Annual Report for

AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund

(formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund)
31 January 2024





TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group 55 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

Board of Directors

Jeyaratnam A/L Tamotharam Pillai Ng Chih Kaye Jas Bir Kaur A/P Lol Singh Arnold Lim Boon Lay Goh Wee Peng

Investment Committee

Arnold Lim Boon Lay Tracy Chen Wee Keng Goh Wee Peng

Trustee

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Auditors and Reporting Accountants
Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation AdviserDeloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

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MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund ("Fund") (formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund) for the financial year ended 31 January 2024.

Salient Information of the Fund

Name	AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund ("Fund") (formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund)
Category/ Type	Wholesale (Feeder Fund) / Growth
Name of Target Fund	Baillie Gifford Worldwide Positive Change Fund
Objective	The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital growth.
	Note: Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.
Duration	The Fund was established on 27 May 2021 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.
Performance Benchmark	MSCI All Country World Index. (Available at www.aminvest.com) Source: MSCI. The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or redisseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or a component of any financial instruments or products or indices. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each other person involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties (including, without limitation, any warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, timeliness, non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) with respect to this information. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including, without limitation, lost profits) or any other damages. (www.msci.com).
Income Distribution Policy	Given the Fund's investment objective, the Classes of the Fund are not expected to pay any distribution. Distributions, if any, are at the Manager's discretion. RM and RM-Hedged Classes Distribution, if any, can be in the form of cash (by telegraphic transfer) or units (by reinvestment into units of the respective Classes).

Other Classes except for RM and RM-Hedged Classes

Distribution, if any, to be reinvested into units of the respective Classes.

Note: Income distribution amount (if any) for each of the Classes could be different and is subject to the sole discretion of the Manager. For RM and RM-Hedged Classes only, if income distribution earned does not exceed RM500, it will be automatically reinvested.

Breakdown of Unit Holdings by Size

For the financial year under review, the size of the Fund for RM-Hedged Class stood at 37,671,421 units and for USD Class stood at 680,298 units.

RM-Hedged Class

Size of holding	As at 31 January 2024		As at 31 January 2023	
	No of units held	Number of unitholders	No of units held	Number of unitholders
5,000 and below	-	-	-	-
5,001-10,000	-	-	-	-
10,001-50,000	60,652	2	60,652	2
50,001-500,000	480,022	2	210,401	1
500,001 and above	37,130,747	6	52,528,501	7

USD Class

Size of holding	As at 31 January 2024		As at 31 January 2023	
	No of	Number of	No of	Number of
	units held	unitholders	units held	unitholders
5,000 and below	4,365	1	-	-
5,001-10,000	-	-	-	-
10,001-50,000	33,254	1	72,214	2
50,001-500,000	-	-	-	-
500,001 and above	642,679	1	1,479,473	1

Fund Performance Data

Portfolio Composition

Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 31 January are as follows:

	As at 31 January		
	2024 2023 2022		2022
	%	%	%
Foreign collective investment scheme	97.52	94.82	95.42
Forward contracts	0.03	-0.48	0.11
Money market deposits and cash			
equivalents	2.45	5.66	4.47
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00

Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.

Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial years/period ended 31 January are as follows:

	FYE 2024	FYE 2023	FPE 31.01.2022	
Net asset value (USD)				
- RM-Hedged Class	5,724,930	8,938,172	11,262,064	
- USD Class	517,207	1,138,594	1,420,185	
Units in circulation				
- RM-Hedged Class	37,671,421	52,799,554	57,774,901	
- USD Class	680,298	1,551,687	1,747,921	
Net asset value per unit in USD				
- RM-Hedged Class	0.1520	0.1693	0.1949	
- USD Class	0.7603	0.7338	0.8125	
Net asset value per unit in respective curr	encies			
- RM-Hedged Class (RM)	0.7184	0.7217	0.8156	
- USD Class (USD)	0.7603	0.7338	0.8125	
Highest net asset value per unit in respec	tive currencies			
- RM-Hedged Class (RM)	0.7672	0.8794	1.1233	
- USD Class (USD)	0.7936	0.8759	1.1199	
Lowest net asset value per unit in respect	ive currencies			
- RM-Hedged Class (RM)	0.6088	0.5858	0.7942	
- USD Class (USD)	0.6372	0.5897	0.7912	
Benchmark performance (%)				
- RM-Hedged Class	25.10	-7.88	2.20	
- USD Class	12.72	-9.62	1.19	
Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾				
- RM-Hedged Class	-0.46	-11.51	-18.44	
- USD Class	3.61	-9.69	-18.75	
- Capital growth (%)				
- RM-Hedged Class	-0.46	-11.51	-18.44	
- USD Class	3.61	-9.69	-18.75	
Total expense ratio (%)(2)	1.11	1.10	1.22	
Portfolio turnover ratio (times)(3)	0.23	0.16	1.23	

Note:

- (1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years/period computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees.
- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The TER increased by 0.01% as compared to 1.10% per annum for the financial year ended 31 January 2023 mainly due to decrease in Fund's in average Fund size.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The increase in the PTR for 2024 and decrease in 2023 was due mainly to investing activities.

Average Total Return (as at 31 January 2024)

	Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund ^(a) %	MSCI AII Country World Index ^(b) %
One year		
- RM-Hedged Class	-0.46	25.10
- USD Class	3.61	12.72
Since launch (27 May 2021)		
- RM-Hedged Class	-11.63	6.29
- USD Class	-9.74	1.14

Annual Total Return

Financial Years/Period Ended (31 January)	Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund ^(a)	MSCI AII Country World Index ^(b) %	
2024			
- RM-Hedged Class	-0.46	25.10	
- USD Class	3.61	12.72	
2023			
- RM-Hedged Class	-11.51	-7.88	
- USD Class	-9.69	-9.62	
2022 ^(c)			
- RM-Hedged Class	-18.44	2.20	
- USD Class	-18.75	1.19	

- (a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.
- (b) MSCI All Country World Index. (Available at www.aminvest.com).
- (c) Total actual return for the financial period from 27 May 2021 (date of launch) to 31 January 2022.

The Fund performance is calculated based on the net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Fund Performance

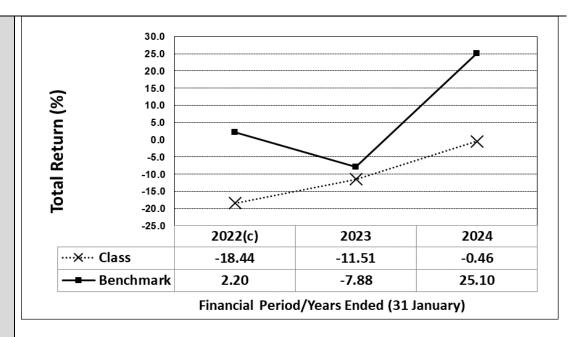
RM-Hedged Class

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a negative return of 0.46% which is entirely capital in nature.

Thus, the Fund's negative return of 0.46% has underperformed the benchmark's return of 25.10% by 25.56%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 January 2023, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund decreased by 0.46% from RM0.7217 to RM0.7184, while units in circulation decreased by 28.65% from 52,799,554 units to 37,671,421 units.

The following line chart shows the comparison between the annual performances of Sustainable Series – Positive Change Fund (RM-Hedged Class) and its benchmark, MSCI All Country World Index for the financial period/years ended 31 January.



