malaysia.
NAV per unit	Net Asset Value attributable to a Class divided by the number of units in circulation of that Class, at the valuation point.
Net Asset Value (NAV)	The value of all the assets of the Fund less the value of all the liabilities of the Fund at a valuation point. For the purpose of computing the annual management fee and annual trustee fee, the NAV of the Fund is inclusive of the management fee and trustee fee for the relevant day; where the Fund has more than one Class, there shall be a NAV attributable to each Class.

p.a.	Per annum.
Redemption	Repurchase of units of the Fund.
SC, the SC	Securities Commission Malaysia.
SC Guidelines	Guidelines on the Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by the SC, and shall include any amendments and revisions contained herein or made pursuant thereto.
SICAV	Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable.
SGD	Singapore Dollar.
Sophisticated Investor(s)	Means any person who comes within any of the categories of investors set out in Part 1, Schedule 6 and 7 of the CMSA, and shall include any amendments and revisions contained herein or made pursuant thereto.
Special Resolution	Means a resolution passed by a majority of not less three-fourths of the Unit Holders present and voting at the meeting in person or by proxy. For the purposes of terminating the Fund or a Class of the Fund, "Special Resolution" is passed by a majority in number holding not less than three-fourths of the value of the votes cast by the Unit Holders present and voting at the meeting in person or by proxy.
SRI	Sustainable and Responsible Investment.
Target Fund	DWS Invest ESG Climate Tech.
Trustee	Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad.
UCI	Undertakings for collective investment.
UCITS	Undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities.
UCITS Directive	Directive 2014/91/EU (amending Directive, 2009/65/EC).
Unit Holder(s), you	The person(s) for the time being registered under the provisions of the Deed as a holder of units of the Fund including the joint holders, whose name appears in the Manager's register of Unit Holders. Please note that if a Sophisticated Investor invests through a distributor via nominee system of ownership, the Sophisticated Investor will not be deemed a Unit Holder under the Deed.

US (United States) Person	A US citizen or resident individual, a partnership or corporation organized in the US or under the laws of the US or any State thereof, a trust if: (i) a court within the US would have authority under applicable law to render orders or judgments concerning substantially all issues regarding administration of the trust, and (ii) one or more US persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or an estate of a decedent that is a citizen or resident of the US as defined in the Malaysia-US IGA Guidance Notes on Compliance Requirements for Malaysia-US Intergovernmental Agreement on FATCA issued by Inland Revenue Board Of Malaysia dated 11 September 2015, including any amendments, guidelines and other administrative actions made thereunder.
USD	US Dollar.
Wholesale Fund	A fund, the units which are issued, offered for subscription or purchase, or for which invitations to subscribe for or purchase the units have been made, exclusively to Sophisticated Investors.

2 CORPORATE DIRECTORY

MANAGER

AmFunds Management Berhad Registration number: 198601005272 (154432-A)

Registered office

22nd Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group, No.55, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: (03) 2036 2633

Business office

9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group,

No.55, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: (03) 2032 2888 Fax: (03) 2031 5210

Email: enquiries@aminvest.com Website: www.aminvest.com

TRUSTEE

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad Registration number: 200701005591 (763590-H)

Registered office / Business office

Level 20, Menara IMC, 8 Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: (03) 2053 7522 Fax: (03) 2053 7526

TRUSTEE'S DELEGATE (CUSTODIAN)

Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Registration number: 199401026871 (312552-W)

Registered office

Level 18, Menara IMC No. 8, Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur Tel: (603) 2053 6788 Fax: (603) 2031 8710

Business office

Level 18-20, Menara IMC, No. 8, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: (603) 2053 6788 Fax: (603) 2031 8710

3 THE FUND'S DETAILED INFORMATION

3.1 Fund Information

Fund Name	Sustainable Series – Climate Tech Fund
Base Currency of the Fund	USD
Fund Type	Growth
Fund Category	Wholesale (feeder fund)
Investment Objective	The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital growth.
	Notes: Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.
Investment Strategy	The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV in the Target Fund. This implies that the Fund has a passive strategy.
	The Fund is a qualified SRI fund. It invests in the Target Fund that adopts the thematic investment of climate technology. This includes screening, selection, monitoring and realization of the Target Fund's investments by the Investment Manager. The Target Fund will adopt the following strategy to ensure that the companies that the Target Fund invests in are in line with the sustainability principles adopted and the overall impact of such investments of the Target Fund is not inconsistent with any other sustainability principles.
	The Target Fund invests in companies that are primarily active in business areas suited to restricting or reducing climate change and its effects or help to adapt to it, specifically companies offering products, services and solutions helping to lower emissions by generating clean energy, transmit energy efficiently or increase energy efficiency, but also companies that are active in climate change impact management across areas like health, water, agriculture or disaster prevention/ recovery.
	The Target Fund's assets are predominantly invested in securities from issuers that comply with defined minimum standards in respect to environmental, social and corporate governance characteristics. The Investment Manager seeks to attain a variety of the environmental, social and corporate governance characteristics by assessing potential investments via proprietary ESG investment methodology.

This methodology incorporates portfolio investment standards according to an ESG database, which uses data from multiple leading ESG data providers as well as internal and public sources to derive proprietary combined scores for various environmental, social and corporate governance characteristics. These encompass assessments for (i) controversial sectors (which include coal, tobacco, defence industry, pornography, gambling and nuclear power), (ii) involvement in controversial weapons (nuclear weapons, depleted uranium, cluster munitions and anti-personnel mines) or (iii) violation of internationally accepted norms, but also allow for an active issuer selection based on categories such as climate and transition risk, norm compliance or bestin-class ESG evaluations. The methodology assigns one of six possible proprietary scores to each possible issuer based on a letter scoring from A to F, whereby issuers with A and B scores are considered as leading in their categories and issuers with C scores are considered as within the upper midfield of their category. These letter scoring can originate from revenues generated from controversial sectors or the degree of involvement in controversial weapons, the degree of severity that an issuer may be involved in the violation of international norms, the assessment on climate and transition risk, which is based on for example carbon intensity or the risk of stranded assets, or from best-in-class ESG evaluations.

The Investment Manager considers in its asset allocation the resulting scores from the ESG database. The Target Fund's investment in low scored issuers (scores D and E) is limited or excluded whereas issuers with the lowest scores (e.g. score F) are always excluded from the investable universe.

The ESG performance of an issuer is evaluated independently from financial success based on a variety of characteristics. These characteristics include, for example, the following fields of interest:

Environment

- Conservation of flora and fauna.
- Protection of natural resources, atmosphere and inshore waters.
- Limitation of land degradation and climate change.
- Avoidance of encroachment on ecosystems and loss of biodiversity.

Social

- General human rights.
- Prohibition of child labor and forced labor.
- Imperative Non-discrimination.
- Workplace health and safety.
- Fair workplace and appropriate remuneration.

Corporate Governance

- Corporate Governance Principles by the International Corporate Governance Network.
- Global Compact Anti-Corruption Principles.

At least 90% of the Target Fund's portfolio holdings will be screened according to non-financial criteria available via the FSG database.

More information about the functioning of the ESG investment methodology, its integration in the investment process, the selection criteria as well as the ESG related policies can be found on website www.dws.com/solutions/esg.

In addition, an engagement activity can be initiated with the individual issuers regarding matters such as strategy, financial and non-financial performance, risk, capital structure, social and environmental impact as well as corporate governance including topics like disclosure, culture and remuneration. The dialogue can be exercised by, for example, proxy voting, company meetings or engagement letters.

The Target Fund's investment strategy adopts the above investing strategy. If the Target Fund's investments become inconsistent with its investment strategies, the Investment Manager shall dispose of the investment(s) within an appropriate timeframe.

Even though the Fund is passively managed, the Fund's investments will be actively rebalanced from time to time to accommodate for subscription and redemption requests, price movements or due to reasons beyond Manager's control. During this period, the Fund's investment may differ from the stipulated asset allocation. Additionally, the Manager do not intend to take temporary defensive measure for the Fund during adverse market, economic, political or

	any other conditions to allow the Fund to mirror the performance of the Target Fund.
	The Manager may, in consultation with the Trustee and with the approval of the Unit Holders, terminate the Fund or replace the Target Fund with another fund that has similar objective if, in the Manager's opinion, the Target Fund no longer meets the Fund's investment objective. The replacement target fund must meet the requirements of the Guidelines on Sustainable and Responsible Investment Funds, where applicable. If the Target Fund no longer meets the requirements of the Guidelines on Sustainable and Responsible Investment Funds, the Fund's SRI status will be revoked.
Asset Allocation	A minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV in Target Fund;
	 A maximum of 15% of the Fund's NAV in liquid asset such as cash and deposits. For clarification, deposit includes cash with bank which pays interest.
Performance	MSCI All Country World Index.
Benchmark	(available at www.aminvest.com)
	Note: The Target Fund is not benchmarked externally. The MSCI All Country World Index is used as reference for comparative purposes only. The risk profile of the Fund is not the same as the risk profile of the reference benchmark.
Income Distribution Policy	Given the Fund's investment objective, the Classes of the Fund are not expected to pay any distribution. Distributions, if any, are at the Manager's discretion.
	RM and RM-Hedged Classes Distribution, if any, can be in the form of cash (by telegraphic transfer) or units (by reinvestment into units of the respective Classes).
	Other Classes except for RM and RM-Hedged Classes Distribution, if any, to be reinvested into units of the respective Classes.
	Notes: Income distribution amount (if any) for each of the Classes could be different and is subject to the sole discretion of the Manager. For RM and RM-Hedged Classes only, if income distribution earned does not exceed RM500, it will be automatically reinvested.

Investor Profile	The Fund is suitable for Sophisticated Investors seeking:	
	 potential capital appreciation over a long-term investment horizon; and participation in the global equity market. 	
	Note: Long-term refers to a period of at least five (5) years.	

3.2 Other Information

Approvals and Conditions	On 3 September 2021, the Fund has been approved by the SC to qualify as an SRI fund under the Guidelines on Sustainable and Responsible Investment Funds.	
Launch Date	28 September 2021	
Initial Offer Period	A period of up to twenty-one (21) days commencing from the date units of the Fund are being offered for sale.	
	Note: The Manager reserves the right to determine a shorter offer period and notify the Trustee. The decision for a shorter offer period is based on the sole discretion of the Manager.	
Initial Offer Price	RM Class: RM1.0000 RM-Hedged Class: RM1.0000 USD Class: USD1.0000	
Financial Year End	31 January	
Permitted Investment	As permitted under the Deed, the Fund will invest in any of the following investments: i. the Target Fund or any collective investment scheme having a similar objective with the Fund; ii. liquid assets which include but not limited to cash and deposits; iii. financial derivatives for hedging purposes: and iv. any other kind of investments as permitted by the SC or any other relevant authorities from time to time which is in line with the investment objectives of the Fund.	
Investment Limits and Restrictions	The Fund must be invested in one (1) collective investment scheme.	

4 INFORMATION ON DWS INVEST ESG CLIMATE TECH (THE TARGET FUND)

Name of Target Fund	DWS Invest ESG Climate Tech
Regulatory Authority	CSSF
Management Company	DWS Investment S.A.
Investment Manager	DWS Investment GmbH
Domicile	Luxembourg
Date of Establishment	1 October 2018
Name of Share Class	USD TFC
Base Currency of the Target Fund	EUR
Reference Portfolio	MSCI All Country World Index
(risk benchmark)	

4.1 About DWS Invest

The Target Fund is a sub-fund of DWS Invest (the "Company"). The Company is an open-ended investment company with variable capital (SICAV) established in Luxembourg in accordance with Part I of the Luxembourg law on Undertakings for Collective Investment of December 17, 2010 ("Law of 2010"), and in compliance with the provisions of UCITS Directive, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/438 of December 17, 2015, supplementing Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to obligations of depositories, as well as the provisions of the Grand-Ducal Regulation of February 8, 2008, relating to certain definitions of the Law of December 20, 2002, on Undertakings for Collective Investment, as amended, ("Grand-Ducal Regulation of February 8, 2008"), and implementing Directive 2007/16/EC ("Directive 2007/16/EC") in Luxembourg law.

4.2 Management Company and Investment Manager of the Target Fund

The Company was established on the initiative of DWS Investment S.A. (the "Management Company") under Luxembourg law, which, among other functions, acts as the main distributor for the Company. The Management Company is a public limited company under Luxembourg law. It is licensed and regulated by the CSSF and has been managing collective investment schemes and discretionary funds since 1987.

The Management Company may delegate one or more tasks to third parties under its supervision and control. The Management Company has appointed DWS Investment GmbH for the day-to-day implementation of the investment policy of the Target Fund. This encompasses the day-to-day implementation of the investment policy and direct investment decisions. DWS Investment GmbH is domiciled in Germany and is licensed and regulated by Bundesanstalt für

Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht to carry out fund management activities. It has been managing collective investment schemes and discretionary funds since 1956.

4.3 Investor Profile

"Growth-oriented" investor profile

The Target Fund is intended for the growth-oriented investor seeking capital appreciation primarily from equity gains and exchange rate movements. Return expectations are offset by high risks in the equity, interest rate and currency areas, as well as by credit risks and the possibility of incurring significant losses up to and including the total loss of capital invested. The investor is willing and able to bear such a financial loss and is not concerned with capital protection.

4.4 Investment Policy

The Target Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics and qualifies as product in accordance with article 8(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/208 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector.

The objective of the investment policy of the Target Fund is to achieve an above average appreciation of capital in EUR.

The Target Fund may acquire equities, stock certificates, participation and dividend right certificates, convertible bonds and equity warrants issued by foreign and domestic companies that are primarily active in business areas suited to restricting or reducing climate change and its effects or help to adapt to it, specifically companies offering products, services and solutions helping to lower emissions by generating clean energy, transmit energy efficiently or increase energy efficiency, but also companies that are active in climate change impact management across areas like health, water, agriculture or disaster prevention/ recovery.

At least 75% of the Target Fund's assets are invested in equities of all market capitalizations, stock certificates, participation and dividend right certificates, convertible bonds and equity warrants issued by foreign and domestic companies.

Up to 25% of the Target Fund's assets may be invested in short-term deposits, money market instruments and bank balances.

The Target Fund will not invest in contingent convertibles.

The Target Fund intends to use securities financing transactions under the conditions and to the extent further described in the general part of the prospectus of the Target Fund.

In addition, the Target Fund's assets may be invested in all other permissible assets specified under section "Investment Limits and Guidelines", including the assets mentioned in Article A. (j) of the Investment Limits and Guidelines.

Notwithstanding the investment limit specified in Article B. (m) concerning the use of derivatives, the following investment restrictions shall apply with regard to the investment restrictions currently applicable in individual distribution countries:

Derivatives that constitute short positions must have adequate coverage at all times and may be used exclusively for hedging purposes. Hedging is limited to 100% of the underlying instrument covering the derivative. Conversely, no more than 35% of the net value of the assets of the Target Fund may be invested in derivatives that constitute long positions and do not have corresponding coverage.

The Target Fund's assets are predominantly invested in securities from issuers that comply with defined minimum standards in respect to environmental, social and corporate governance characteristics.

The Investment Manager seeks to attain a variety of the environmental, social and corporate governance characteristics by assessing potential investments via proprietary ESG investment methodology. This methodology incorporates portfolio investment standards according to an ESG database, which uses data from multiple leading ESG data providers as well as internal and public sources to derive proprietary combined scores for various environmental, social and corporate governance characteristics. These encompass assessments for (i) controversial sectors (which include coal, tobacco, defence industry, pornography, gambling and nuclear power), (ii) involvement in controversial weapons (nuclear weapons, depleted uranium, cluster munitions and anti-personnel mines) or (iii) violation of internationally accepted norms, but also allow for an active issuer selection based on categories such as climate and transition risk, norm compliance or best-in-class ESG evaluations. The methodology assigns one of six possible proprietary scores to each possible issuer based on a letter scoring from A to F, whereby issuers with A and B scores are considered as leading in their categories and issuers with C scores are considered as within the upper midfield of their category. These letter scoring can originate from revenues generated from controversial sectors or the degree of involvement in controversial weapons, the degree of severity that an issuer may be involved in the violation of international norms, the assessment on climate and transition risk, which is based on for example carbon intensity or the risk of stranded assets, or from best-in-class ESG evaluations.

The Investment Manager considers in its asset allocation the resulting scores from the ESG database. The Target Fund's investment in low scored issuers (scores D and E) is limited or excluded whereas issuers with the lowest scores (e.g. score F) are always excluded from the investable universe.

The ESG performance of an issuer is evaluated independently from financial success based on a variety of characteristics. These characteristics include, for example, the following fields of interest:

Environment

- Conservation of flora and fauna.
- Protection of natural resources, atmosphere and inshore waters.

- Limitation of land degradation and climate change.
- Avoidance of encroachment on ecosystems and loss of biodiversity.

Social

- General human rights.
- Prohibition of child labor and forced labor.
- Imperative Non-discrimination.
- Workplace health and safety.
- Fair workplace and appropriate remuneration.

Corporate Governance

- Corporate Governance Principles by the International Corporate Governance Network.
- Global Compact Anti-Corruption Principles.

At least 90% of the Target Fund's portfolio holdings will be screened according to non-financial criteria available via the ESG database.

More information about the functioning of the ESG investment methodology, its integration in the investment process, the selection criteria as well as the ESG related policies can be found on website www.dws.com/solutions/esg.

In addition, an engagement activity can be initiated with the individual issuers regarding matters such as strategy, financial and non-financial performance, risk, capital structure, social and environmental impact as well as corporate governance including topics like disclosure, culture and remuneration. The dialogue can be exercised by, for example, proxy voting, company meetings or engagement letters.

Notwithstanding the investment limit of 10% specified in Article B. (i) concerning investments in shares of other UCITS and/or other UCIs as defined in Article A. (e), an investment limit of 5% shall apply to the Target Fund.

For the purpose of inducing a partial tax exemption within the meaning of the German Investment Tax Act and in addition to the investment limits described in the Articles of Incorporation and the prospectus of the Target Fund, at least 60% of the Target Fund's gross assets (determined as being the value of the Target Fund's assets without taking into account liabilities) are invested in equities admitted to official trading on a stock exchange or admitted to, or included in, another organized market and which are not:

- units of investment funds:
- equities indirectly held via partnerships;
- units of corporations, associations of persons or estates at least 75% of the gross assets of which consist of immovable property in accordance with statutory provisions or their investment conditions, if such corporations, associations of persons or estates are subject to income tax of at least 15% and are not exempt from it or if their distributions are subject to tax of at least 15% and the Target Fund is not exempt from said taxation;

- units of corporations which are exempt from corporate income taxation to the extent they conduct distributions unless such distributions are subject to taxation at a minimum rate of 15% and the Target Fund is not exempt from said taxation;
- units of corporations the income of which originates, directly or indirectly, to an extent of more than 10%, from units of corporations, that are (i) real estate companies or (ii) are not real estate companies, but (a) are domiciled in member state of the EU or a member state of the EEA and are not subject in said domicile to corporate income tax or are exempt from it or (b) are domiciled in a third country and are not subject in said domicile to corporate income tax of at least 15% or are exempt from it:
- units of corporations which hold, directly or indirectly, units of corporations, that are (i) real estate companies or (ii) are not real estate companies, but (a) are domiciled in a member state of the EU or a member state of the EEA and are not subject in said domicile to corporate income tax or are exempt from it or (b) are domiciled in a third country and are not subject in said domicile to corporate income tax of at least 15% or are exempt from it if the fair market value of units of such corporations equal more than 10% of the fair market value of those corporations.

For the purpose of this investment policy and in accordance with the definition in the German Investment Code (KAGB), an organized market is a market which is recognized, open to the public and which functions correctly, unless expressly specified otherwise. Such organized market also meets the criteria of article 50 of the UCITS Directive.

4.5 Investment Limits and Guidelines

A. Investments of the Target Fund

- (a) The Target Fund may invest in securities and money market instruments that are listed or traded on a regulated market.
- (b) The Target Fund may invest in securities and money market instruments that are traded on another market in a member state of the EU that operates regularly and is recognized, regulated and open to the public.
- (c) The Target Fund may invest in securities and money market instruments that are admitted for official trading on an exchange in a state that is not a member state of the EU or traded on another regulated market in that state that operates regularly and is recognized and open to the public.
- (d) The Target Fund may invest in securities and money market instruments that are new issues, provided that:
 - the terms of issue include the obligation to apply for admission for trading on an exchange or on another regulated market that operates regularly and is recognized and open to the public, and
 - such admission is procured no later than one (1) year after the issue.

- (e) The Target Fund may invest in shares of UCITS and/or other UCIs within the meaning of the UCITS Directive, should they be situated in a member state of the EU or not, provided that:
 - such other UCIs have been authorized under laws that provide that they
 are subject to supervision considered by the CSSF to be equivalent to
 that laid down in community law, and that cooperation between
 authorities is sufficiently ensured;
 - in the other UCIs is equivalent to that provided for investors in an UCITS, and in particular that the rules on fund asset segregation, borrowing, lending, and short selling of transferable securities and money market instruments are equivalent to the requirements of the UCITS Directive;
 - the business of the other UCIs is reported in semi-annual and annual reports to enable an assessment to be made of the assets and liabilities, income and transactions over the reporting period;
 - no more than 10% of the assets of the UCITS or of the other UCIs whose acquisition is being contemplated can, according to its contract terms or articles of incorporation, be invested aggregate in shares of other UCITS or other UCIs.

Such shares comply with the requirements as set out in article 41 (1) (e) of the Law of 2010 and any reference to "funds" in the prospectus of the Target Fund is to be understood accordingly.

- (f) The Target Fund may invest in deposits with financial institutions that are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and mature within twelve (12) months or less, provided that the financial institution has its registered office in a member state of the EU or, if the registered office of the financial institution is situated in a state that is not a member state of the EU, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in community law.
- (g) The Target Fund may invest in financial derivative instruments ("derivatives"), including equivalent cash-settled instruments, that are traded on a market referred to in (a), (b) and (c) and/or financial derivative instruments that are not traded on an exchange ("OTC derivatives"), provided that:
 - the underlying instruments are instruments covered by this paragraph or financial indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies, in which the Target Fund may invest according to its investment policy;
 - the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision, and belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF; and
 - the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Company's initiative.
- (h) The Target Fund may invest in money market instruments not traded on a regulated market that are usually traded on the money market, are liquid and have a value that can be accurately determined at any time, if the issue or

issuer of such instruments is itself regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings, and provided that these instruments are:

- issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority or central bank of a member state of the EU, the European Central Bank, the EU or the European Investment Bank, a state that is not a member state of the EU or, in the case of a federal state, by one of the members making up the federation, or by a public international body of which one or more member states of the EU are members; or
- issued by an undertaking whose securities are traded on the regulated markets referred to in the preceding subparagraphs (a), (b) or (c); or
- issued or guaranteed by an establishment that is subject to prudential supervision in accordance with the criteria defined by community law, or by an establishment that is subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the CSSF to be at least as stringent as those laid down by community law; or
- issued by other bodies belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF, provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in the first, the second or the third preceding indent and provided that the issuer is a company whose capital and reserves amount to at least EUR10 million and which presents and publishes its annual financial statements in accordance with the Fourth Council Directive 78/660/EEC, is an entity that, within a group of companies that includes one or more exchange-listed companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity that is dedicated to the financing of securitization vehicles that benefit from credit lines to assure liquidity.
- (i) Notwithstanding the principle of risk-spreading, the Target Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in securities and money market instruments stemming from different issues that are issued or guaranteed by a member state of the EU, its local authorities, any other member state of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), the G20 or Singapore or by a public international body of which one or more member states of the EU are members, provided that the Target Fund holds securities that originated from at least six (6) different issues and the securities stemming from any one (1) issue do not exceed 30% of the assets of the Target Fund.
- (j) The Target Fund may not invest in precious metals or precious-metal certificates; if the investment policy of the Target Fund contains a special reference to this clause, this restriction does not apply for 1:1 certificates whose underlying are single commodities/precious metals and that meet the requirements of transferable securities as determined in Article 1 (34) of the Law of 2010.

B. Investment Limits of the Target Fund

(a) No more than 10% of the Target Fund's net assets may be invested in securities or money market instruments from any one issuer.

- (b) No more than 20% of the Target Fund's net assets may be invested in deposits made with any one institution.
- (c) The risk exposure to a counterparty in OTC derivative transactions as well as in OTC derivative transactions, which are effected with regard to an efficient portfolio management may not exceed 10% of the Target Fund's net assets if the counterparty is a credit institution as defined in A. (f) above. In all other cases, the exposure limit is 5% of the Target Fund's net assets.
- (d) No more than 40% of the Target Fund's net assets may be invested in securities and money market instruments of issuers in which over 5% of the Target Fund's net assets are invested.

This limitation does not apply to deposits and OTC derivative transactions conducted with financial institutions that are subject to prudential supervision.

Notwithstanding the individual upper limits specified in B. (a), (b) and (c) above, the Target Fund may not invest more than 20% of its net assets in a combination of:

- investments in securities or money market instruments, and/or
- deposits made with, and/or
- exposures arising from OTC derivative transactions undertaken with a single institution.
- (e) The limit of 10% set in B. (a) rises to 35%, and the limit set in B. (d) does not apply to securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by:
 - a member state of the EU or its local authorities: or
 - a state that is not a member state of the EU; or
 - public international bodies of which one or more member states of the EU are members.
- (f) The limit set in B. (a) rises from 10% to 25%, and the limit set in B. (d) does not apply in the case of bonds that fulfil the following conditions:
 - they are issued by a credit institution that has its registered office in a member state of the EU and which is legally subject to special public supervision intended to protect the holders of such bonds; and
 - sums deriving from the issue of such bonds are invested in conformity with the law in assets that, during the whole period of validity of the bonds, are capable of covering claims attaching to the bonds; and
 - such assets, in the event of default of the issuer, would be used on a priority basis for the repayment of the principal and payment of the accrued interest.

If the Target Fund invests more than 5% of its assets in bonds of this type issued by any one issuer, the total value of these investments may not exceed 80% of the value of the net assets of the Target Fund.

(g) The limits provided for in paragraphs B. (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) may not be combined, and thus investments in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by any one institution or in deposits made with this institution or in this institution's derivative instruments shall under no circumstances exceed in total 35% of the Target Fund's net assets.

The Target Fund may cumulatively invest up to 20% of its assets in securities and money market instruments of any one group of companies.

Companies that are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated financial statements, as defined in accordance with the Seventh Council Directive 83/349/EEC or in accordance with recognized international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single issuer for the purpose of calculating the limits contained in this article.