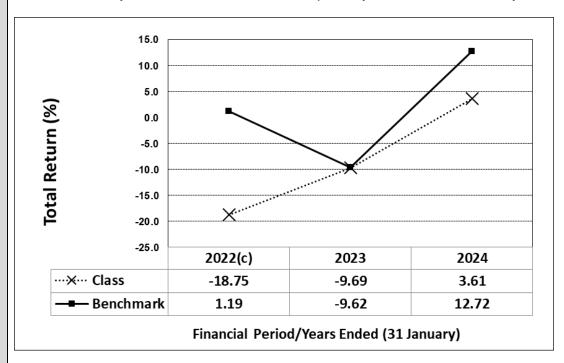
USD Class

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a return of 3.61% which is entirely capital growth in nature.

Thus, the Fund's return of 3.61% has underperformed the benchmark's return of 12.72% by 9.11%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 January 2023, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund increased by 3.61% from USD0.7338 to USD0.7603, while units in circulation decreased by 56.16% from 1,551,687 units to 680,298 units.

The following line chart shows the comparison between the annual performances of Sustainable Series – Positive Change Fund (USD Class) and its benchmark, MSCI All Country World Index for the financial period/years ended 31 January.



	Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.
Performance of the Target Fund	Fund Performance review of the Target Fund – Baillie Gifford Worldwide Positive Change Fund (Class B) ("the Target Fund")
	The Target Fund invests in an actively managed portfolio of 25-50 global high quality growth companies which can deliver positive change in one of four current themes: Social Inclusion and Education, Environment and Resource Needs, Healthcare and Quality of Life; and Base of the Pyramid (addressing the needs of the world's poorest populations). The Positive Change team generate ideas from a diverse range of sources. With a focus on fundamental in-house research, the group complete a two stage analysis of all holdings, looking at both the financial and positive change aspects case for each stock using a consistent framework. The output is a high conviction and differentiated portfolio. We expect turnover to be low, around 20% per annum over the long run.
	Source: Baillie Gifford & Co
Has the Fund achieved its objective?	The Fund achieved its objective by investing a minimum of 85% of its net asset value (NAV) in the Target Fund.
Strategies and Policies	Strategies and Policies employed by Target Fund
Employed	Investment Objectives
	The investment objectives of the Target Fund are to produce capital growth over the long term and to contribute towards a more sustainable and inclusive world by investing primarily in the equities of companies whose products and/or services make a positive social and/or environmental impact. The Target Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, money market instruments, cash and cash equivalents.
	Investment Policy
	The Target Fund will seek to achieve its objective primarily through investment in a concentrated but diversified portfolio of equity securities which shall principally be listed, traded or dealt in on one or more of the Regulated Markets referred to in Schedule II and through investment in a concentrated but diversified portfolio of equities of companies whose products and/or services make a positive environmental and/or social impact. This will include companies addressing critical social challenges in areas such as, but not limited to: education, social inclusion, healthcare, the environment and the base of the pyramid (i.e. addressing the needs of the poorest four billion people in the world). The equity securities in which the Target Fund will invest shall primarily consist of common stocks and other transferable securities such as convertible securities, preferred securities, participation notes, convertible preferred securities, warrants and rights. The equity securities in which the Target Fund may invest will not be selected from any particular industry sector or from any particular country and may be of small, medium or large market capitalisation, with no specific target allocation between small, medium and large market capitalization companies. The investment strategy of the Target Fund is to produce capital growth over the long term and contribute towards a more sustainable and inclusive world by investing at least 90 per cent. in the equities of companies whose products and/or services in the Investment Manager's opinion, deliver a positive social and/or environmental impact. The Target Fund will invest in equities of companies which are listed, traded or

dealt in on Regulated Markets worldwide. Companies that make a positive social and/or environmental impact are selected on an individual stock selection basis by a dedicated team of portfolio managers, using a 'bottom-up' approach and drawing on their own research and that of other investment teams at Baillie Gifford. The Investment Manager seeks to identify companies for whom delivering a positive social and/or environmental impact is core to their business; whose products and/or services represent an improvement to the prevailing practices; and who conduct business with honesty and integrity. This will include companies addressing critical challenges in the four impact themes, each of which represent key global challenges: (i) social inclusion and education; (ii) environment and resource needs; (iii) healthcare and quality of life; and (iv) base of the pyramid. Further detail on the rationale for each theme and the types of company to be invested in within each theme is below:

Social Inclusion and Education: Income and wealth inequalities have risen significantly over the past 30 years and now threaten the acceptance of capitalism as a force for good. The Target Fund will seek to invest in companies that are building a more inclusive society and/or are improving the quality or accessibility of education as the diffusion of skills and knowledge is one of the best tools to reduce inequality.

Environment and Resource Needs: The environmental impact of human activities is increasing, and basic resources such as food and water are becoming scarcer. Throughout history, climate change and famine have repeatedly limited the development of nations. Left unresolved, those problems could jeopardise international relations, destabilise our society and damage our planet. The Target Fund will seek to invest in companies that are improving resource efficiency and reducing the environmental impact of economic activities.

Healthcare and Quality of Life: People are living longer but not necessarily healthier. People are richer but are not necessarily happier. The stress of modern life is damaging to physical and mental health. The Target Fund will seek to invest in companies that are actively improving the quality of life in developed and developing countries.

Base of the Pyramid: Economic growth has led to improvements in living conditions in many parts of the world. However, the fruits of human ingenuity have not filtered down to everyone. The Target Fund will seek to invest in companies that are addressing the basic and aspirational needs of the billions of people at the bottom of the global income ladder.

Investments will initially be selected by the Investment Manager based on its own research. The impact analysts within the Investment Manager conduct independent analysis of a company's products and services to assess whether they contribute to one of the social impact themes. The impact analysis is carried out using a framework that is based upon assessing three factors: (i) intent, (ii) product impact and (iii) business practices. Further information on these three factors is below.

Intent: Understanding a company's intent towards delivering positive change can help the Investment Manager to understand how likely it is that the company will deliver on the expected impact which involves considering a company's mission and how it is implemented; its strategy; actions commitments and structures; and influence on wider society.

Product Impact: All companies in the Target Fund's portfolio are included because their products and services address a global environmental or social challenge. The Investment Manager's assessment of product impact considers the relationship between the product and the problem; the breadth and depth of the impact; and the materiality of the product or service both in the context of the

business and the problem. As part of the assessment of product impact, the contribution that the companies' products and/or services are making to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) is mapped by using the 169 targets that underpin the SDGs. Companies are assessed to determine which targets they are contributing to through the delivery of their products and the SDG mapping methodology and process has been independently assessed by a third party auditor.

Business Practices: Understanding a company's ESG business practices helps to determine whether it can achieve sustainable growth which involves considering a company's actions across the full value chain and its relationships with all stakeholders. A positive change impact report is published annually and is publicly available on the Baillie Gifford website. This report shows how each company in the portfolio is delivering positive change through its products and services. Key metrics for each individual company in relation to the contribution made by their products and services to the four impact themes and their contribution to the SDGs are included in the report.