- (h) The Target Fund may invest no more than 10% of its net assets in securities and money market instruments other than those specified in A.
- (i) The Target Fund may invest no more than 10% of its net assets in shares of other UCITS and/or other UCIs as defined in A. (e), unless otherwise provided for in the prospectus of the Target Fund.

In the case of investments in shares of another UCITS and/or other UCIs, the investments held by that UCITS and/or by other UCI are not taken into consideration for the purposes of the limits laid down in B. (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f).

When the Target Fund invests in the units of UCITS and/or other UCIs that are managed, directly or by delegation, by the same management company or by any other company with which the Management Company is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding, (regarded as more than 10% of the voting rights or share capital), that management company or other company may not charge subscription, conversion or redemption fees on account of the Target Fund's investment in the units of such UCITS and/or other UCIs.

If the Target Fund invests a substantial proportion of its assets in other UCITS and/or other UCIs, the maximum level of the management fees that may be charged both to the Target Fund itself and to the other UCITS and/or other UCIs in which it intends to invest, shall be disclosed in the prospectus of the Target Fund.

In the annual report of the Company it shall be indicated for the Target Fund the maximum proportion of management fees charged both to the Target Fund and to the UCITS and/or other UCIs in which the Target Fund invests.

(j) If admission to one of the markets defined under A. (a), (b) or (c) is not obtained within the one-year deadline, new issues shall be considered

unlisted securities and money market instruments and counted towards the investment limit stated there.

(k) The Company or the Management Company may not purchase for the Target Fund equities with voting rights that would enable it to exert significant influence on the management policies of the relevant issuer.

The Target Fund may acquire no more than:

- 10% of the non-voting shares of any one issuer;
- 10% of the bonds of any one issuer;
- 25% of the shares of any fund or respectively any sub-fund of an umbrella fund;
- 10% of the money market instruments of any one issuer.

The limits laid down in the second, third and fourth indents may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the gross amount of the bonds or of the money market instruments, or the net amount of outstanding fund shares, cannot be calculated.

- (I) The investment limits specified in (k) shall not be applied to:
 - securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a member state of the EU or its local authorities;
 - securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a state that is not a member state of the EU;
 - securities and money market instruments issued by public international bodies of which one or more member states of the EU are members;
 - shares held by the Company in the capital of a company incorporated in a state that is not a member state of the EU, investing its assets mainly in the securities of issuing bodies having their registered offices in that state, where under the legislation of that state such a holding represents the only way in which the fund can invest in the securities of issuers from that state. This derogation, however, shall apply only if in its investment policy the company from the state that is not a member state of the EU complies with the limits specified in B. (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g), (i) and (k). Where these limits are exceeded, Article 49 of the Law of 2010, on Undertakings for Collective Investment shall apply;
 - shares held by one or more investment companies in the capital of subsidiary companies that only conduct certain management, advisory or marketing activities with regard to the repurchase of shares at the request of investors in the country where the subsidiary is located, and do so exclusively on behalf of the investment company or investment companies.
- (m) The Target Fund's global exposure relating to derivative instruments must not exceed the total net value of its portfolio. The exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying instruments, the

counterparty risk, future market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.

The Target Fund may invest in derivatives as part of its investment strategy and within the limits specified in B. (g), provided that the global exposure to the underlying instruments does not exceed on aggregate the investment limits specified in B. (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f).

If the Target Fund invests in index-based derivatives, these investments are not taken into consideration with reference to the investment limits specified in B. (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f).

When a security or money market instrument embeds a derivative, the latter must be taken into consideration when complying with the requirements of the investment limits.

(n) In addition, the Target Fund may invest up to 49% of its assets in liquid assets. In particular, exceptional cases it is permitted to temporarily have more than 49% invested in liquid assets, if and to the extent that this appears to be justified with regard to the interests of unit holders of the Target Fund.

C. Exceptions to the Investment Limits

- (a) The Target Fund needs not to comply with the investment limits when exercising subscription rights attaching to securities or money market instruments that form part of its assets.
- (b) While ensuring observance of the principle of risk spreading, the Target Fund may derogate from the specified investment limits for a period of six (6) months following the date of its authorization.

D. <u>Credit Restrictions</u>

No borrowing may be undertaken by the Company for the account of the Target Fund. The Target Fund may, however, acquire foreign currency by means of a "backto-back" loan.

By way of derogation from the preceding paragraph, the Target Fund may borrow:

- up to 10% of the Target Fund's net assets, provided that such borrowing is on a temporary basis;
- up to the equivalent of 10% of the Target Fund's assets, provided that the borrowing is to make possible the acquisition of immovable property essential for the direct pursuit of its business; in this case the borrowing and that referred to in the preceding subparagraph may not in any case in total exceed 15% of the Target Fund's net assets.

The Company may not grant loans for the account of the Target Fund, nor may it act as guarantor on behalf of third parties.

This shall not prevent the Target Fund from acquiring securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments that are not yet fully paid in.

E. Short Selling

The Company may not engage in short selling of securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments as specified in A. (e), (g) and (h) for the account of the Target Fund.

F. Encumbrance

The Target Fund's assets may only be pledged as collateral, transferred, assigned or otherwise encumbered to the extent that such transactions are required by an exchange or regulated market or imposed by contractual or other terms and conditions.

4.6 Integration of Sustainability Risks in the Investment Process

The Target Fund management integrates sustainability risks into their investment decisions by means of ESG Integration.

ESG Integration

In its investment decisions, the Investment Manager considers, in addition to financial data, sustainability risks. This consideration applies to the entire investment process, both in the fundamental analysis of investments and in the decision-making process.

In the fundamental analysis, ESG criteria are particularly evaluated in the internal market analysis. In addition, ESG criteria are integrated into any further investment research. This includes the identification of global sustainability trends, financially relevant ESG issues and challenges.

Moreover, risks that may arise from the consequences of climate change, or risks arising from the violation of internationally recognized guidelines are subject to special examination. The internationally recognized guidelines include, above all, the ten (10) principles of the United Nations Global Compact, International Labour Organization (ILO) core labor standards, or United Nations guiding principles for business and human rights and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) guidelines for multinational companies.

In order to take ESG criteria into account, the Investment Manager uses a specific database into which ESG data from other research companies, as well as its own research results, are incorporated.

If investments are made according to an ESG-integrated fundamental analysis, these investments will continue to be monitored also from an ESG perspective. In addition, a dialogue is sought with companies regarding better corporate governance and greater consideration of ESG criteria (e.g. via participation as a shareholder in the company, or by exercising voting and other shareholder rights).

4.7 Risk Management

The relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach is used to limit market risk in the Target Fund. In addition to the provisions of the general section of the prospectus of the Target Fund, the potential market risk of the Target Fund is measured using a reference portfolio that does not contain derivatives ("risk benchmark").

Leverage is not expected to exceed twice the value of the investment of Target Fund's assets. The leverage effect is calculated using the sum of notional approach (absolute (notional) amount of each derivative position divided by the net present value of the portfolio). However, the disclosed expected level of leverage is not intended to be an additional exposure limit for the Target Fund.

4.8 Temporary Suspension of the Issue and Redemption of Target Fund and of the Calculations of the Net Asset Value per Unit of the Target Fund

The Company has the right to suspend temporarily the issue and redemption of units of the Target Fund, as well as the calculation of the NAV per unit of the Target Fund, if and while circumstances exist that make this suspension necessary and if the suspension is justified when taking into consideration the interest of the unit holders of the Target Fund, in particular:

- (a) while an exchange or other regulated market on which a substantial portion
 of the securities of the Target Fund are traded is closed (excluding normal
 weekends and holidays) or when trading on that exchange has been
 suspended or restricted;
- (b) in an emergency, if the Company is unable to gain access to its investments or cannot freely transfer the transaction value of the Target Fund's purchases or sales or calculate the net asset value per unit of the Target Fund in an orderly manner;
- (c) if the assets available for acquisition on the market or the possibilities of disposing of assets of the Target Fund are limited because of the limited investment universe of the Target Fund;
- (d) in the event of a merger between Target Fund and another sub-fund or another Undertaking for Collective Investment (or a sub-fund thereof), if a suspension is considered to be appropriate in order to protect the rights of the investors of the Target Fund.

Investors of the Target Fund who have applied for redemption of units of the Target Fund will be informed promptly of the suspension and will then be notified

immediately once the calculation of the net asset value per unit of the Target Fund is resumed. After resumption, investors will receive the redemption price that is then current.

The suspension of the redemption and the exchange of units of the Target Fund, and of the calculation of the net asset value per unit of the Target Fund, shall have no effect on any other sub-fund under the Company.

The beginning and end of a period of suspension is communicated to the Luxembourg supervisory authority and to all foreign supervisory authorities at which the Target Fund has been registered in accordance with their respective regulations. Notice of suspension of the calculation of the net asset value per unit of the Target Fund will be published on the website of the Management Company www.dws.com and, if required, in the official publication media of the respective jurisdictions in which the units of the Target Fund are offered for sale to the public.

4.9 Fees Charged by the Target Fund

Sales Charge	0%
Redemption	Not applicable
Charge	
Management Fee	Up to 0.75% p.a. of the net asset value of the Target Fund.
Service Fee	0%
Taxe	0.05% p.a. (payable by the Target Fund).
d'abonnement	
Expense Cap	Not to exceed 15% of the Management Company fee.
Other Expenses	Other expenses may also be charged by the Target Fund (as described in Article 12 (c) in the general section of the prospectus of the Target Fund).

For detailed information of the Target Fund as may be updated and amended from time to time, please refer to the Target Fund's prospectus available on www.dws.com.

5 RISK FACTORS

All investments carry some degree of risk. Therefore, before making an investment decision, you may consider the different types of risk that may affect the Fund or you individually.

General risks asso	General risks associated with investing in a wholesale fund	
Market Risk	Market risk refers to the possibility that an investment will lose value because of a general decline in financial markets, due to economic, political and/or other factors, which will result in a decline in the fund's net asset value.	
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that Sophisticated Investors' investment in the fund may not grow or generate income at a rate that keeps pace with inflation. This would reduce Sophisticated Investors' purchasing power even though the value of the investment in monetary terms has increased.	
Manager's Risk	This risk refers to the day-to-day management of the fund by the manager which will impact the performance of the fund. For example, investment decisions undertaken by the manager, as a result of an incorrect view of the market or any non-compliance with internal policies, investment mandate, the deed, relevant law or guidelines due to factors such as human error or weaknesses in operational process and systems, may adversely affect the performance of the fund.	
Non- Compliance Risk	This is the risk of the manager or the trustee not complying with their respective internal policies, the deed and its supplemental deed, securities law or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the fund when the manager or the trustee takes action to rectify the non-compliance. For example, non-compliance could occur due to factors such as human error or shortfalls in operational and administrative processes, or external factors such as market movements. This risk may be mitigated by having sufficient internal controls in place to ensure compliance with all applicable requirements at all times.	
Loan Financing Risk	This risk occurs when investors take a loan/financing to finance their investment. The inherent risk of investing with borrowed money includes investors being unable to service the repayments. In the event units are used as collateral, an investor may be required to top-up the investors' existing instalment if the prices of units fall below a certain level due to market conditions. Failing which, the units may be sold at a lower net asset value per unit as compared to the net asset	

General risks associated with investing in a wholesale fund	
	value per unit at the point of purchase towards settling the loan/financing. Note: The Manager does not provide financing for the purchase of units of the Fund. However, if an investor
	obtains financing from other providers, this is the risk that the investor should be aware of.
Country Risk	Investments of the fund in any countries may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the fund invests in. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of the countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the net asset value or prices of units to fall.
Specific risks ass	ociated with the investment portfolio of the Fund
Risk of a Passive Strategy	As the Fund adopts a passive strategy of investing a minimum of 85% of its NAV into the Target Fund at all times, this strategy would result in the Fund being exposed to the

manager of the Target Fund.

Risk of not meeting the Fund's Investment Objective

This is the risk that the Fund may deviate from the intended investment objective, the Manager may liquidate the investments in the Target Fund and hold 100% of the Fund's NAV in cash, in order to protect the Unit Holders' interest, under circumstances including but not limited to the following:

risk of its NAV declining when the Target Fund's net asset value declines. This is because the Fund is closely mirroring the performance of the Target Fund and will not be adopting any temporary defensive strategies in response to such declines. All investment decisions are left with the fund

- a. there is an adverse change to the regulatory and political regime in which the Target Fund operates;
- b. there is a material change to the investment objective of the Target Fund; and
- c. there is an unfavourable change to the feature of the Target Fund (e.g. fees, distribution policy)

Subsequently, the Manager, in consultation with the Trustee will call for a Unit Holder's meeting to decide on whether to terminate the Fund or replace the Target Fund with a new target fund.

Specific risks associated with the investment portfolio of the Fund	
	Note: A replacement of the Target Fund or termination of
	the Fund would require Unit Holder's approval.
Currency Risk	As the Fund offers multiple currency Classes, certain Class(es) would be exposed to currency risk. This is the risk associated with investments in certain Class(es) of the Fund which is denominated in currency different from the base currency of the Fund. When the base currency of the Fund depreciates against the denomination currency of certain Class(es), the Class(es) will suffer currency losses. This is in addition to any gains or losses derived from the Fund's investment in the Target Fund.
	The Manager may at its discretion hedge the currency exposure of any of the Class(es) against the base currency of the Fund to mitigate currency risk for the benefit of the Class(es).
	However, it should be noted that the Fund's investment in the Target Fund may still be exposed to currency gains or losses resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates between the base currency of the Target Fund and the other currencies which the Target Fund may be exposed to.
Income Distribution Risk	It should be noted that the distribution of income is not guaranteed. Circumstances preventing the distribution of income include, among others, insufficient realised returns to enable income distribution. As per the SC Guidelines, distribution of income should only be made from realised gains or realised income.
Liquidity Risk	The Fund will be investing a minimum of 85% of its asset in the Target Fund. There may be exceptional circumstances, which could cause delays in the redemption of shares of the Target Fund and units of the Fund. In the event of exceptional circumstances such as suspension of calculation of net asset value of the Target Fund, no shares of the Target Fund will be redeemed.

Note: The abovementioned risks which Sophisticated Investors should consider before investing into the Fund should not be considered to be an exhaustive list. Sophisticated Investors should be aware that investments in the Fund may be exposed to other risks of an exceptional nature from time to time.

Specific risks associated with the Target Fund	
Market Risk	The price or market performance of financial products depends, in particular, on the performance of the capital markets, which in turn are affected by the overall economic

Specific risks ass	Specific risks associated with the Target Fund	
	situation and the general economic and political framework in individual countries. Irrational factors such as sentiment, opinions and rumors have an effect on general price performance, particularly on an exchange.	
Market Risk in connection with Sustainability Risks	The market price may also be affected by risks from environmental, social or corporate governance aspects. For example, market prices can change if companies do not act sustainably and do not invest in sustainable transformations. Similarly, strategic orientations of companies that do not take sustainability into account can have a negative impact on share prices. The reputational risk arising from unsustainable corporate actions can also have a negative impact. Additionally, physical damage caused by climate change or measures to transition to a low-carbon economy can also have a negative impact on the market price.	
Country or Transfer Risk	A country risk exists when a foreign borrower, despite ability to pay, cannot make payments at all, or not on time, because of the inability or unwillingness of its country of domicile to execute transfers. This means that, for example, payments to which the Target Fund is entitled may not occur, or be in a currency that is no longer convertible due to restrictions on currency exchange.	
Settlement Risk	Especially when investing in unlisted securities, there is a risk that settlement via a transfer system is not executed as expected because a payment or delivery did not take place in time or as agreed.	
Changes in Tax Framework, Tax Risk	The information provided in the prospectus of the Target Fund is based on their understanding of current tax laws. The summary of tax regulations is addressed to persons subject to unlimited individual or corporate income taxation in Germany. However, no responsibility can be assumed for potential changes in the tax structure through legislation, court decisions or the orders of the tax authorities.	
Currency Risk	To the extent that the Target Fund's assets are invested in currencies other than the Target Fund currency, the Target Fund will receive income, repayments and proceeds from such investments in these other currencies. If the value of this currency depreciates in relation to the Target Fund currency, the value of the Target Fund's assets is reduced. Target Fund offering non-base currency share classes might be exposed to positive or negative currency impacts due to time lags attached to necessary order processing and booking steps.	
Custody Risk	The custody risk describes the risk resulting from the basic possibility that, in the event of insolvency, violation of due diligence or improper conduct on the part of the depositary or	

Specific risks associated with the Target Fund	
	any sub-depositary of the Target Fund, the investments in custody may be removed in whole or in part from the Company's access to its loss.
Concentration Risk	Additional risks may arise from a concentration of investments in particular assets or markets. The Target Fund's assets then become particularly heavily dependent on the performance of these assets or markets.
Legal and Political Risks	Investments may be made for the Company in jurisdictions in which Luxembourg law does not apply, or, in the event of legal disputes, the place of jurisdiction is located outside of Luxembourg. The resulting rights and obligations of the Company may vary from its rights and obligations in Luxembourg, to the detriment of the Company and/or the investor of the Target Fund.
	The Company may be unaware of political or legal developments (or may only become aware of them at a later date), including amendments to the legislative framework in these jurisdictions. Such developments may also lead to limitations regarding the eligibility of assets that may be, or already have been, acquired. This situation may also arise if the Luxembourg legislative framework governing the Company and/or the management of the Company is amended.
Operational Risk	The Company may be exposed to a risk of loss, which can arise, for example, from inadequate internal processes and from human error or system failures at the Company, the Management Company or at external third parties. These risks can affect the performance of the Target Fund, and can thus also adversely affect the net asset value per unit of the Target Fund and the capital invested by the investor of the Target Fund.
Risks due to Criminal Acts, Maladministrati on, Natural Disasters, Lack of Attention to Sustainability	The Target Fund may become a victim of fraud or other criminal acts. It may suffer losses due to errors by employees of the Management Company or external third parties, or be damaged by outside events such as natural disasters or pandemics. These events may be caused or exacerbated by a lack of attention to sustainability. The Management Company strives to keep operational risks and potential financial impacts thereof which may be affecting the value of the assets of the Target Fund as low as reasonably possible by having processes and procedures in place to identify, manage and litigate such risks.
Inflation Risk	All assets are subject to a risk of devaluation through inflation.
Key Individual Risk	The exceptionally positive performance of the Target Fund during a particular period is also attributable to the abilities of

Specific risks associated with the Target Fund			
	the individuals acting in the interests of the Target Fund, and therefore to the correct decisions made by the management. Fund management personnel can change, however. New decision makers might not be as successful.		
Change in the Investment Policy	The risk associated with the Target Fund's assets may change in terms of content due to a change in the investment policy within the range of investments permitted for the Target Fund's assets.		
Changes to the Target Fund's Prospectus; Liquidation or Merger	The Company reserves the right to change the prospectus for the Target Fund. In addition, the Company may, in accordance with the provisions of its articles of incorporation and prospectus of the Target Fund, liquidate the Target Fund entirely or merge it with another fund's assets. For the investor of the Target Fund, this entails the risk that the holding period planned by the investor will not be realized.		
Risks Connected to Derivative Transactions	Buying and selling options, as well as the conclusion of futures contracts or swaps (including total return swaps), involves the following risks: - Price changes in the underlying instrument can cause a decrease in the value of the option or future contract, and even result in a total loss. Changes in the value of the asset underlying a swap or total return swap can also result in losses for the Target Fund assets. - Any necessary back-to-back transactions (closing of position) incur costs which can cause a decrease in the value of the Target Fund's assets. - The leverage effect of options, swaps, futures contracts or other derivatives may alter the value of the Target Fund's assets more strongly than the direct purchase of the underlying instruments would. - The purchase of options entails the risk that the options are not exercised because the prices of the underlying instruments do not change as expected, meaning that the Target Fund's assets lose the option premium they paid. If options are sold, there is the risk that the Target Fund may be obliged to buy assets at a price that is higher than the current market price, or obliged to deliver assets at a price which is lower than the current market price. In that case, the Target Fund will suffer from a loss amounting to the price difference minus the option premium which had been received. - Futures contracts also entail the risk that the Target Fund's assets may make losses due to market prices not having developed as expected at maturity.		
Risks Connected to	When investing in shares of target funds, it must be taken into consideration that the fund managers of the individual		

Specific risks ass	sociated with the Target Fund
the Acquisition of Shares of Investment Funds	target funds act independently of one another and that therefore multiple target funds may follow investment strategies which are identical or contrary to one another. This can result in a cumulative effect of existing risks, and any opportunities might be offset.
Liquidity Risk	Liquidity risks arise when a particular security is difficult to dispose of. In principle, acquisitions for the Target Fund must only consist of securities that can be sold again at any time. Nevertheless, it may be difficult to sell particular securities at the desired time during certain phases or in particular exchange segments. There is also the risk that securities traded in a rather narrow market segment will be subject to considerable price volatility.
Counterparty Risk	Risks may arise for the Company as a result of a contractual commitment with another party (a "counterparty"). In this context, there is a risk that the contracting party will no longer be able to fulfil its contractual obligations. These risks may compromise the Target Fund's performance, and may therefore have a detrimental effect on the share value and the capital invested by the investor of the Target Fund.
	When the Target Fund conducts over-the-counter (OTC) transactions, it may be exposed to risks relating to the credit standing of its counterparties and to their ability to fulfil the conditions of the contracts it enters into with them. The Target Fund may consequently enter into futures, options and swap transactions or use other derivative techniques, for example total return swaps, which will expose the Target Fund to the risk of a counterparty not fulfilling its obligations under a particular contract.
	In the event of a bankruptcy or insolvency of a counterparty, the Target Fund could experience delays in liquidating the position and significant losses, including declines in the value of its investment during the period in which the Target Fund seeks to enforce its rights, inability to realise any gains on its investment during such period and fees and expenses incurred in enforcing its rights. There is also a possibility that the above agreements and derivative techniques are terminated due, for instance, to bankruptcy, supervening illegality or change in the tax or accounting laws relative to those at the time the agreement was originated.
	The Target Funds may participate in transactions on over- the-counter markets and interdealer markets. The participants in such markets are typically not subject to credit

evaluation and regulatory oversight as are members of "exchange-based" markets. To the extent the Target Fund invests in swaps, derivative or synthetic instruments, or other over-the counter transactions, on these markets, the Target Fund may take credit risk with regard to parties with whom it trades and may also bear the risk of settlement default. These risks may differ materially from those entailed in exchangetraded transactions which generally are backed by clearing organisation guarantees, daily marking-to-market settlement. and segregation and minimum capital requirements applicable to intermediaries. Transactions entered directly between two counterparties generally do not benefit from such protections.

This exposes the Target Fund to the risk that a counterparty will not settle a transaction in accordance with its terms and conditions because of a dispute over the terms of the contract (whether or not bona fide) or because of a credit or liquidity problem, thus causing the Target Fund to suffer a loss. Such "counterparty risk" is accentuated for contracts with longer maturities where events may intervene to prevent settlement, or where the Target Fund has concentrated its transactions with a single or small group of counterparties.

In addition, in the case of a default, the Target Fund could become subject to adverse market movements while replacement transactions are executed. The Target Fund is not restricted from dealing with any particular counterparty or from concentrating any or all of their transactions with one counterparty. The ability of the Target Fund to transact business with any one or number of counterparties, the lack of any meaningful and independent evaluation of such counterparties' financial capabilities and the absence of a regulated market to facilitate settlement may increase the potential for losses by the Target Fund.

Risks Related to Securities Financing Transactions -Securities Lending and (Reverse) Repurchase Agreements Securities financing transactions, namely securities lending transactions and (reverse) repurchase agreements, can either represent a risk on its own or have an impact on other risks and contribute significantly to the risk, such as counterparty risks, operational risks, liquidity risks, custody risks and legal risks. Please also refer to the above description.

Counterparty risks

If the other party (counterparty) to a (reverse) repurchase agreement or securities lending transaction should default,

the Target Fund might suffer a loss to the extent that the proceeds from the sale of the underlying securities and/or other collateral held by the Target Fund in connection with the securities lending transaction or (reverse) repurchase agreement are less than the repurchase price or, as the case may be, the value of the underlying securities. In addition, in the event of bankruptcy or similar proceedings of the party to a (reverse) repurchase agreement or a securities lending transaction or its failure otherwise to perform its obligations on the repurchase date, the Target Fund could suffer losses, including loss of interest on or principal of the securities and costs associated with delay and enforcement of the (reverse) repurchase agreement or securities lending transaction.

The use of such techniques may have a significant effect, either negative or positive, on the Target Fund's net asset value although it is expected that the use of repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions will generally not have a material negative impact on the Target Fund's performance.

Operational risks

Operational risk is inherent in any financial activity, including securities financing transactions. Deficiencies from inadequate internal processes and from human error or system failures at service providers, the Company, the Management Company or a counterparty can result in an unexpected loss. The costs can be related to either a loss of a fraction or the whole value of a transaction, or to penalties imposed on the institution by a counterparty.

Liquidity risks

The Target Fund is subject to liquidity risk which arise when a particular instrument is difficult to dispose of.

Custody risks

Custody risk is the risk of loss of securities held with a custodian as a result of insolvency, negligence or fraudulent action by the custodian. Custody risk is influenced by a variety of factors including the legal status of the securities, the accounting practices and safekeeping procedures employed by the custodian, the custodian's choice of subcustodians and other intermediaries, and the law governing the custody relationship.

Legal risks

Legal risks can bear the risk of loss because of the unexpected application of a law or regulation or because a contract cannot be enforced. A (reverse) repurchase or securities lending contract may be invalid or unenforceable. Even if the collateral arrangement has been set up correctly, there is the risk that the relevant insolvency law may impose a stay that prevents the collateral taker from liquidating the collateral.

Risks associated with the receipt of collateral

The Company may receive collateral for OTC derivatives transactions, securities lending transactions and reverse repurchase agreements. Derivatives, as well as securities lent and sold, may increase in value. Therefore, collateral received may no longer be sufficient to fully cover the Company's claim for delivery or redemption of collateral against a counterparty.

The Company may deposit cash collateral in blocked accounts, or invest it in high quality government bonds or in money market funds with a short-term maturity structure. Though, the credit institution that safe keeps the deposits may default; the performance of government bonds and money market funds may be negative. Upon completion of the transaction, the collateral deposited or invested may no longer be available to the full extent, although the Company is obligated to redeem the collateral at the amount initially granted. Therefore, the Company may be obliged to increase the collateral to the amount granted and thus compensate the losses incurred by the deposit or investment of collateral.

Risks associated with collateral management

Collateral management requires the use of systems and certain process definitions. Failure of processes as well as human or system errors at the level of the Company or third-parties in relation to collateral management could entail the risk that assets, serving as collateral, lose value and are no longer sufficient to fully cover the Company's claim for delivery or transfer back of collateral against a counterparty.