In addition, the Investment Manager will:

- (a) assess equities using a norms-based evaluation and will comply with the Investment Manager's policy on assessing breaches of the United Nations Global Compact Principles for Business as outlined in its ESG Principles and Guidelines document; and
- (b) exclude from the Target Fund's holdings companies that derive:
- (i) more than 10 per cent. of annual revenues from the production and/or distribution of military weapon systems and components, and provision of support systems and services for production of military weapon systems and components;
- (ii) more than 30 per cent. of annual revenues from the mining and/or sale of thermal coal; or
- (iii) more than 5 per cent. of annual revenues from the production of tobacco.

These assessments will be made by the Investment Manager's own research (including company engagement) and a combination of third party data sources (such as Sustainalytics and MSCI). These considerations apply at the time of acquisition of the equity securities and in the event of any subsequent inadvertent holding of an equity security not aligned with these considerations, the Investment Manager shall seek to dispose of any such securities as soon as reasonably practicable in line with Baillie Gifford's Divestment Policy as outlined in the Investment Manager's ESG Principles and Guidelines document. The assessment of whether companies follow good governance practices requires active engagement and demonstration of stewardship through company engagement and analysis in accordance with the stewardship principles included in the Investment Manager's ESG Principles and Guidelines document. Please see section entitled "Sustainability Risks" under section entitled "Risk Factors" for more details.

The Investment Manager aims to achieve its investment objectives through its investment in equities only. Cash is a residual element of the investment process. Cash may be held on deposit by the Target Fund. Cash equivalents may also be held by Target Fund from time to time. Cash equivalents are commercial paper, banker's acceptances, certificates of deposit and government securities or securities issued by any Supranational Organisation, provided these securities are listed, traded or dealt in on a Regulated Market and are rated investment grade or better by a Recognised Rating Agency.

Investments in Emerging Market Countries may be acquired subject to a limit of 50 per cent. of the Net Asset Value of the Target Fund.

In relation to investment in China, the Target Fund may have exposure to Permissible PRC Instruments directly via the Stock Connects and/or through FII Scheme (including via the Science and Technology Innovation Board ("STAR Board") of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and ChiNext market of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange via the Stock Connects or FII Scheme) or indirectly via investments in structured notes, participation notes, equity-linked notes or Eligible Collective Investment Schemes that invest primarily in Permissible PRC Instruments, structured notes, participation notes, equity-linked notes and similar financial instruments. The underlying assets of the structured notes, participation notes and equitylinked notes must consist of securities issued by companies quoted on Regulated Markets in China, and/or the performance of which is linked to the performance of securities issued by companies quoted on Regulated Markets in China.

The Target Fund will not invest more than 10 per cent. of its Net Asset Value in units or shares of Eligible Collective Investment Schemes, including exchange traded funds. The Eligible Collective Investment Schemes in which the Target Fund may invest will have similar investment objectives and policies to the Target Fund.

The Target Fund may invest in currency forwards to reduce currency risk but not to take active positions on currency. Such use will be for efficient portfolio management purposes in the manner described under the heading "Investment Techniques and Instruments".

Other than the Target Fund's investment in convertible securities, preferred securities, participation notes, convertible preferred securities, warrants and rights for investment purposes, the Target Fund may only use financial derivative instruments referred to under the heading "Investment Techniques and Instruments" for efficient portfolio management purposes. To the extent that the Target Fund uses financial derivative instruments which create leverage, the limits on global exposure described in Schedule IV under the heading "Cover Requirements" apply. In particular, leverage will be measured using the commitment approach, whereby such leverage cannot exceed 100 per cent. of the Net Asset Value of the Target Fund. For a fuller description of the risks involved, please see the section entitled "Risk Factors". A financial derivative instruments risk management process, setting out the types of financial derivative instruments in which the Target Fund may invest has been filed with the Central Bank in accordance with the UCITS Rules. Derivatives, in general, involve special risks and costs and may result in losses to the Target Fund.

Other than through investment in convertible securities, preferred securities, convertible preferred securities, warrants, rights, structured notes, participation notes and equity-linked notes as set out above, the Target Fund will not actively take positions in securities which contain embedded derivatives but it may acquire them passively through corporate actions, for example, where the Target Fund is issued with securities pursuant to a rights issue in respect of a pre-existing investment and those securities have warrants attached to them. The Investment Manager does not expect such embedded derivatives to be leveraged.

The Target Fund's performance (after deduction of costs) is measured against the MSCI ACWI Index (the "Index"), details of which are set out in Schedule VII. The Target Fund seeks to Materially Outperform the Index over the long term. Details of the Target Fund's performance relative to the Index are available in the Target Fund's KIID and are for illustrative purposes only. There is no guarantee that the

Target Fund's performance will match or exceed the Index over the long term and for any given year the Target Fund may either outperform or underperform the Index.

The Target Fund is actively managed and the Investment Manager uses its discretion to invest in assets which are not included in the Index or with weightings different to that of the Index. For the avoidance of doubt, the Investment Manager considers that the Index is not used for the purpose of determining or constraining the composition of the Target Fund's portfolio. This Index is not used as a reference index to attain the sustainable investment objective as the Target Fund does not align its sustainable investment objective with that of the Index.

The Target Fund is classified pursuant to Article 9 of the SFDR as its objective is to invest in sustainable investments as defined under the SFDR by investing in companies whose products and/or services make a positive environmental and/or social impact. A portion of these sustainable investments are in economic activities that contribute to environmental objectives including those that are covered by the Taxonomy Regulation's Technical Screening Criteria. The expected minimum level of Taxonomy alignment is at least 1 per cent. of the Target Fund's investments. Further information in relation to the sustainable investment objective of the Target Fund are set out in Schedule VIII.

The Base Currency of the Target Fund is U.S. Dollars.

Source: Baillie Gifford & Co

Strategies and Policies of the Fund

For the financial year under review, the Fund had complied with the requirements of the Guidelines on Sustainable and Responsible Investment Funds ("SRI").

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing a minimum of 85% of the Fund's net asset value (NAV) in the Target Fund. This implies that the Fund has a passive strategy.

The Fund is a qualified SRI fund. It invests in the Target Fund that adopts the "impact investing" strategy. This includes screening, selection, monitoring and realization of the Target Fund's investments by the Investment Manager. The Target Fund will adopt the following strategy to ensure that the companies that the Target Fund invests in are in line with the sustainability principles adopted and the overall impact of such investments of the Target Fund is not inconsistent with any other sustainability principles.

The Target Fund invests primarily in the equities of companies whose products, behaviour and/or services in the Investment Manager's opinion, deliver a positive social impact and change by contributing toward a more sustainable and inclusive world. The Target Fund will invest in equities of companies which are listed, traded or dealt in on regulated markets worldwide. Companies that make a positive social impact are selected on an individual stock selection basis by a dedicated team of portfolio managers, using a 'bottom-up' approach and drawing on their own research and that of other investment teams at Baillie Gifford. The Investment Manager seeks to identify companies for whom delivering a positive social impact is core to their business; whose products, behaviour and/or services represent an improvement to the prevailing practices; and who conduct business with honesty and integrity. This will include companies addressing critical challenges in the four impact themes, each of which represent key global challenges: (i) social inclusion and education, (ii) environment and resource needs, (iii) healthcare and quality of life and (iv) base of the pyramid (i.e. addressing the needs of the poorest four

billion people in the world). Further detail on the rationale for each theme and the types of company to be invested in within each theme is below:

Social Inclusion and Education: Income and wealth inequalities have risen significantly over the past 30 years and now threaten the acceptance of capitalism as a force for good. The Target Fund will seek to invest in companies that are building a more inclusive society through business practices or products and services as well as those that are improving the quality or accessibility of education as the diffusion of skills and knowledge is one of the best tools to reduce inequality.

Environment and Resource Needs: The environmental impact of human activities is increasing, and basic resources such as food and water are becoming scarcer. Throughout history, climate change and famine have repeatedly limited the development of nations. Left unresolved, those problems could jeopardise international relations, destabilise our society and damage our planet. The Target Fund will seek to invest in companies that are improving resource efficiency and reducing the environmental impact of economic activities.

Healthcare and Quality of Life: People are living longer but not necessarily healthier. People are richer but are not necessarily happier. The stress of modern life is damaging to physical and mental health. The Target Fund will seek to invest in companies that are actively improving the quality of life in developed and developing countries.

Base of the Pyramid: Economic growth has led to improvements in living conditions in many parts of the world. However, the fruits of human ingenuity have not filtered down to everyone. The Target Fund will seek to invest in companies that are addressing the basic and aspirational needs of the billions of people at the bottom of the global income ladder.

Investments will initially be selected by the Investment Manager based on its own research. The impact analysts within the Investment Manager conduct independent analysis of a company's products and services to assess whether they contribute to one of the social impact themes. The impact analysis is carried out using a framework that is based upon assessing three factors: (i) intent, (ii) product impact and (iii) business practices. Further information on these three factors is below.

Intent: Understanding a company's intent towards delivering positive change can help the Investment Manager to understand how likely it is that the company will deliver on the expected impact which involves considering a company's mission and how it is implemented; its strategy; actions commitments and structures; and influence on wider society.

Product Impact: All companies in the Target Fund's portfolio are included because their products and services address a global environmental or social challenge. The Investment Manager's assessment of product impact considers the relationship between the product and the problem; the breadth and depth of the impact; and the materiality of the product or service both in the context of the business and the problem. As part of the assessment of product impact, the contribution that the companies' products are making to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) is mapped by using the 169 targets that underpin the SDGs. Which targets the companies are contributing to through delivery of their products is assessed and the SDG mapping methodology and process has been independently assessed by a third party auditor.

Business Practices: Understanding a company's business practices helps to determine whether it can achieve sustainable growth which involves considering a

company's actions across the full value chain and its relationships with all stakeholders.

A positive change impact report is published annually and is publicly available on the Baillie Gifford website. This report shows how each company in the portfolio is delivering positive change through its products and services. Key metrics for each individual company in relation to the contribution made by their products and services to the four impact themes and their contribution to the SDGs are included in the report.

The Target Fund's investment strategy adopts the above investing strategy. If the Target Fund's investments become inconsistent with its investment strategies, the Investment Manager shall dispose of the investment(s) within an appropriate timeframe.

Even though the Fund is passively managed, the Fund's investments will be actively rebalanced from time to time to accommodate for subscription and redemption requests, price movements or due to reasons beyond Manager's control. During this period, the Fund's investment may differ from the stipulated asset allocation. Additionally, the Manager do not intend to take temporary defensive measure for the Fund during adverse market, economic, political or any other conditions to allow the Fund to mirror the performance of the Target Fund.

The Manager may, in consultation with the Trustee and with the approval of the Unit Holders, terminate the Fund or replace the Target Fund with another fund that has similar objective if, in the Manager's opinion, the Target Fund no longer meets the Fund's investment objective. The replacement target fund must meet the requirements of the Guidelines on Sustainable and Responsible Investment Funds, where applicable. If the Target Fund no longer meets the requirements of the Guidelines on Sustainable and Responsible Investment Funds, the Fund's SRI status will be revoked.

Portfolio Structure

The table below is the asset allocation of the Fund as at 31 January 2024 and 31 January 2023.

	As at 31.01.2024 %	As at 31.01.2023 %	Changes %
Foreign collective investment scheme	97.52	94.82	2.70
Forward contracts	0.03	-0.48	0.51
Money market deposits and cash			
equivalents	2.45	5.66	-3.21
Total	100.00	100.00	

For the financial year under review, the Fund invested 97.52% of its NAV in the foreign collective investment scheme, 0.03% in forward contracts and the balance of 2.45% was held in money market deposits and cash equivalents.

Cross Trade

There were no cross trades undertaken during the financial year under review.

Distribution/ Unit Splits

There is no income distribution and unit split declared for the financial year under review.

State of Affairs

There has been neither significant changes to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unitholders during the financial year under review.

Rebates and Soft Commission

During the year, the management company did not receive soft commissions by virtue of transactions conducted for the Fund.

Market Review

The Positive Change Fund outperformed the benchmark over the quarter. Performance over the period was reflective of the volatile market conditions we have experienced throughout the year, with continued swings in market sentiment and share prices. Despite this backdrop, many of the companies in our portfolio continue to demonstrate solid revenues and profit growth. The portfolio is expected to experience significant revenue and earnings growth over the next three years, with a predicted rate over two times higher than the Target Fund's benchmark.

Among the largest contributors to performance over the quarter were Shopify, Dexcom and Duolingo. Shopify, a leading e-commerce platform, continues to perform well. The company's recent results delivered a compelling combination of both top-line growth and profitability, with revenue growing 25% year-over-year. Additionally, the company has expanded its offering, including launching a new pricing plan for brick-and-mortar businesses and further developing its end-to-end cross-border commerce solution.

Dexcom's continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) devices allow patients with diabetes to monitor their glucose levels in real-time and minimise the impact of the condition. The company's shares fell sharply in July after Novo Nordisk's antiobesity drug, semaglutide, showed it could reduce the risk of heart attacks and strokes, and the market inferred a hit to revenues for the majority of the MedTech sector, including Dexcom. However, the company's data shows that adherence to the drugs is higher alongside CGM use and that awareness of the drug might help diagnose pre-diabetes in patients, a growing market for Dexcom. After impressive financial results were announced at the end of October, the company's stock price has rallied strongly.

Duolingo, the language learning app, reported strong performance this quarter due to its continued focus on product-led growth, resulting in record-high daily and monthly active users and subscribers. The company's disciplined execution has led to increased profitability, with subscription bookings increasing by 43%, and paid subscribers increasing by 59%.

Among the largest detractors to performance over the quarter were WuXi Biologics, Moderna and Remitly WuXi Biologics, one of the world's largest outsourcing companies for the development of biologic drugs, had a weak quarter after it lowered its full-year 2023 guidance financial results. Customer spending cuts and prioritisation of drug pipelines have slowed new project wins, and regulatory approval delays have weighed on manufacturing revenues. With WuXi's speed, cost, and flexibility edge over its rivals, the company remains well positioned to take share in a structurally growing market.

Moderna has seen prolonged share price weakness due to continued negative market sentiment around its declining COVID-19 vaccine revenues. However, we retain conviction in the long-term potential of Moderna's mRNA platform to develop innovative vaccines and therapeutics. It was pleasing to see encouraging follow-up data released in December for its personalised cancer vaccine, news that was positively received by the market. Remitly, a global remittance company, saw its share price decline this quarter. Although the company announced a rise in active customers of 42% year-on-year and a growth in revenue of 43%, the market seemed to focus on the increase in the company's marketing expenses, which was reflected in the share price decline.