Sustainability Risk – ESG

Sustainability risk means an environmental, social, or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could potentially or actually cause a negative material impact on the investment's value. Sustainability risk can either represent a risk on its own or have an impact on other risks and contribute

significantly to the risk, such as market risks, operational risks, liquidity risks or counterparty risks.

These events or conditions are split into "Environment, Social, and Governance" (ESG), and relate, among other things, to the following topics:

Environment

- Climate mitigation.
- Adjustment to climate change.
- Protection of biodiversity.
- Sustainable use and protection of water and maritime resources.
- Transition to a circular economy, avoidance of waste, and recycling.
- The avoidance and reduction of environmental pollution.
- Protection of healthy ecosystems.
- Sustainable land use.

Social affairs

- Compliance with recognized labour law standards (no child and forced labour, no discrimination).
- Compliance with employment safety and health protection.
- Appropriate remuneration, fair working conditions, diversity, and training and development opportunities.
- Trade union rights and freedom of assembly.
- Guarantee of adequate product safety, including health protection.
- Application of the same requirements to entities in the supply chain.
- Inclusive projects or consideration of the interests of communities and social minorities.

Corporate Governance

- Tax honesty.
- Anti-corruption measures.
- Sustainability management by the board.
- Board remuneration based on sustainability criteria.
- The facilitation of whistle-blowing.
- Employee rights guarantees.
- Data protection guarantees.

As part of the consideration of environmental issues, the management company considers especially the following aspects related to climate change:

Physical climate events or conditions

- Extreme weather events.
- Heat waves.
- Droughts.
- Floods.
- Storms.
- Hailstorms.
- Forest fires.
- Avalanches.
- Long-term climate change.
- Decreasing amounts of snow.
- Changed precipitation frequency and volumes.
- Unstable weather conditions.
- Rising sea levels.
- Changes in ocean currents.
- Changes in winds.
- Changes in land and soil productivity.
- Reduced water availability (water risk).
- Ocean acidification.
- Global warming including regional extremes.

Transition events or conditions

- Bans and restrictions.
- Phasing out of fossil fuels.
- Other political measures related to the transition to a lowcarbon economy.
- Technological change linked to the transition to a lowcarbon economy.
- Changes in customer preferences and behaviour.

Sustainability risks can lead to a significant deterioration in the financial profile, liquidity, profitability or reputation of the underlying investment. Unless the sustainability risks were already expected and taken into account in the valuations of the investments, they may have a significant negative impact on the expected/estimated market price and/or the liquidity of the investment and thus on the return of the Target Fund.

Risk Management Strategy

Risk management of the Fund forms an integral part of the investment process. The Fund's portfolio is constructed and managed within pre-determined guidelines including risk returns trade-off, which will be reviewed periodically by the Manager. Assessment of risk is an important part of the asset allocation process. The investment team of the Manager has the discretion to select instruments/securities from the authorised investment list.

6 FEES, CHARGES AND EXPENSES

Unless stated otherwise, all fees, charges and/or expenses disclosed in the Information Memorandum are exclusive by way of example and not limitation; goods and services tax, value added tax, consumption tax, levies, duties and other taxes as may be imposed by the Government of Malaysia from time to time (collectively known as "Taxes"). If these fees, charges and/or expenses are subject to any Taxes, such Taxes shall be borne and payable by the Unit Holders and/or the Fund (as the case may be) at the prevailing rate, including any increase or decrease to the rate, in addition to the fees, charges and/or expenses stated herein.

6.1 Charges

This table describes the charges that you may **directly** incur when you buy or redeem units of the Fund (*rounded to 2 decimal points*):

Entry Charge	Distribution Channel	Entry Charge	
	Direct Sales	Up to 5.00% of the NAV per unit of the Class(es).	
	IUTA	Up to 5.00% of the NAV per unit of the Class(es).	
	Notes: There will be no entry charge payable by AmBank Group		
	staff.	nvestors are advised that they may negotiate	
		charge prior to conclusion of sales.	
		eserves the right to waive or reduce the entry ne to time at its absolute discretion.	
Exit Penalty	There will be no exit penalty for this Fund.		
Other Charges	Other direct charges that you may incur are as follows:		
	Transfer fee		
	Nil		
	Bank charges	or foos	
	Bank charges or fees Bank charges or fees, if any, will be borne by you.		
	_		
	Switching fee		
	-	een funds managed by the Manager e only allowed to switch to other funds where	
		enomination is the same as the Class of the	
	Fund switched	out. For switches between any of the funds	

managed by the Manager, Sophisticated Investors will be charged on the differences of entry charge between funds switched, which is up to a maximum of 6.00% of NAV per unit of the fund switched into. No entry charge will be imposed if the fund to be switched into has a lower entry charge.

<u>Switching between Class(es) of the Fund</u>
Unit Holders are not allowed to switch between Class(es).

6.2 Ongoing Fees and Expenses

Due to the multiple Classes in the Fund, the fees and expenses for the Fund are apportioned based on the size of the Class relative to the whole Fund. This means the multi-class ratio ("MCR") is calculated by taking the "Opening Value of a Class" for a particular day and dividing it with the "Opening Value of the Fund" for that same day. This apportionment is expressed as a ratio and calculated as a percentage.

As an illustration, assuming there is an indirect fee chargeable to the Fund of USD100 and the size of the USD Class is 40%, RM-Hedged Class is 30%, AUD Class is 15% and SGD Class is 15% of the Fund, the ratio of the apportionment based on the percentage will be 40:30:15:15 (USD:RM-Hedged:AUD:SGD) i.e. 40% being borne by USD Class, 30% being borne by RM-Hedged Class, 15% being borne by AUD Class and SGD Class respectively.

"Opening Value of the Fund" refers to the NAV of the Fund before income and expenses.

"Opening Value of a Class" refers to the NAV of a Class before income and expenses.

The fees and expenses that you may **indirectly** incur are as follows.

(a) Annual Management Fee

An annual management fee of up to 1.80% p.a. of the Fund's NAV is charged and then apportioned to each Class based on the MCR. The management fee is calculated on a daily basis and will be paid monthly to us. From the illustration below, it shows that there is no double charging of management fee.

An illustration of the calculation and apportionment of the daily management fee is as follows:

Assuming a total fund size of USD100 million and the Target Fund's management fee is 0.75% p.a. and investments have been made in RM-Hedged Class and USD Class, then the daily accrued management fee for the day would be:

	<u>USD</u>
Investments	85,000,000.00
Others (Liquid assets)	15,000,000.00
NAV (before fees)	100,000,000.00

Management fee for the day:

[(Investments + Liquid assets) x 1.80%] ÷ Number of days in a year

1. Charged by the Target Fund:

 $= (USD85,000,000.00 \times 0.75\%) \div 365$

1,746.58

2. Charged by the Fund:

a) Investments

 $= (USD85,000,000.00 \times 1.05\%) \div 365$

2,445.21

b) Liquid assets

 $= (USD15,000,000.00 \times 1.80\%) \div 365$

739.73

c) = 2,445.21 + 739.73

3,184.94

Total	3,184.94
RM-Hedged Class	1,273.98
USD Class	1,910.96
Class-level apportionment (assumed ratio: USD:RM-Hedged, 6	0:40)

(b) Annual Trustee Fee

The Trustee is entitled to an annual trustee fee for acting as trustee for the Fund. This fee is calculated daily and paid monthly. The trustee fee is up to 0.05% p.a. of the NAV of the Fund (excluding foreign sub-custodian fee and charges, where applicable). An illustration of the trustee fee per day is as follows:

Assuming the NAV of the Fund is USD100 million and the trustee fee is 0.05% p.a. of the NAV of the Fund, then the daily accrued trustee fee would be:

USD

Trustee's fee for the day charged to the Fund:	
(NAV of the Fund x Trustee fee) ÷ Number of days in a year	
$= (USD100,000,000.00 \times 0.05\%) \div 365$	136.99

(c) Fund Expenses

The Manager and the Trustee may be reimbursed out of the Fund for any cost reasonably incurred in the administration of the Fund. The Fund's expenses currently include but are not limited to audit fees, tax agent's fees, printing and postages of annual and quarterly reports, bank charges, investment committee fee for independent members, lodgement fees for Fund's reports, foreign custodians' charges (if any) in respect of any foreign investments of the Fund, fees paid to brokers or dealers (if any) and other expenses as permitted by the Deed.

THERE ARE FEES AND CHARGES INVOLVED AND SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS ARE ADVISED TO CONSIDER THEM BEFORE INVESTING IN THE FUND.

7 TRANSACTION INFORMATION

7.1 Valuation of Assets

In undertaking any of its investments, the Manager will ensure that all the assets of the Fund are valued at fair value in compliance with the SC guidelines and relevant laws at all times. Investments of the Fund are valued in accordance to the following:

Collective investment schemes

The value of any investment in unlisted collective investment schemes shall be determined by reference to the last published repurchase price.

Deposits

The value of any deposits placed with financial institutions shall be determined on each Business Day, with reference to the principal value of such investments and the accrued income for the relevant period.

Derivatives

The valuation is based on marked to market prices. The methods or bases of valuation will have to be verified by the Auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

7.2 Pricing and Valuation Points

The Fund adopts a single pricing policy i.e. subscription and redemption of units will be carried out at the NAV per unit. The valuation point of the Fund will be on daily basis (e.g. each business day).

The Fund also adopts forward pricing which means price for units will be calculated at the next valuation point after the complete documentation is received by the Manager.

Valuation point refers to such time(s) on a Business Day as may be decided by the Manager wherein the NAV per unit of the relevant Class(es) is calculated. Since the Fund may invest in foreign markets, the valuation of the Class(es) will be carried out on the next Business Day (T+1) by 5.00 p.m. This is to cater for the currency translation of the Target Fund to the Class(es)'s base currency based on the bid exchange rate quoted by Bloomberg or Reuters (now known as Refinitiv) at 4.00 pm (UK time) which is equivalent to 11.00 pm or 12.00 am midnight (Malaysian time) on the same day, or such other time as stipulated in the Investment Management Standards issued by the Federation of the Investment Managers Malaysia (FIMM).

Sophisticated Investor will buy units at the NAV per unit of the relevant Class as at the next valuation point after an instruction for purchase is received plus applicable entry charge of the Class; and redemption will be calculated based on the NAV per unit of the relevant Class as at the next valuation point after an instruction for redemption is received.

Incorrect Pricing

In the event of any incorrect pricing of units of the Class(es), the Manager shall take immediate remedial action to rectify the incorrect pricing. Where the incorrect pricing:

- (i) is equal or more than one per centum (1.00%) of the NAV per unit; and
- (ii) the total impact on an individual account is less than RM 10.00 or its foreign currency equivalent in absolute amount.

then the Manager shall reimburse the relevant Class and/or the affected Unit Holder in the following manner:

- (a) where the error is as a result of over valuation (i.e. the price quoted is higher than the actual price), the Manager shall reimburse:
 - the relevant Class (for the difference between the redemption amount paid out by the relevant Class and the amount per the amended valuation); and/or
 - (ii) the Unit Holders (for the difference between the value of subscription amount paid by the Unit Holder and the amount per the amended valuation).
- (b) where the error is as a result of under valuation (i.e. the price quoted is lower than the actual price), the Manager shall reimburse:
 - the relevant Class (for difference between the value of subscription amount paid by the Unit Holder and the amount per the amended valuation); and/or
 - (ii) the Unit Holders (for difference between the redemption amount paid out by the relevant Class and the amount per the amended valuation).

Subject to any regulatory requirements, the Manager shall have the right to amend, vary or revise the above said limits or threshold from time to time.

Policy on rounding adjustment

The NAV per unit for the Fund is rounded to four (4) decimal points. Redemption proceeds, units created, fees and charges are rounded to two (2) decimal points.

NAV per unit of the Class(es)

Due to the multiple Classes in the Fund, the valuation of the Fund will be done in the Fund's base currency i.e. USD. As such, all assets and/or cash that are not denominated in USD will be converted to USD for valuation purposes. The foreign exchange rate used for this purpose shall be based on the bid exchange rate quoted by Bloomberg or Reuters at 4.00 pm (UK time) which is equivalent to 11.00 pm or 12.00 am midnight (Malaysian time) on the same day, or such other time as stipulated in the Investment Management Standards issued by the FIMM.

Illustration:

The following is a hypothetical example of the computation of the NAV per unit in Class currency at each valuation point based on the Multi Class Fund (MCF) Ratio with the assumption that the investment has been made in RM-Hedged Class and USD Class:

[&]quot;Opening Value of a Class" refers to the NAV of a Class before income and expenses.

		Fund (USD) Total	RM-Hedged Class	USD Class
Day 1 - by 4.00pm				
Sales amount received	Α		RM20,000,000.00	USD10,000,000.00
NAV per unit	В		RM1.0200	USD1.0000
Units in Circulation	C=A÷B		19,607,843.14	10,000,000.00
Foreign exchange ("FX") translation on Day 1 (FX as per Valuation date – using FIMM FX guidelines)	D		0.30	1.00
Value of the Fund (USD)	E=AxD	USD16,000,000.00	USD6,000,000.00	USD10,000,000.00
Day 2				
Opening Value of the Fund (USD)	E	USD16,000,000.00	USD6,000,000.00	USD10,000,000.00
Multi Class Fund (MCF) Ratio^	F	100%	37.5%	62.5%
Add: Income (USD) (Proportionate based on MCF Ratio^)	G	USD15,000.00	USD5,625.00	USD9,375.00
Less: Administration expenses (USD) (Proportionate based on MCF Ratio^)	Н	(USD1,000.00)	(USD375.00)	(USD625.00)
NAV before management fee and trustee fee for the day	I=E+G-H	USD16,014,000.00	USD6,005,250.00	USD10,008,750.00
- investment in Target Fund (85% of NAV)	J=I x 85%	USD13,611,900.00		
- investment in other liquid assets (15% of NAV)	K=I x 15%	USD2,402,100.00		

[&]quot;Opening Value of the Fund" refers to the NAV of the Fund before income and expenses.