	Source: Baillie Gifford & Co
Market Outlook	The Positive Change Fund outperformed the benchmark over the quarter. Performance over the period was reflective of the volatile market conditions we have experienced throughout the year, with continued swings in market sentiment and share prices. Despite this backdrop, many of the companies in our portfolio continue to demonstrate solid revenues and profit growth. The portfolio is expected to experience significant revenue and earnings growth over the next three years, with a predicted rate over two times higher than the Target Fund's benchmark.
	Source: Baillie Gifford & Co
A statement that the fund has complied with these Guidelines during the	Baillie Gifford Worldwide Positive Change Fund has complied with its investment strategy to invest at least 90% in the equities of companies whose products and/or services make a positive social and/or environmental impact.
reporting period	Source: Baillie Gifford & Co
Descriptions on sustainability considerations that have been adopted in the policies and strategies employed	The Target Fund aims to contribute towards a more sustainable and inclusive world by investing primarily in the equities companies whose products and/or services make a positive social and/or environmental impact in the Target Fund's four impact themes, each of which represent key global challenges: (i) social inclusion and education, (ii) environment and resource needs, (iii) healthcare and quality of life, and (iv) base of the pyramid (i.e. addressing the needs of the poorest four billion people in the world). The impact analysis is carried out using a framework that is based upon assessing three factors: (i) intent, (ii) product impact and (iii) business practices. The Target Fund also will comply with the Investment Manager's policy on assessing breaches of the United Nations Global Compact Principles for Business as outlined in Baillie Gifford's ESG Principles and Guidelines document and will exclude companies that derive more than 10% of their annual revenues from (i) the production or sale of alcohol, weapons and armaments or adult entertainment; (ii) fossil fuel extraction and production; (iii) the provision of gambling services; and
	(iv) the sale of tobacco. The Investment Manager also excludes companies that derive more than 5% of their annual revenues from the production of tobacco.
	Source: Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) website disclosure for Baillie Gifford Worldwide Positive Change Fund
	the SRI Fund's policies and strategies achieved during the reporting period de, but are not limited to the following (a-g):-
(a) A review on sustainability considerations of the SRI Fund's portfolio;	The Target Fund contributed towards a more sustainable and inclusive world by investing primarily in the equities of companies whose products and/or services made a positive social and/or environmental impact in the Target Fund's four impact themes, each of which represent key global challenges: (i) social inclusion and education, (ii) environment and resource needs, (iii) healthcare and quality of life and (iv) base of the pyramid (i.e. addressing the needs of the poorest four billion people in the world). The impact analysis was carried out using a framework that is based upon assessing three factors: (i) intent, (ii) product impact and (iii) business practices. Through the product impact analysis, all companies in the Target Fund's portfolio met the sustainable investment objective of the financial product, because their products and/or services address a global environmental and/or social challenge. As part of the assessment of product impact, the contribution that the companies' products and/or services made to the United

Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) was mapped using the 169 targets that underpin the SDGs. The SDGs are made up of 17 goals, some of which can be mapped on a high-level basis against the six environmental objectives outlined in the EU Taxonomy. The Target Fund did not invest in line with a predetermined environmental theme, and there was no commitment as to which specific environmental objectives in the EU Taxonomy the Target Fund would contribute to.

Source: Baillie Gifford & Co

(b) The proportion of underlying investments that are consistent with the SRI Fund's policies and strategies

In order to meet the sustainable investment objective promoted by the Target Fund, it invested at least 99.1% of its total assets in equity securities of companies (directly although it may have also invested indirectly through eligible collective investment schemes) whose products and/or services made a positive social and/or environmental impact in the Target Fund's four impact themes, each of which represent key global challenges. This included 9.7% invested in sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy. The remaining proportion of the investments was used for liquidity and/or efficient portfolio management purposes and did not incorporate any of the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Target Fund.

Source: Baillie Gifford & Co

(c) Where the SRI Fund's underlying investments are inconsistent with its policies and strategies, descriptions on steps undertaken to rectify the inconsistency

The Target Fund was actively managed and focuses on investing in equities of companies whose products and/or services make a positive social and/or environmental impact. The Target Fund employed an impact strategy as it contributed towards a more sustainable and inclusive world alongside capital growth over the long term.

The Target Fund included norms-based evaluation, business activity-based exclusions and active ownership to attain the sustainable investment objective. These are implemented on a continuous basis through ongoing compliance with and monitoring of the binding commitments outlined in the pre-contractual document.

SFDR requires that products promoting environmental and/or social characteristics do not invest in companies which do not follow good governance practices. As such, the Investment Manager has a policy to apply good governance tests on areas covering sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Source: Baillie Gifford & Co

(d) Actions taken in achieving the SRI Fund's policies and strategies

To meet the sustainable investment objective of the Target fund, the following indicators are used:

- i. The % of investments that meet the impact assessment.
- ii. The % of investments that have linkage with UN SDGs.
- iii. The % of investments that comply with the Investment Manager's policy on assessing breaches of United Nation's Global Compact Principles for Business.
- iv. The % of investments that comply with the business activity-based exclusions.
- v. The % of holdings voted.

Reflecting that Positive Change has two objectives: investment returns and impact, there are two stages to the research process: fundamental company analysis and impact analysis. The Investment Manager looks for companies for whom delivering a positive impact is core to their business; whose products and services represent a significant improvement to the status quo; and whose people conduct business with honesty and integrity.

	Course Politic Cifford 9 Co
	Source: Baillie Gifford & Co
(e) A comparison of the SRI Fund's performance against the designated reference benchmark (if available)	No specific index has been designated as a reference benchmark for the purpose of attaining the sustainable investment objective. Source: Baillie Gifford & Co
(f) Descriptions on sustainability risk considerations and the inclusion of such risks in the SRI Fund's investment decision making process	The investments will initially be selected by the Investment Manager based on its own research. An independent analysis of a company's products and/or services will be conducted to assess whether they contribute to one of the four impact themes. The impact analysis is carried out using a qualitative framework that is based upon assessing three factors: (i) intent, (ii) product impact and (iii) business practices. All companies in the Target Fund's portfolio are included because their products and/or services address a global environmental or social challenge. As part of the assessment of product impact, the contribution that the companies' products and/or services are making to the UN SDGs is mapped by using the 169 targets that underpin the UN SDGs. Companies are assessed to determine which targets they are contributing to through the delivery of their products and the SDG mapping methodology and process has been independently assessed by a third party auditor. The Target Fund will comply with the Investment Manager's policy on assessing breaches of the United Nations Global Compact Principles for Business as outlined in Baillie Gifford's ESG Principles and Guidelines document and will exclude companies that derive more than 10% of their annual revenues from (i) the production or sale of alcohol, weapons and armaments or adult entertainment; (ii) fossil fuel extraction and production; (iii) the provision of gambling services; and (iv) the sale of tobacco. The Investment Manager also excludes companies that derive more than 5% of their annual revenues from the production of tobacco. Source: Baillie Gifford & Co
(g) Any other information, considered necessary and relevant by the issuer	No additional information deemed necessary or relevant by the issuer at this juncture. Source: Baillie Gifford & Co
Where the SRI Fund has provided previous periodic reviews, a comparison between the current and at least the previous reporting period	All holdings were in compliance with the sustainability indicators during the period. None of the sustainability indicators have been subject to an assurance provided by an auditor or a review by a third party of the Target Fund. Source: Baillie Gifford & Co

Additional Information

The following information was updated:

- Mr Tai Terk Lin, an Independent Non-Executive Director of AmFunds Management Berhad ('AFM'), has retired from the Board and the Fund Management Division's Audit and Risk Management Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.
- 2) Mdm Jas Bir Kaur A/P Lol Singh, an Independent Non-Executive Director of AFM, has resigned as the Chairperson of the Investment Committee and has been appointed as a member of the Fund Management Division's Audit and Risk Management Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.
- 3) Mr Arnold Lim Boon Lay has been appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of AFM and the Chairman of the Investment Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.
- 4) The Third Supplementary Information Memorandum in respect of AmSustainable Series Positive Change Fund dated and effective 1 March 2024 has been lodged with Securities Commission Malaysia and is issued to inform sophisticated investors of the following, but is not limited to:-
 - the update made to the disclosure in "Definitions";
 - the update made to the investment strategy for the fund;
 - the update made to the target fund's information; and
 - the insertion of new specific risks associated with the investment portfolio of the fund.

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AmFunds Management Berhad

18 March 2024

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund (formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund (formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund) (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 January 2024, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unit holders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 22 to 47.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 January 2024 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund (formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund) (cont'd.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund (formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund) (cont'd.)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with the approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund (formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund) (cont'd.)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Ng Sue Ean No. 03276/07/2024 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 18 March 2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JANUARY 2024

	Note	2024 USD	2023 USD
ASSETS			
Investment Derivative asset Amount due from Target Fund Manager Cash at banks TOTAL ASSETS	4 5 6	6,087,443 2,239 20,000 200,740 6,310,422	9,554,517 - - 583,729 10,138,246
LIABILITIES			
Derivative liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Sundry payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS)	5 7 8	242 64,481 272 3,290 68,285	48,737 9,207 426 3,110 61,480
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS		6,242,137	10,076,766
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS OF THE FUND COMPRISE:			
Unit holders' contribution Accumulated losses	10(a)(b) 10(c)(d) 10	12,335,075 (6,092,938) 6,242,137	15,211,744 (5,134,978) 10,076,766
NET ASSET VALUE - RM-Hedged Class - USD Class		5,724,930 517,207 6,242,137	8,938,172 1,138,594 10,076,766
UNITS IN CIRCULATION - RM-Hedged Class - USD Class	10(a) 10(b)	37,671,421 680,298	52,799,554 1,551,687
NAV PER UNIT IN USD - RM-Hedged Class - USD Class		0.1520 0.7603	0.1693 0.7338
NAV PER UNIT IN RESPECTIVE CURRENCIES - RM-Hedged Class (RM) - USD Class (USD)		0.7184 0.7603	0.7217 0.7338

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

	Note	2024 USD	2023 USD
INVESTMENT LOSSES			
Interest income Net losses from investment: - Financial assets at fair value through profit or		2,329	782
loss ("FVTPL")	9	(874,605)	(1,701,237)
Other net realised gain/(loss) on foreign currency exchange Other net unrealised losses on foreign currency	_	4,510	(731)
exchange		(28)	(17)
		(867,794)	(1,701,203)
EXPENDITURE			
Manager's fee Trustee's fee Audit fee Tax agent's fee Other expenses	7 8	(82,720) (4,068) (1,767) (895) (716)	(104,228) (5,130) (1,912) (907) (725)
·		(90,166)	(112,902)
Net losses before taxation Taxation Net losses after taxation, representing total	12	(957,960)	(1,814,105)
comprehensive losses for the financial year		(957,960)	(1,814,105)
Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses		(2,614,385)	(1,565,837)
Unrealised gain/(loss)		1,656,425	(248,268)
		(957,960)	(1,814,105)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

	Note	Unit holders' contribution USD	Accumulated losses USD	Total USD
At 1 February 2023 Total comprehensive loss for		15,211,744	(5,134,978)	10,076,766
the financial year		-	(957,960)	(957,960)
Creation of units				
 RM-Hedged Class 	10(a)	869,872	-	869,872
- USD Class	10(b)	16,033	-	16,033
Cancellation of units				
- RM-Hedged Class	10(a)	(3,114,007)	-	(3,114,007)
- USD Class	10(b)	(648,567)	<u> </u>	(648,567)
Balance at 31 January 2024		12,335,075	(6,092,938)	6,242,137
At 1 February 2022 Total comprehensive loss for		16,003,122	(3,320,873)	12,682,249
the financial year		-	(1,814,105)	(1,814,105)
Creation of units				
 RM-Hedged Class 	10(a)	1,778,628	-	1,778,628
- USD Class	10(b)	27,802	-	27,802
Cancellation of units				
 RM-Hedged Class 	10(a)	(2,435,601)	-	(2,435,601)
- USD Class	10(b)	(162,207)	<u> </u>	(162,207)
Balance at 31 January 2023		15,211,744	(5,134,978)	10,076,766

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

	2024 USD	2023 USD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investment Purchases of investment Net settlement from derivative contracts Interest received	3,711,510 - (1,185,266) 2,329	2,270,269 (1,029,000) (333,948) 782
Manager's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Tax agent's fee paid Payments for other expenses	(85,577) (4,222) (798) (2,399)	(107,918) (5,294) (832) (2,449)
Net cash generated from operating and investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2,435,577	791,610
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units Net cash used in financing activities	885,905 (3,704,471) (2,818,566)	1,881,095 (2,597,808) (716,713)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	(382,989) 583,729	74,897 508,832
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	200,740	583,729
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at banks	200,740	583,729

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 26 April 2021 as amended by the Deeds supplemental thereto (the "Deeds"), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee and all unit holders. By 2nd Supplementary Information Memorandum dated 28 February 2024, the Fund has changed its name from Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund to AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund.

The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital growth by investing in the Baillie Gifford Worldwide Positive Change Fund ("Target Fund"). Being a feeder fund, a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Ireland-based Target Fund, which is a separate unit trust fund managed by Baillie Gifford Investment Management (Europe) Limited ("Target Fund Manager"), while maintaining up to a maximum of 15% of the Fund's NAV in liquid assets. As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 31 January and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 27 May 2021.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 18 March 2024.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following MFRS which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Effective for financial periods

Description	beginning on or after
MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and Amendments to MFRS 17*	1 January 2023
Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - Comparative Information	ion
(Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts)*	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting	nting
Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to	
Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: International Tax Reform	m -
Pillar Two Model Rules	1 January 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards issued but not yet effective

The standards and amendments to standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

Effective for financial periods

Description beginning on or after

Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and	
Leaseback*	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows and MFRS 7	
Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in	
Foreign Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*	Deferred

^{*} These MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

(ii) Gain or loss on disposal of investment

On disposal of investment, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is United States Dollar ("USD") which is the currency in which the issuance and redemption certain of the Fund's units and the sale and purchase of the Fund's investment are denominated and settled. The Fund has also adopted USD as its presentation currency.

3.4 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. At each reporting date, foreign currency monetary items are translated into USD at exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. All exchange gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

3.5 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investment that is readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.6 Unit holders' contributions

The unit holders' contributions of the Fund are classified as liabilities under the requirements of MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation ("MFRS 132")*.

Under MFRS 132, a unit trust fund with one common class of unit holders is classified as equity as it meets the requirement of having identical features. In a multi-unit class fund, if any one class (or a group of classes) can be differentiated in terms of their features, then all the classes will be classified as liability.