		Fund (USD) Total	RM-Hedged Class	USD Class
Class expenses Management fee (% p.a.)				
- charged on investment in Target Fund	L	1.05%		
- charged on other liquid assets	М	1.80%		
Management fee for the day (USD) (Proportionate based on MCF Ratio^)	$N = \frac{(JxL) + (KxM)}{365}$	(510.03)	(191.26)	(318.77)
Trustee fee (% p.a.)	Р	0.05%		
Trustee fee for the day (USD) (Proportionate based on MCF Ratio^)	$Q = \frac{(I \times P)}{365 \times F}$	(21.94)	(8.23)	(13.71)
NAV	S=I-N-Q	USD16,013,468.03	USD6,005,050.51	USD10,008,417.52
Units in Circulation	С		19,607,843.14	10,000,000.00
NAV per unit in Base Currency	T=S÷C		USD0.3063	USD1.0008
(USD)				
•	U		0.32	1.00
(USD) FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX	U T÷U		0.32 RM0.9572	1.00 USD1.0008
(USD) FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX guidelines) NAV per unit in	-			
(USD) FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX guidelines) NAV per unit in Class currency Sales/(Redemption) amount received for	T÷U		RM0.9572	USD1.0008
(USD) FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX guidelines) NAV per unit in Class currency Sales/(Redemption) amount received for Day 2 FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX	T÷U V	USD140,000.00	RM0.9572 RM2,000,000.00	USD1.0008 (USD500,000.00)
(USD) FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX guidelines) NAV per unit in Class currency Sales/(Redemption) amount received for Day 2 FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX guidelines) Value of the sales/redemption (USD) Value of the Fund (USD)	T÷U V W	USD140,000.00 USD16,153,468.03	RM0.9572 RM2,000,000.00 0.32	USD1.0008 (USD500,000.00) 1.00
(USD) FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX guidelines) NAV per unit in Class currency Sales/(Redemption) amount received for Day 2 FX translation on Day 2 (FX as per Valuation date – as per FIMM FX guidelines) Value of the sales/redemption (USD) Value of the Fund	T÷U V W X = VxW		RM0.9572 RM2,000,000.00 0.32 USD640,000.00	USD1.0008 (USD500,000.00) 1.00 (USD500,000.00)

Note: ^ Multi Class Fund (MCF) Ratio is apportioned based on the size of the Class relative to the whole Fund. This means the MCF Ratio is calculated by taking the Opening Value of a Class divided by the Opening Value of the Fund. This apportionment is expressed as a ratio and calculated as a percentage.

Making an investment

Assuming that a Sophisticated Investor wants to invest USD10,000 in the USD Class of the Fund and the NAV per unit is USD1.0000 and entry charge is 5.00% of the NAV per unit of the USD Class. The Sophisticated Investor will need to pay the amount as illustrated below to the Manager:

Items	USD/Units	Explanation
(i) Amount to be invested (investment amount)	USD10,000	
(ii) Units issued to Sophisticated	10,000 units	USD10,000/
Investor	10,000 units	USD1.0000 per unit
(iii) Entry charge incurred by	500	10,000 units x
Sophisticated Investor	500	USD1.0000 x 5.00%
(iv) Amount payable by Sophisticated	USD10,500	USD10,000 +
Investor	03010,300	USD500

Redeeming an investment

Assuming a Sophisticated Investor wish to redeem 10,000 units from the USD Class of the Fund and the NAV per unit of the USD Class is USD1.0005 with no exit penalty. Hence, the total amount payable to the Sophisticated Investor is USD10,005 as illustrated below:

Items	USD/Units	Explanation
(i) Units redeemed	10,000 units	
(ii) Gross amount payable to Sophisticated Investor	USD10,005	10,000 units x USD1.0005
(iii) Exit penalty incurred by Sophisticated Investor	0	No exit penalty
(iv) Amount payable to Sophisticated Investor	USD10,005	

7.3 Making an Investment

Initial	RM-Hedged Class: RM5,000
Investment	USD Class: USD1,000
	Note: The Manager reserves the right to change the stipulated amount from time to time. You may request for a lower amount subject to the Manager's discretion to accept.

Minimum	RM Class: RM1,000		
Additional	RM-Hedged Class: RM1,000		
Investment	USD Class: USD1,000		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	Note: The Manager reserves the right to change the stipulated amount from time to time. You may request for a lower amount subject to the Manager's discretion to accept.		
Step 1	Sophisticated Investors, with 18 years of age and above for		
Eligibility	individual who are not US Persons.		
3 ,			
	Notes:		
	(1) The Manager has the right to reject any application by a US Person. However, if you are investing through our appointed distributor who operates under a nominee system of ownership, kindly consult the respective distributor accordingly.		
	(2) If a Unit Holder is a US Person or subsequently becomes a US Person and such fact comes to the attention of the Manager:		
	 a) The Manager is entitled to act in accordance with FATCA, relevant laws, rules, regulations, notes and circulars issued by the relevant authorities from time to time including but not limited to withholding such amount of the income derived from the units held by such US Person (if any); and b) The Manager shall by a notice in writing to that US Person require him/her to either redeem all the units of the Fund or transfer all the units of the Fund to a non-US Person within thirty (30) days from the date of the notice. Upon expiry of thirty (30) days from the date of such notice, the Manager reserves the right to compulsorily redeem all the units held by such US Person. 		
Step 2	For initial investment:		
Forms To Be Completed and Documents Required	 A full set of account opening form; Proof of payment; Suitability assessment form; Personal Data Protection Act consent form (if applicable); FATCA and CRS documentation: Self-certification by individual / entity; W-8BEN / W-8BEN-E Form (if applicable); and W-9 Form (if applicable); and Additional documents requested by the Manager (if applicable). 		

Individual investor/jointholder

For a single applicant, photocopy of National Registration Identity Card (NRIC) for Malaysian or passport for foreigner. For joint applicant, photocopy of NRIC for Malaysian or passport for foreigner of first named joint applicant and the subsequent named joint applicant.

Non-individual/corporate investors

- (1) Copy of NRIC/passport of all authorised signatory(ies);
- (2) Copy of NRIC/passport of directors/shareholders/ partners;
- (3) A certified true copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, business registration documents, certificate of registration or its equivalent;
- (4) A certified true copy of Form 24 and 49 or its equivalent;
- (5) An original/extract copy of a board resolution approving investments in the Fund or its equivalent;
- (6) List of authorised personnel to effect any instructions pertaining to the Fund if the list of authorised personnel is not mentioned in the board resolution or its equivalent;
- (7) A copy of the latest audited financial statement of accounts;
- (8) Any other approvals required from relevant authorities; and
- (9) Any other documents requested by the Manager.

For additional investment:

- (1) Transaction form or letter of instruction (for non-individual or corporate investors only); and
- (2) Proof of payment.

Step 3 Manner of Payment and Delivery

Upon clearance based on our "Know-Your-Customer" (KYC) policy, you can deposit payment into our account upon being advised by us. Your application will be accepted and shall be processed based on the net amount received. If you deposit payment into our account without notifying us, we reserve the right to reject your application and hold such amount until claimed.

Payments can be made by depositing payment into our account using either cheque, bank draft or telegraphic transfer payable to:

"AmFunds Management Berhad - Trust A/C"

For individual investors: You are advised to write your name, NRIC/ passport number and contact number at the back of the cheque or bank draft.

For corporate investors: You are advised to write your company name, company no. and contact number at the back of the cheque or bank draft.

You can submit the application with complete documentation (including the proof of payment) and payment to us or submit the same to any of our appointed distributors. If we do not receive complete documentation with the payment we reserve the right to reject the application. If you deposit payment into our account and do not notify or provide us with the complete documentation, we shall reject your application and hold such amount until claimed. Sales of units will be processed upon receipt of complete documentation and proof of payment.

We reserve the right to vary the manner of payment from time to time, and shall be communicated to you.

Note: Where payment is by cheque, the cheque must be issued by the Sophisticated Investor. In the case of bank draft, a copy of the application for the bank draft as approved by the relevant bank must be submitted with the bank draft. Any payment from third party other than the Sophisticated Investor will be rejected.

Processing an Application/ Cut-off Time

- If an application with complete documentation is accepted by the Manager or our appointed distributors before 4.00 p.m. on a Business Day, it will be processed at the closing NAV per unit of the same Business Day.
- If an application with complete documentation is accepted by the Manager or our appointed distributors after 4.00 p.m. on a Business Day or on a non-Business Day, it will be processed at the closing NAV per unit of the next Business Day.

Notes:

- The Manager reserves the right to reject any application that is unclear, incomplete and/or not accompanied by the required documents or proof of payment. Incomplete applications will not be processed until all the necessary information has been received.
- You should note that different distributors may have different cut off times in respect of receiving application request. You are advised to contact the relevant distributors to obtain further information and should check

	with the relevant distributors on their cut off time in respect of receiving application request.
Cooling-off Right	Not applicable for this Fund.
Confirmation of an Application	You shall be issued a transaction advice within two (2) weeks of processing your application. No certificates are issued. Instead your details are entered into the register of Unit Holders, which is kept at our head office and can be inspected during business hours.
Miscellaneous Application Information	You will be responsible for all losses and expenses of the Fund in the event of any failure to make payments according to the procedures outlined in this Information Memorandum. In addition, a RM20 charge will be imposed if a cheque does not clear. Such losses and expenses shall be deducted by the Manager from your account with us. We reserve the right to reject any application. We also reserve the right to change or discontinue any of our application procedures.

SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS ARE ADVISED NOT TO MAKE PAYMENT IN CASH TO ANY INDIVIDUAL AGENT WHEN PURCHASING UNITS OF THE FUND.

7.4 Making Redemptions

Minimum	All Classes: 1,000 units
Redemption /	
Switching	Note: The Manager reserves the right to change the stipulated
	amount from time to time. You may request for a lower amount subject to the Manager's discretion to accept.
Minimum Holding /	All Classes: 1,000 units
Balance	Note: The Manager reserves the right to change the stipulated amount from time to time. You may request for a lower amount subject to the Manager's discretion to accept.
Forms To Be Completed	(1) Transaction form signed by individual unit holder(s)/ authorised signatory(ies); or
	(2) Letter of instruction (for non-individual or corporate investors only).
Submission	Redemption request can be made on any Business Day by
of	completing the transaction form or letter of instructions.
Redemption	
Request / Cut-off Time	If a redemption request with complete documentation is
Cut-on Time	accepted by the Manager or our appointed distributors
	before 4.00 p.m. on a Business Day, it will be processed at the closing NAV per unit of the same Business Day.
	 If a redemption request with complete documentation is
	accepted by the Manager or our appointed distributors

	 after 4.00 p.m. on a Business Day or on a non-Business Day, it will be processed at the closing NAV per unit of the next Business Day. Notes: The Manager reserves the right to reject any application that is unclear, incomplete and/or not accompanies by the required documents. Incomplete applications will not be processed until all the necessary information has been received. You should note that different distributors may have different cut off times in respect of receiving redemption request. You are advised to contact the relevant distributors to obtain further information and should check with the relevant distributors on their cut off time in respect of receiving redemption request. 	
Payment of Redemption Proceeds	Within fourteen (14) calendar days of receiving the redemption request with complete documentation.	
Manner of Payment	Redemption proceeds will be made in the currencies which the units are denominated will be paid to a bank account (active account) held in your own name or the first named Unit Holder (for joint account) either by telegraphic transfer, cheque or bank draft. Note: We reserve the right to vary the manner of payment from time to time, and shall be communicated to you.	
Miscellaneous Redemption Information	We reserve the right to defer the calculation of redemption price with the consent of the Trustee (or as permitted by the SC) after receiving the redemption request if in our judgment, an earlier payment would adversely affect the Fund.	

No redemption will be paid in cash under any circumstances.

7.5 Distribution Payment

Mode of Income Distribution	Given the Fund's investment objective, the Classes of the Fun is not expected to pay any distribution. Distributions, if any, ar at the Manager's discretion.	
	RM and RM-Hedged Classes Distribution, if any, will be deposited into your bank account held in your name or the first named Unit Holder (for joint account) or to pay such income distribution by way of a bank draft under any circumstances where the income distribution cannot be transferred.	

If you do not state your option in the account opening form or transaction form, and if income distribution is paid, such income will be automatically reinvested in the forms of units.

Other Classes except for RM and RM-Hedged Classes

Distribution, if any, will be automatically reinvested into your account with us at no cost, based on the NAV per unit of the relevant Class at the end of Business Day of the income distribution date.

Notes: Income distribution amount (if any) for each of the Classes could be different and is subject to the sole discretion of the Manager. For RM and RM-Hedged Classes only, if income distribution earned does not exceed RM500, it will be automatically reinvested.

7.6 Unclaimed Moneys

Any moneys payable to you which remains unclaimed (hereinafter referred to as unclaimed amount) for the last twelve (12) months or such period as may be prescribed under the Unclaimed Moneys Act 1965 from the date of payment will be paid to Registrar of Unclaimed Moneys in accordance with the requirements of the Unclaimed Moneys Act 1965. Thereafter, all claims need to be made to the Registrar of Unclaimed Moneys.