The Fund issues cancellable units in two classes. Details are disclosed in Note 10.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.7 Distribution

Distributions are at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from realised income and recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, as the unit holders' contribution are classified as financial liability as per Note 3.6. Realised income is the income earned from interest income and net gain on disposal of investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

3.8 Financial assets – initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets under MFRS 9

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified date to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial asset. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Interest earned element of such instrument is recorded in "Interest income". Exchange differences on financial assets at FVTPL are not recognised separately in profit or loss but are included in net gain or net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets under MFRS 9 (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

Financial assets at FVTPL (cont'd.)

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

The Fund subsequently measures its investment in collective investment scheme ("CIS") and derivative instruments at FVTPL. Distributions earned whilst holding the investment in CIS is recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established. Gains and losses on the investment in CIS, realised and unrealised, are included in profit or loss.

3.10 Financial liabilities – classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holders. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

3.11 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investment classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.11 Derecognition of financial instruments (cont'd.)

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

3.13 Determination of fair value

For the investment in CIS, fair value is determined based on the closing NAV per unit of the foreign CIS. Purchased cost is the price that the Fund paid when buying its investment. The difference between purchased cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss. Unrealised gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are not distributable in nature.

The fair value of foreign exchange - forward contracts is calculated by making reference to prevailing forward exchange rates for contracts with similar maturity profiles in the market. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

3.14 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its investment as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investment in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holders' cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4.	INVESTMENT			2024 USD	2023 USD
	Financial asset at FVTPL				
	At cost: Foreign CIS			7,891,160	12,963,952
	At fair value: Foreign CIS			6,087,443	9,554,517
	Details of investment are a	as follows:			
	Foreign CIS	Number of units	Fair value USD	Purchased cost USD	Fair value as percentage NAV
	2024				
	Baillie Gifford Worldwide Positive Change Fund ("Target Fund")	309,806	6,087,443	7,891,160	97.52

(1,803,717)

Shortfall of fair value over

purchased cost

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

5. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Derivative instruments comprise forward currency contracts. The forward currency contracts entered into during the financial year were for hedging against the currencies exposure arising mainly from creation and cancellation of units in foreign currencies that are not denominated in the Fund's functional currency. As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial year, the change in the fair value of the forward currency contract is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

The table below shows the fair value of derivative financial instruments, recorded as assets (being derivatives which are in a net gain position) or liabilities (being derivatives which are in a net loss position), together with their notional amounts. The notional amount, recorded gross, is the amount of a derivative's underlying asset, foreign exchange currency and is the basis upon which changes in the value of derivatives are measured. The notional amounts indicate the volume of transactions outstanding at the end of the financial year.

Maturity date	Counterparties	Notional amount RM	Fair value of derivatives asset/ (liabilities) USD	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
2024				
Ringgit Mala	aysia			
29.02.2024	Deutsche Bank			
29.02.2024	(Malaysia) Berhad Deutsche Bank	26,855,893	2,239	0.04
29.02.2024	(Malaysia) Berhad	595,625	(242)	_*
2023				
Ringgit Mala	aysia			
28.02.2023	Deutsche Bank			
	(Malaysia) Berhad	37,534,130	(47,321)	(0.47)
28.02.2023	Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad	781,102	(1,416)	(0.01)
	(Malaysia) Derriad	701,102	(1,410)	(0.01)

^{*} Less than 0.01%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

6. AMOUNT DUE FROM TARGET FUND MANAGER

Amount due from target fund manager arose from the sale of investments. The settlement period is within two business days from the transaction.

7. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

	Note	2024 USD	2023 USD
Due to Manager			
Cancellation of units	(i)	58,131	-
Manager's fee payable	(ii)	6,350	9,207
	_	64,481	9,207

(i) This represents amount payable to the Manager for units cancelled.

The normal credit period in the current financial year for cancellation of units is three business days.

(ii) As the Fund is investing in the Target Fund, the Manager's fee was charged as follows:

	2024 % p.a.	2023 % p.a.
Manager's fee charged by the Target Fund Manager,		
on the NAV of the Target Fund	0.50	0.50
Manager's fee charged by the Manager, on the NAV		
of investment in the Target Fund (Note a)	1.00	1.00
Manager's fee charged by the Manager, on the		
remaining NAV of the Fund (Note a)	1.50	1.50

Note a) The Manager's fee is charged on 1.00% of the NAV of investment in the Target Fund and 1.50% on the remaining NAV of the Fund.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Manager's fee payable is one month.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

8. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.05% (2023: 0.05%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

9. NET LOSSES FROM INVESTMENT

	2024 USD	2023 USD
Net losses on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:		
 Net realised losses on sale of investment 	(1,345,792)	(1,119,038)
 Net realised losses on settlement of 		
derivative contracts	(1,185,266)	(333,948)
 Net unrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair 		
value of investment	1,605,719	(186,017)
 Net unrealised gain/(loss) from revaluation of 		
derivative contracts	50,734	(62,234)
	(874,605)	(1,701,237)

10. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

Total NAV attributable to unit holders is represented by:

2023 USD
3,444,557
1,767,187
,676,807)
,458,171)
0,076,766
,

The Fund issues cancellable units in two classes as detailed below:

Classes of units	Currency denomination	Categories of investors	Distribution policy
RM-Hedged Class	RM	Mixed	Incidental
USD Class	USD	Mixed	Incidental

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

10. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS (CONT'D.)

The different charges and features for each class are as follows:

- (i) Initial price
- (ii) Minimum initial investments
- (iii) Minimum additional investments

(a) Unit holders' contribution/units in circulation – RM-Hedged Class

	202	24	202	23
	Number of units	USD	Number of units	USD
At beginning of the				
financial year	52,799,554	13,444,557	57,774,901	14,101,530
Creation during the				
financial year	5,564,226	869,872	10,252,139	1,778,628
Cancellation during				
the financial year_	(20,692,359)	(3,114,007)	(15,227,486)	(2,435,601)
At end of the				
financial year	37,671,421	11,200,422	52,799,554	13,444,557

(b) Unit holders' contribution/units in circulation – USD Class

	202	24	202	23
	Number of units	USD	Number of units	USD
At beginning of the				
financial year	1,551,687	1,767,187	1,747,921	1,901,592
Creation during the				
financial year	21,084	16,033	33,486	27,802
Cancellation during				
the financial year_	(892,473)	(648,567)	(229,720)	(162,207)
At end of the				
financial year	680,298	1,134,653	1,551,687	1,767,187

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

10. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS (CONT'D.)

(c) Realised

		2024 USD	2023 USD
	At beginning of the financial year Net realised losses for the financial year At end of the financial year	(1,676,807) (2,614,385) (4,291,192)	(110,970) (1,565,837) (1,676,807)
(d)	Unrealised - non-distributable		
		2024 USD	2023 USD
	At beginning of the financial year Net unrealised gain/(loss) for the financial year At end of the financial year	(3,458,171) 1,656,425 (1,801,746)	(3,209,903) (248,268) (3,458,171)

11. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties Relationships

AmFunds Management Berhad
AmInvestment Bank Berhad
AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB")
Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB
as disclosed in its financial statements

The Manager
Holding company of the Manager
Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associate companies of th
ultimate holding company of the Manager

There are no units held by the Manager or any related party as at 31 January 2024 and 31 January 2023.

12. TAXATION

Income tax payable is calculated on investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

12. TAXATION (CONT'D.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net losses taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2024 USD	2023 USD
Net losses before taxation	(957,960)	(1,814,105)
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%) Tax effects of:	(229,910)	(435,385)
Income not subject to tax	(399,190)	(188)
Losses not allowed for tax deduction	607,460	408,477
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	18,250	22,932
	•	,
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	1,362	1,616
Permitted expenses not used and not available for		
future financial years	2,028	2,548
Tax expense for the financial year		-

13. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2024 % p.a.	2023 % p.a.
Manager's fee	1.02	1.02
Trustee's fee	0.05	0.05
Fund's other expenses	0.04	0.03
Total TER	1.11	1.10

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investment to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 0.23 times (2023: 0.16 times).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

15. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

As stated in Note 1, the Fund is a feeder fund whereby a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Target Fund.

As the Fund operates substantially as a feeder fund which invests primarily in the Target Fund, it is not possible or meaningful to classify its investment by separate business or geographical segments.

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TARGET FUND MANAGER

Details of transactions with the Target Fund Manager for the financial year ended 31 January 2024 are as follows:

Target Fund Manager	Transaction value		
	USD	%	
Baillie Gifford Investment Management (Europe) Limited	3,727,000	100.00	

The above transactions were in respect of investment in CIS. Transactions in this investment does not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTPL USD	Financial assets at amortised cost USD	Financial liabilities at amortised cost USD	Total USD
	005	OOD	000	005
2024				
Assets				
Investment	6,087,443	-	-	6,087,443
Derivative asset	2,239	-	-	2,239
Amount due from				
Target Fund Manager	-	20,000	-	20,000
Cash at banks	<u> </u>	200,740	<u> </u>	200,740
Total financial assets	6,089,682	220,740	-	6,310,422
Liabilities				
Derivative liability	242	_	_	242
Amount due to Manager	-	_	64,481	64,481
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	272	272
Total financial liabilities	242		64,753	64,995
,	ı			,,,,,,
2023				
Assets				
Investment	9,554,517	-	-	9,554,517
Cash at banks	<u>-</u> _	583,729	<u>-</u>	583,729
Total financial assets	9,554,517	583,729	-	10,138,246
Liabilities	40.707			40.707
Derivative liabilities	48,737	-	- 0.207	48,737
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee	-	-	9,207	9,207
Total financial liabilities	48,737	<u>-</u>	426 9,633	426 59 370
i otai iiriariciai iiabiiilles	40,131		9,033	58,370

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Income, expenses, gains and losses	
	2024 USD	2023 USD
Net losses on financial assets at FVTPL Income, of which derived from:	(874,605)	(1,701,237)
 Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost Other net realised gain/(loss) on foreign currency 	2,329	782
exchange - Other net unrealised losses on foreign currency	4,510	(731)
exchange	(28)	(17)

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD	Total USD
2024 Financial assets at FVTPL:				
Investment	-	6,087,443	-	6,087,443
Derivative asset	_	2,239	_	2,239
		6,089,682	-	6,089,682
Financial liability at FVTPL: – Derivative liability	-	242	_	242

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value (cont'd.)

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the level of the fair value hierarchy: (cont'd.)

	Level 1 USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD	Total USD
2023 Financial asset at FVTPL: - Investment	-	9,554,517		9,554,517
Financial liability at FVTPL – Derivative liabilities	:	48,737	_	48,737

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

- Amount due from Target Fund Manager
- Cash at banks
- Amount due to Manager
- Amount due to Trustee

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, country risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of investment coupled with stringent compliance to investment restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Market and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Price risk

Price risk refers to the uncertainty of an investment's future prices. In the event of adverse price movements, the Fund might endure potential loss on its investment in the Target Fund. In managing price risk, the Manager actively monitors the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

The result below summarised the price risk sensitivity of the Fund's NAV due to movements of price by -5.00% and +5.00% respectively:

	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV		
Percentage movements in price by:	2024	2023	
	USD	USD	
-5.00%	(304,372)	(477,726)	
+5.00%	304,372	477,726	

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with the Fund's assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency. Currency risk refers to the potential loss the Fund might face due to unfavorable fluctuations of currencies other than the Fund's functional currency against the Fund's functional currency.

The result below summarised the currency risk sensitivity of the Fund's NAV due to appreciation/depreciation of the Fund's functional currency against currencies other than the Fund's functional currency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk (cont'd.)

(ii) Currency risk (cont'd.)

Percentage movements in currencies other	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV		
than the Fund's functional currency:	2024	2023	
•	USD	USD	
-5.00%	(1,237)	(180)	
+5.00%	1,237	180	

The net unhedged financial asset and financial liability of the Fund that is not denominated in Fund's functional currency is as follows:

	2024		2023	
Asset/(liability) denominated in	USD equivalent	% of NAV	USD equivalent	% of NAV
Ringgit Malaysia				
Cash at bank Amount due to	33,387	0.53	3,607	0.04
Manager	(58,131)	(0.93)		
	(24,744)	(0.40)	3,607	0.04

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk applies to short-term deposits and unquoted derivatives asset. The issuer of such instruments may not be able to fulfil the required interest payments or repay the principal invested or amount owing. These risks may cause the Fund's investment to fluctuate in value.

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund manages the risk by setting internal counterparty limits and undertaking internal credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Cash at banks are held for liquidity purposes and are not exposed to significant credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. This is also the risk of the Fund experiencing large redemptions, when the Investment Manager could be forced to sell large volumes of its holdings at unfavourable prices to meet redemption requirements.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

The Fund's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of not more than six months.

(d) Single issuer risk

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund is restricted from investing in securities issued by any issuer in excess of a certain percentage of its NAV. Under such restriction, the risk exposure to the securities of any single issuer is diversified and managed by the Target Fund Manager based on internal/external ratings.

(e) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

(f) Country risk

The risk of price fluctuation in foreign securities may arise due to political, financial and economic events in foreign countries. If this occurs, there is a possibility that the NAV of the Fund may be adversely affected.

(g) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(h) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with their respective internal policies, the Deed, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

The specific risks associated to the Target Fund include market risk, securities risk, emerging market risk, settlement and credit risks, regulatory and accounting standards risks, political risk, custody risk and liquidity risk.

19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Fund's capital management is to ensure that it maximises unit holders' value by expanding its fund size to benefit from economies of scale and achieving growth in NAV from the performance of its investment.

The Fund manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund may issue new or bonus units or make distribution payment.

No changes were made in the objective, policies or processes during the financial years ended 31 January 2024 and 31 January 2023.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Goh Wee Peng, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the "Manager"), do hereby state that in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmSustainable Series - Positive Change Fund (formerly known as Sustainable Series - Positive Change Fund) (the "Fund") as at 31 January 2024 and the comprehensive income, the changes in net assets attributable to unit holders and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and of behalf of the Manager

GOH WEE PENG

Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 18 March 2024

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF AMSUSTAINABLE SERIES - POSITIVE CHANGE FUND (FORMERLY KNOWN AS SUSTAINABLE SERIES - POSITIVE CHANGE FUND) ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 January 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong Head, Fund Operations **Sylvia Beh**Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 18 March 2024

DIRECTORY

Head Office 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group

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Email: enquiries@aminvest.com

Postal Address AmFunds Management Berhad

P.O Box 13611, 50816 Kuala Lumpur

For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),

Friday (8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.)

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