7.7 Other Relevant Information when Making an Investment

Switching Facility

Unit Holders are only allowed to switch to other funds where the currency denomination is the same as the Class of the Fund switched out. For switches between any of the funds managed by the Manager, Unit Holders will be charged on the differences of the entry charge between funds switched, which is up to a maximum of 6% of NAV per unit of the fund switched into. No entry charge will be imposed if the fund to be switched into has a lower entry charge.

Unit Holders are not allowed to switch between Class(es).

Please note that the price of the Fund to be switched out and the price of another Fund to be switched into may be of different days.

Transfer Facility

Transfer facility is not available for this Fund.

<u>Temporary Suspension of Determination of NAV and of the Issue and Redemption of Units</u>

The Manager may suspend the determination of the NAV of the Fund, the issue of units and the redemption of units in the following circumstances:

- during any period when the Malaysian market on which a material part of the investments of the Fund is closed, or during which dealings are substantially suspended or restricted:
- during the existence of any state of affairs which constitutes an emergency as a result of which disposal of investments of the Fund is not possible;
- (c) during any breakdown in the means of communication normally employed in determining the price of the Fund's investments on any market;
- (d) when for any other reason the prices of any investments owned by the Fund cannot promptly or accurately be ascertained;
- (e) during any period when remittance of monies which will or may be involved in the realization of or in the payment for any of the Fund's investments cannot, in the opinion of the Manager, be carried out at normal rates of exchange;
- in the event of the publication of a notice convening a Unit Holders meeting;
 or
- (g) if in our judgement, an earlier payment of redemption proceeds would adversely affect the Fund.

Unit Holders who have requested for subscription and/or switching and/or redemption of their units will be notified in writing of any such suspension of the right to subscribe, to switch or to require redemption of units and will be promptly notified upon termination of such suspension. Any suspension shall be in accordance with the Deed.

Customer Identification Program

Pursuant to the relevant laws of Malaysia on money laundering, we have an obligation to prevent the use of the Fund for money laundering purposes. As such, we and/or our appointed distributors have put in place a "Know Your Customer" ("KYC") policy where procedures are in place to identify and verify the investor's identification through documents such as identity card, passport, constituent documents or any other official documents.

We and/or our appointed distributors reserve the right to request such information, either at the time an application is made or thereafter, as is necessary to verify the identity of an investor (or each of the investors in the case of joint investors) and/or to periodically update our records. We and/or our appointed distributors require you to provide us with your information and information of beneficial owner such as name, date of birth, national registration card number, residential and business address, (and mailing address if different), name of beneficial owner, address of beneficial owner, national registration card number of beneficial owner, date of birth of beneficial owner or other information and official identification.

For corporate clients, we and/or our appointed distributors require you to provide us the name of the company, principal place of business, source of income/asset, identification documents of the directors/shareholders/partners, board resolution pertaining to the investment and the person authorized to operate the account, all of which as per requirements under regulation when you open or re-open an account.

We and/or our appointed distributors also reserve the right to request additional information including the source of the funds, source of wealth, net worth, annual income and identity of any beneficial owners as may be required to support the verification information and to allow us to complete adequate due diligence. In the event of delay or failure by the investor to produce any information required for verification purpose, we and/or our appointed distributors may refuse to accept an application request. In relation to a subscription application, any monies received will be returned without interest/profit to the account from which the monies were originally debited, and in relation to redemption application, no units will be redeemed to the investor. We and/or our appointed distributors also reserve the right to place restrictions on transactions or redemptions on your account until your identity is verified.

In the event of any breaches to the applicable laws on money laundering, we have a duty to notify the relevant authority.

Anti-Money Laundering ("AML")/ KYC Obligation on distributor

If you have invested in the Fund via a distributor, there may be additional information that the distributor may need to provide to us, which may include the release of your particulars and details of ultimate beneficiaries / ultimate beneficial owners investing in the Fund to us. Without such information being provided, we may be required to reject your subscription or redemption request until such information is provided by the distributor to us.

Cross Trade

The Manager may conduct cross trades between funds and private mandates it currently manages provided that all criteria imposed by the regulators are met.

Notwithstanding, cross trades between the personal account of an employee of the Manager and the Fund's account and between the Manager's proprietary trading accounts and the Fund's account are strictly prohibited. The execution of cross trade will be reported to the investment committee and disclosed in the Fund's report accordingly.

Rebates and Soft Commission

It is our policy to channel all rebates, if any, received from brokers or dealers to the Fund. However, soft commissions for goods and services which are of demonstrable benefit to Unit Holders and in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision making process relating to the Fund's investments as allowed under regulatory requirements and incidental to investment management of the Fund and

the dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Fund are retained by us.

Borrowing/Financing

The Fund is prohibited from borrowing other assets (including borrowing of securities within the meaning of *Securities Borrowing and Lending Guidelines*) in connection with its activities. However, the Fund may borrow cash for the purpose of meeting repurchase requests for units of the Fund and for short-term bridging requirements. Such borrowings are subject to the following:

- the Fund's cash borrowing is only on a temporary basis and that borrowings are not persistent;
- (b) the borrowing period should not exceed one month;
- (c) the aggregate borrowings of the Fund should not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV at the time the borrowing is incurred; and
- (d) the Fund only borrows from financial institutions.

8 THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

8.1 Corporate Information of the Manager

AFM was incorporated on 9 July 1986 and is a wholly owned by AmInvestment Bank Berhad with effective from 21 July 2016. As at LPD, AFM has more than thirty (30) years of experience in the unit trust industry.

AFM is the holder of a Capital Markets and Services Licence for the regulated activities of fund management, dealing in securities restricted to unit trusts and dealing in private retirement scheme issued under the Act.

8.2 Roles, Duties and Responsibilities of the Manager

The Manager is responsible for setting the investment policies and objective for the Fund. The Manager is also responsible for the promotion and administration of the Fund which include but not limited to issuing units, preparing and issuing information memorandum.

AFM is responsible to manage, invest, realize, reinvest or howsoever deal with the Fund in accordance with the investment objective and guidelines, including investment limits and restrictions of the Fund.

8.3 Designated Fund Manager

Wong Yew Joe

Wong Yew Joe is the designated person responsible for the fund management function of the Fund. He is the Chief Investment Officer of AFM overseeing investments in the firm. He has more than twenty (20) years of experience in financial services and funds management. Over this tenure, his roles covered investment analysis, trading and portfolio management. He also played a key role in product development, business development and managing client relationships.

Yew Joe first joined the Funds Management Division in 2006 as a fund manager. His last post was the Head of Fixed Income and oversaw investments in Islamic fixed income instruments and other related instruments. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting and Finance) from the University of Southern Queensland, Australia. He also holds a Capital Markets Services Representative's License for the regulated activity of fund management.

8.4 Material Litigation

As at the LPD, the Manager is not engaged in any material litigation and arbitration, including those pending or threatened, and any facts likely to give rise to any proceedings which might materially affect the business or financial position of the Manager and of its delegates.

Note: Please refer to our website (www.aminvest.com) for further information on the Manager which may be updated from time to time.

9 THE TRUSTEE

9.1 About Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad ("DTMB"), Registration No. 200701005591 (763590-H) was incorporated in Malaysia on 22 February 2007 and commenced business in May 2007. The Company is registered as a trust company under the Trust Companies Act 1949, with its business address at Level 20, Menara IMC, 8 Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur.

DTMB is a member of Deutsche Bank Group ("Deutsche Bank"). Deutsche Bank provides commercial and investment banking, retail banking, transaction banking and asset and wealth management products and services to corporations, governments, institutional investors, small and medium-sized businesses, and private individuals.

9.2 Experience in Trustee Business

DTMB is part of Deutsche Bank's Securities Services, which provides trust, custody and related services on a range of securities and financial structures. As at LPD, DTMB is the trustee for 197 collective investment schemes including unit trust funds, wholesale funds, exchange-traded funds and private retirement schemes.

DTMB's trustee services are supported by Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad ("DBMB"), a subsidiary of Deutsche Bank, financially and for various functions, including but not limited to financial control and internal audit.

9.3 Roles, Duties and Responsibilities of the Trustee

DTMB's main functions are to act as trustee and custodian of the assets of the Fund and to safeguard the interests of Unit Holders of the Fund. In performing these functions, the Trustee has to exercise due care and vigilance and is required to act in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Deed, the CMSA 2007 and all relevant laws

9.4 Trustee's Delegate

The Trustee has appointed DBMB as the custodian of the assets of the Fund. DBMB is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Deutsche Bank AG. DBMB offers its clients access to a growing domestic custody network that covers over thirty (30) markets globally and a unique combination of local expertise backed by the resources of a global bank. In its capacity as the appointed custodian, DBMB's roles encompass safekeeping of assets of the Fund; trade settlement management; corporate actions notification and processing; securities holding and cash flow reporting; and income collection and processing.

All investments of the Fund are registered in the name of the Trustee for the Fund, or where the custodial function is delegated, in the name of the custodian to the order of the Trustee for the Fund. As custodian, DBMB shall act only in accordance with instructions from the Trustee.

9.5 Disclosure on Related-Party Transactions/Conflict of Interests

As the Trustee for the Fund and the Manager's delegate for the fund accounting and valuation services, there may be related party transactions involving or in connection with the Fund in the following events:

- (1) Where the Fund invests in the products offered by Deutsche Bank AG and any of its group companies (e.g. money market placement, collective investment schemes, etc.);
- (2) Where the Fund has obtained financing from Deutsche Bank AG and any of its group companies, as permitted under the SC Guidelines and other applicable laws;
- (3) Where the Manager appoints the Trustee to perform its back office functions (e.g. fund accounting and valuation); and
- (4) Where the Trustee has delegated its custodian functions for the Fund to DBMB.

The Trustee will rely on the Manager to ensure that any related party transactions, dealings, investments and appointments are on terms which are the best available for or to the Fund and are on an arm's length basis as if between independent parties.

While the Trustee has internal policies intended to prevent or manage conflicts of interests, no assurance is given that their application will necessarily prevent or mitigate conflicts of interests. DTMB's commitment to act in the best interests of the Unit Holders of the Fund do not preclude the possibility of related party transactions or conflicts.

10 SALIENT TERMS OF THE DEED

Please note that if an investor invests through a distributor via a nominee system of ownership, the investor will not be deemed a Unit Holder under the Deed.

10.1 Rights and Liabilities of Unit Holders

A Sophisticated Investor is deemed to be a Unit Holder when units are issued upon the Manager accepting completed documentation with payment.

Each unit held in the Fund entitles a Unit Holder to an equal and proportionate beneficial interest in the Fund. However, a Unit Holder does not own or have a right to any particular asset held by the Fund and cannot participate in management decisions except in very limited circumstances as set out in the Deed.

As a Unit Holder, you have the right to:

- (a) Receive income distribution (if any);
- (b) Have your units redeemed;
- (c) Transfer your units, subject to Manager's discretion;
- (d) Participate in termination or winding up of the Fund;
- (e) Call, attend and vote at meetings of unit holders (the rules governing the holding of meetings are set out in the law and the Deed);
- (f) Receive monthly statement of accounts, annual and quarterly reports of the Fund; and
- (g) To exercise such other rights and privileges as provided for in the Deed.

The law and the Deed limit a Unit Holder's liability to the value of their investments in the Fund. Accordingly, if the Fund's liabilities exceed its assets, no Unit Holder by reason alone of being a Unit Holder, will be personally liable to indemnify the Trustee or the Manager or any of their respective creditors.

10.2 Fees and Charges Permitted by the Deed

The following are the maximum fees and charges as provided in the Deed:

Entry Charge	Up to 10.00% of the NAV per unit of the Class(es)
Exit penalty	Up to 10.00% of the NAV per unit of the Class(es)
Annual Management Fee	Up to 5.00% p.a. of the NAV of the Class(es)
Annual Trustee Fee	Up to 0.05% p.a. of the NAV of the Fund (excluding foreign custodian fees and charges, where applicable)

The increase in the fees and charges can only be made in accordance with the Deed and the relevant laws. Any increase in the fees and/or the charges above the level disclosed in the Information Memorandum may be made provided that the maximum level stated in the Deed shall not be breached. Any increase in the fees or charges above the maximum level disclosed in the Deed shall require Unit Holders' approval at a duly convened Unit Holders' meeting and subsequently a supplemental deed and supplemental information memorandum will be issued.

In the event of any increase in the fees and/or the charges above the level disclosed in the Information Memorandum and within the level disclosed in the Deed, a supplemental information memorandum will be issued.

10.3 Permitted Expenses Payable out of the Fund

The expenses (or parts thereof) which are directly related and necessary for the day to day operation and administration of the Fund are payable out of the Fund's assets. As provided in the Deed, these would include (but are not limited to) the following:

- (a) commissions/fees paid to brokers/dealers in effecting dealings in the investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes:
- (b) taxes and other duties charged on the Fund by the government and/or other authorities;
- (c) costs, fees and expenses properly incurred by the Auditor and tax agent of the Fund:
- (d) costs, fees and expenses incurred for the valuation of any investment of the Fund by independent valuers for the benefit of the Fund;
- (e) costs, fees and expenses incurred for any modification of the Deed save where such modification is for the benefit of the Manager and/or the Trustee;
- (f) costs, fees and expenses incurred for any meeting of the Unit Holders save where such meeting is convened for the benefit of the Manager and/or the Trustee:
- (g) costs, commissions, fees and expenses of the sale, purchase, insurance and any other dealing of any asset of the Fund;
- (h) costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any specialist approved by the Trustee for investigating or evaluating any proposed investment of the Fund;
- (i) costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any valuer, adviser (including but not limited to legal advisors/lawyers) or contractor for the benefit of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in the preparation and audit of the taxation, returns and accounts of the Fund;
- (k) costs, fees and expenses incurred in the termination of the Fund or the removal of the Trustee or the Manager and the appointment of a new trustee or management company;
- (I) costs, fees and expenses incurred in relation to any arbitration or other proceedings concerning the Fund or any asset of the Fund, including proceedings against the Trustee or the Manager by the other for the benefit of the Fund (save to the extent that legal costs incurred for the defence of either of them are not ordered by the court to be reimbursed by the Fund);

- (m) remuneration and out of pocket expenses of the independent members of the investment committee of the Fund, unless the Manager decides otherwise;
- costs, fees and expenses deemed by the Manager to have been incurred in connection with any change or the need to comply with any change or introduction of any law, regulation or requirement (whether or not having the force of law) of any governmental or regulatory authority;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in relation to printing and postage of annual and quarterly reports;
- (p) (where the custodial function is delegated by the Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians in respect of the foreign investments of the Fund (if any); and
- (q) any tax and/or other indirect or similar tax now or hereafter imposed by law or required to be paid in connection with any costs, fees and expenses incurred under sub-paragraphs (a) to (p) above.

10.4 Retirement, Removal or Replacement of the Trustee

Provided always that the Manager has in place a corporation approved by the relevant authorities to act as the trustee of the Fund, the Trustee may retire upon the expiration of twelve (12) months' notice in writing to the Manager of its desire so to do, or such other period as the Manager and the Trustee may agree upon.

The Trustee may be removed and another trustee may be appointed by Special Resolution of the Unit Holders at a duly convened meeting of which notice has been given to the Unit Holders in accordance with the Deed.

10.5 Retirement, Removal or Replacement of the Manager

The Manager may be removed by the Trustee where:

- (a) if the Manager has failed or neglected to carry out its duties to the satisfaction of the Trustee and the Trustee considers that it would be in the best interests of Unit Holders for the Trustee to do so after the Trustee has given notice to the Manager of that opinion and the reasons for that opinion, and has considered any representations made by the Manager in respect of that opinion, and after consultation with the relevant authorities and with the approval of the Unit Holders by way of a Special Resolution;
- (b) unless expressly directed otherwise by the relevant authorities, if the Manager is in breach of any of its obligations or duties under the Deed or the relevant laws, or has ceased to be eligible to be a management company under the relevant laws; or
- (c) the Manager has gone into liquidation, except for the purpose of amalgamation or reconstruction or some similar purpose, or has had a receiver appointed to the property and is not removed or withdrawn within thirty (30) days from appointment or has ceased to carry on business;

and the Manager shall not accept any extra payment or benefit in relation to such removal.

Subject to the approval of the relevant authorities, the Manager shall have the power to retire in favour of some other corporation and as necessary under any relevant law upon giving to the Trustee twelve (12) months' notice in writing of its desire to do so or such other period as the Manager and the Trustee may agree subject to the conditions stated in the Deed.

10.6 Termination of the Fund

Termination of Trust by the Manager

The Manager may determine the trust hereby created and wind up the Fund in accordance with the relevant laws. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, if the Fund is left with no Unit Holders, the Manager shall be entitled to terminate the Fund.

Upon the termination of the trust by the Manager, the Trustee shall as soon as practicable, give to each Unit Holder of the Fund being wound up notice of such termination; the Manager shall notify the existing Unit Holders in writing of the following options:

- to receive the net cash proceeds derived from the sale of all the investment and assets of the Fund less any payment for liabilities of the Fund and any cash produce available for distribution in proportion to the number of Units held by them respectively;
- (b) to switch to any other wholesale fund managed by the Manager upon such terms and conditions as shall be set out in the written notification; or
- (c) to choose any other alternative as may be proposed by the Manager.

Termination of Trust by the Trustee

In any of the following events:

- (a) if the Manager has gone into liquidation, except for the purpose of reconstruction or amalgamation upon terms previously approved in writing by the Trustee and the relevant authorities;
- (b) if, in the opinion of the Trustee, the Manager has ceased to carry on business;or
- (c) if, in the opinion of the Trustee, the Manager has to the prejudice of Unit Holders failed to comply with the provisions of the Deed or contravened any of the provisions of any relevant law;

the Trustee shall summon a meeting of Unit Holders in accordance with the provisions of the Deed for the purpose of seeking directions from the Unit Holders.

If at any such meeting a Special Resolution to terminate the trust in respect to the Fund and to wind-up the Fund is passed by the Unit Holders, the Trustee shall apply to the court for an order confirming such Special Resolution.

Upon such application by the Trustee, the court may, if it considers it to be in the interests of the Unit Holders, confirm the Special Resolution and make such orders as it thinks necessary or expedient for the termination of the trust in respect of the Fund and the effective winding-up of the Fund.

The termination of the trust and the winding up of the Fund shall not affect the continuity of any other trusts and wholesale funds created and established hereunder.

10.7 Termination of a Class of Units

If the Fund has more than one class of Units, the Manager may terminate a particular class of Units in accordance with the relevant laws. The Manager may only terminate a particular class of Units if the termination of that class of Units does not prejudice the interests of Unit Holders of any other class of Units. For the avoidance of doubt, the termination of a class of Units shall not affect the continuity of any other class of Units of the Fund.

If at a meeting of Unit Holders to terminate a class of Units, a Special Resolution to terminate the class Units is passed by the Unit Holders of that class:

- the Trustee and the Manager shall notify the relevant authorities in writing of the passing of the Special Resolution; and
- (b) the Trustee or the Manager shall as soon as practicable inform all Unit Holders of the Fund of the termination of that class of Units;

The Trustee shall then arrange for a final review and audit of the final accounts of the Fund attributable to that class of Units by the Auditor. Upon the completion of the termination of that class of Units, the Trustee and the Manager shall notify the relevant authorities of the completion of the termination of that class of Units.

10.8 Unit Holders' Meeting

Quorum required for a Unit Holders' meeting

The quorum required for a meeting of the Unit Holders shall be five (5) Unit Holders, whether present in person or by proxy, provided that if the Fund has five (5) or less Unit Holders, the quorum required for a meeting of the Unit Holders of the Fund shall be two (2) Unit Holders, whether present in person or by proxy; if the meeting has been convened for the purpose of voting on a Special Resolution, the Unit Holders present in person or by proxy must hold in aggregate at least twenty five per centum (25%) of the Units in circulation of the Fund or the applicable class of Units, as the case may be, at the time of the meeting.

Virtual Unit Holders' meeting

Subject to any applicable laws, the Manager and/or the Trustee shall have the power

to convene a virtual meeting of Unit Holders by video conference, web-based communication, electronic or such other communication facilities or technologies available from time to time, subject to the fulfilment of the following conditions:

- (a) the Manager and/or the Trustee shall:
 - ensure that there is reliable infrastructure to enable the conduct of a virtual meeting including enabling the Unit Holders to exercise their rights to speak and vote at the virtual meeting;
 - (ii) provide guidance to the Unit Holders on the requirements and method of participating in the virtual meeting using the selected platform;
 - (iii) identify a broadcast venue as the place of meeting and to state the online platform that will be used for the virtual meeting in the written notice to the Unit Holders;
 - (iv) ensure only Unit Holders are allowed to participate in the virtual meeting; and
 - (v) observe the applicable directive, safety and precautionary requirements prescribed by the relevant authorities;
- (b) the broadcast venue shall be a physical venue in Malaysia where the chairman of the meeting shall be physically present;
- (c) participation by a Unit Holder in a Unit Holders' meeting by any of the communication facilities referred to in this section shall be deemed as present at the said Unit Holders' meeting and shall be counted towards the quorum notwithstanding the fact that the Unit Holder is not physically present at the main venue of where the Unit Holders' meeting is to be held; and
- (d) the provisions of the Deed shall apply mutatis mutandis to a virtual meeting of Unit Holders.

Unless otherwise prescribed by the relevant laws, a Unit Holders' meeting summoned pursuant to this section shall not be deemed to have proceeded for such period or periods where any of the communication facilities referred to in this section have been disconnected. The chairman of the meeting shall have the discretion to adjourn the meeting which had been disconnected and which cannot be reconnected within a reasonable time, to another date and time to be agreed by the Unit Holders present at the meeting.

10.9 Meeting Directed by the Unit Holders

The Manager shall, within twenty-one (21) days of receiving a direction from not less than fifty (50) Unit Holders or one-tenth (1/10) of all the Unit Holders of the Fund or of that class of Units, as the case may be, summon a meeting of the Unit Holders of the Fund or of a particular Class of the Fund by:

(a) sending by post at least seven (7) days before the date of the proposed meeting a notice of the proposed meeting to all the Unit Holders, at the Unit Holder's last known address or, in the case of Jointholders, to the Jointholder whose name stands first in the records of the Manager to the Jointholder's last known address;

- (b) publishing at least fourteen (14) days before the date of the proposed meeting an advertisement giving notice of the proposed meeting in a national language national daily newspaper and in one other newspaper approved by the relevant authorities: and
- (c) specifying in the notice the place and time of the meeting and the terms of the resolutions to be proposed at the meeting.

The Unit Holders may direct the Manager to summon a meeting for any purpose including, without limitation, for the purpose of:

- (a) requiring the retirement or removal of the Manager;
- (b) requiring the retirement or removal of the Trustee;
- (c) considering the most recent financial statements of the Fund;
- (d) giving to the Trustee such directions as the meeting thinks proper; or
- (e) considering any matter in relation to the Deed;

provided always that the Manager shall not be obliged to summon any such meeting unless direction has been received from not less than fifty (50) Unit Holders or one-tenth (1/10) of all the Unit Holders of the Fund.

10.10 Meeting Summoned by the Manager or the Trustee

The Manager or the Trustee may summon a meeting of Unit Holders for any purpose whatsoever by:

- (a) giving at least fourteen (14) days' written notice to Unit Holders; and
- (b) specifying in the notice, the place and time of the meeting and the terms of the resolutions to be proposed.

11 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OR CONFLICT OF INTEREST

All transactions with related parties are to be executed on terms which are best available to the Fund and which are not less favourable to the Fund than an arm's length transaction between independent parties. The Fund may have dealings with parties related to the Manager. The related parties defined are AmIslamic Funds Management Sdn Bhd ("AIFM"), AmInvestment Bank Berhad, AmInvestment Group Berhad, AmBank (M) Berhad and AmBank Islamic Berhad.

Trading in securities by an employee is allowed, provided that the policies and procedures in respect of the personal account dealing are observed and adhered to. The directors, investment committee members and employees are required to disclose their portfolio holdings and dealing transactions as required under the Personal Account Dealing Policy and the Management of Conflict of Interest Policy. Further, the abovementioned shall make disclosure of their holding of directorship and interest in any company.

The directors of AFM may have direct or indirect interest through their directorship in AIFM. Following are the details of the directors:

- Tai Terk Lin is the independent director of AIFM.
- Goh Wee Peng is the non-independent director of AIFM.

For further details of the director's profile, please refer our website (www.aminvest.com).

To the best of Trustee's knowledge, there has been no event of conflict of interest or related party transaction which exists between the Trustee and the Manager or any potential occurrence of it.

12 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

12.1 Keeping You Informed

When you invest

A transaction advice slip/tax invoice will be sent to you.

Statement of investment

We will send you a half-yearly statement. It will state the balance of units held by you together with all transactions made since the last statement.

Reports

We will send you:

- The annual report within two (2) months of the Fund's financial year end; and
- Quarterly reports within two (2) months of the end of the period covered.

Tax voucher

We will send you tax vouchers (if any) which will set out the information that is needed to complete your tax return form.

Internet

We publish updated information on our website www.ambankgroup.com or www.aminvest.com.

Please take note that if you have invested through our appointed distributor via a nominee system of ownership, please obtain the above-mentioned information from that distributor.

12.2 Keeping Us Informed

Changing your account details

You will be required to inform us or your personal adviser from our appointed distributor in writing on any changes of your account details. Account details will amongst other things, include the following:

- vour address:
- bank account details;
- signing instructions; and
- how income distributions are to be paid (if any).

Kindly ensure that you keep us or your personal adviser from our appointed distributor updated on any changes to your account details. This will enable us to keep you informed of the latest development of your investments and to ensure any payment of income distribution (if any) is paid successfully to your account or such cheque/ bank draft reaches you successfully at your updated address. Failure to inform us of any changes to your account details may result in us being unable to contact you and failure to make any income distribution payment to you, such income

distribution will become unclaimed moneys and be treated as unclaimed moneys under Section 7.6.

Investor feedback and complaints

We encourage feedback from you in order for us to upgrade our services to meet your needs. Additionally, if you have any complaints, you may direct your complaints to your personal adviser from our appointed distributor. You may also direct your feedback or complaints to us by contacting our customer service representative at (03) 2032 2888 or email enquiries@aminvest.com. If you wish to write to us, please address your letter to:

AmFunds Management Berhad 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group No. 55, Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

13 DIRECTORY

Head Office AmFunds Management Berhad

9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group

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Email: enquiries@aminvest.com

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P.O. Box 13611, 50816 Kuala Lumpur

For enquiries about this Fund and any other funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad, please call (03) 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday-Thursday), 8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m. (Friday)

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