Annual Report for

Global Dividend

31 July 2024





TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group 55 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

Board of Directors

Jeyaratnam A/L Tamotharam Pillai Ng Chih Kaye Jas Bir Kaur A/P Lol Singh Arnold Lim Boon Lay Goh Wee Peng

Investment Committee

Arnold Lim Boon Lay Tracy Chen Wee Keng Goh Wee Peng

Trustee

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Auditors and Reporting Accountants
Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation AdviserDeloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

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MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of Global Dividend ("Fund") for the financial year ended 31 July 2024.

Salient Information of the Fund

Name	Global Dividend ("Fund")
Category/ Type	Wholesale (Feeder Fund) / Income and Growth
Name of Target Fund	Fidelity Funds - Global Dividend Fund
Objective	The Fund aims to provide income* and long-term** capital growth by investing in the Target Fund which invests in global equities. Note: * The income could be in the form of units or cash. ** Long term refers to an investment horizon of at least five (5) years. Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.
Duration	The Fund was established on 11 April 2016 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.
Performance Benchmark	MSCI All Countries World Net Index ("MSCI ACWI") (Available at www.aminvest.com) Note: The MSCI All Country World Net Index ("MSCI ACWI") is only used as a reference for investment performance comparison purpose. The Fund is not managed against MSCI ACWI. The risk profile of the Fund is not the same as the risk profile of the MSCI ACWI. Source: MSCI. The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or redisseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or a component of any financial instruments or products or indices. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each other person involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties (including, without limitation, any warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, timeliness, non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) with respect to this information. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including, without limitation, lost profits) or any other damages. (www.msci.com)

Income Distribution Policy

RM & RM-Hedged Classes

Subject to availability of income, distribution will be paid quarterly and can be in the form of cash (by telegraphic transfer) or units.

Other Classes except for RM & RM-Hedged Classes

Subject to availability of income, distribution will be paid at least quarterly and will be reinvested into the respective Class.

At the Manager's discretion, the Fund may distribute from its gain, income and capital. The rationale for distribution out of capital is to allow the Fund the ability to (i) distribute income on a regular basis in accordance with the distribution policy of the Fund or (ii) increase the amount of distributable income to the unit holders, after taking into consideration the risk of distributing out of capital.

Distribution out of the Fund's capital has the effect of lowering the NAV of the Fund, may reduce part of the unit holders' original investment and may also result in reduced future returns to unit holders. When a substantial amount of the original investment is being returned to the unit holders, it has a risk of eroding the capital of the Fund and may, over time, cause the NAV of the Fund to fall. The greater the risk of capital erosion that exists, the greater the likelihood that, due to capital erosion, the value of future returns would also be diminished.

Note:

Income distribution amount (if any) for each of the Classes could be different subject to the sole discretion of the Manager.

For RM and RM-Hedged Classes only, if income distribution earned does not exceed RM500, it will be automatically reinvested.

Breakdown of Unit Holdings by Size

For the financial year under review, the size of the Fund for RM Class stood at 92,551,262 units and USD Class stood at 6,948,616 units.

RM Class

Size of holding	As at 31 July 2024		As at 31	July 2023
	No of Number of units held unitholders		No of units held	Number of unitholders
5,000 and below	1	1	1	1
5,001-10,000	ı	ı	6,403	1
10,001-50,000	1	1	1	1
50,001-500,000	1,538,920	4	493,899	2
500,001 and above	91,012,342	4	31,487,870	4

USD Class

Size of holding	As at 31 July 2024		As at 31	July 2023
	No of units held	Number of unitholders	No of units held	Number of unitholders
5,000 and below	-	-	-	-
5,001-10,000	ı	ı	8,017	1
10,001-50,000	-	-	37,814	1
50,001-500,000	885,928	3	886,816	2
500,001 and above	6,062,688	1	5,558,343	1

Fund Performance Data

Portfolio
Composition

Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 31 July are as follows:

	As at 31 July			
	2024 %	2023 %	2022 %	
Foreign collective investment scheme	90.13	95.44	96.51	
Money market deposits and cash equivalents	9.87	4.56	3.49	
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	

Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.

Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial years ended 31 July are as follows:

	FYE 2024	FYE 2023	FYE 2022
Net asset value (USD)			
- RM Class	33,561,046	10,362,734	11,488,766
- USD Class	10,115,021	8,468,876	9,251,213
Units in circulation			
- RM Class	92,551,262	31,988,172	38,008,993
- USD Class	6,948,616	6,490,990	7,608,948
Net asset value per unit in USD	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· ·
- RM Class	0.3626	0.3240	0.3023
- USD Class	1.4557	1.3047	1.2158
Net asset value per unit in respecti	ive currencies	1	
- RM Class (RM)	1.6652	1.4601	1.3445
- USD Class (USD)	1.4557	1.3047	1.2158
Highest net asset value per unit in	respective currer		
- RM Class (RM)	1.6762	1.5081	1.4866
- USD Class (USD)	1.4557	1.3176	1.4264
Lowest net asset value per unit in	respective curren	cies	
- RM Class (RM)	1.4222	1.2321	1.2795
- USD Class (USD)	1,2077	1.0706	1.1623
Benchmark performance (%)	_		
- RM Class	19.23	14.35	-5.60
- USD Class	17.02	12.91	-10.48
Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾	-		
- RM Class	15.37	11.11	-6.21
- USD Class	13.23	9.64	-11.06
- Capital growth (%)			
- RM Class	14.14	8.69	-7.77
- USD Class	11.72	7.40	-12.66
- Income distribution (%)			
- RM Class	1.23	2.42	1.56
- USD Class	1.51	2.24	1.60
Gross distribution per unit in respec			1100
- RM Class (RM)	1.8013 sen	4.2531 sen	2.2800 sen
- USD Class (USD)	1.9738 cent	3.5424 cent	2.2200 cent
Net distribution per unit in respective		0.0 .2 . 00.11	
- RM Class (RM)	1.8013 sen	3.2600 sen	2.2800 sen
- USD Class (USD)	1.9738 cent	2.7200 cent	2.2200 cent
Total expense ratio (%) ⁽²⁾	0.46	0.41	0.42
Portfolio turnover ratio (times) (3)	0.47	0.14	0.12

Note:

- (1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees.
- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The TER increased by 0.05% as compared to 0.41% per annum for the financial year ended 31 July 2023 mainly due to increase in expenses.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The increase in the PTR for 2024 and 2023 were due mainly to investing activities.

Average Total Return (as at 31 July 2024)

	Global Dividend ^(a) %	MSCI ACWI ^(b) %
One year		
- RM Class	15.37	19.23
- USD Class	13.23	17.02
Three years		
- RM Class	6.33	8.77
- USD Class	3.36	5.75
Five years		
- RM Class	9.05	13.46
- USD Class	6.74	11.03
Since launch (11 April 2016)		
- RM Class	8.37	13.38
- USD Class	6.72	11.12

Annual Total Return

Financial Years Ended (31 July)	Global Dividend ^(a) %	MSCI ACWI ^(b)
2024		
- RM Class	15.37	19.23
- USD Class	13.23	17.02
2023		
- RM Class	11.11	14.35
- USD Class	9.64	12.91
2022		
- RM Class	-6.21	-5.60
- USD Class	-11.06	-10.48
2021		
- RM Class	17.40	32.57
- USD Class	17.98	33.18
2020		
- RM Class	9.28	10.29
- USD Class	6.40	7.20

- (a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.
- (b) MSCI All Countries World Net Index ("MSCI ACWI") (Available at www.aminvest.com)

The Fund performance is calculated based on net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Fund Performance

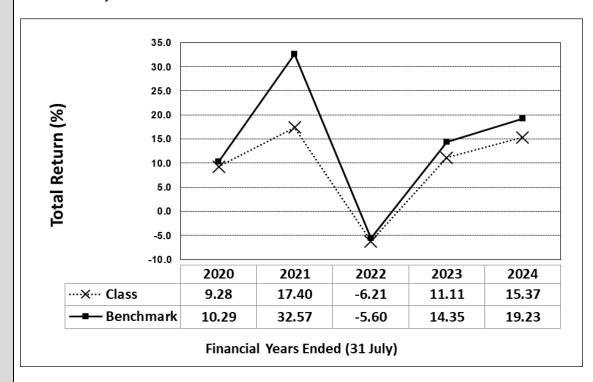
RM Class

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a return of 15.37% comprising of 14.14% capital growth and 1.23% income distribution.

Thus, the Fund's return of 15.37% has underperformed the benchmark's return of 19.23% by 3.86%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 July 2023, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund increased by 14.05% from RM1.4601 to RM1.6652, while units in circulation increased by >100.00% from 31,988,172 units to 92,551,262 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of Global Dividend (RM Class) and its benchmark, MSCI ACWI, for the financial years ended 31 July.



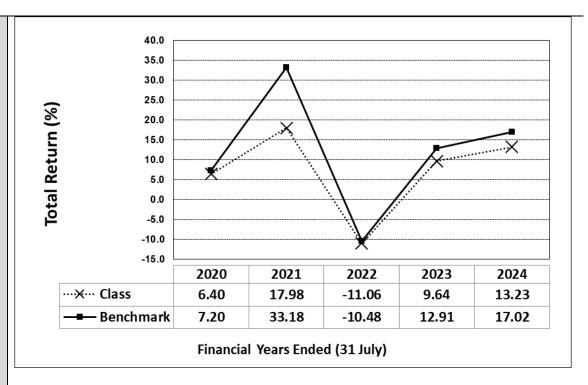
USD Class

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a return of 13.23% comprising of 11.72% capital growth and 1.51% income distribution.

Thus, the Fund's return of 13.23% has underperformed the benchmark's return of 17.02% by 3.79%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 July 2023, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund increased by 11.57% from USD1.3047 to USD1.4557, while units in circulation increased by 7.05% from 6,490,990 units to 6,948,616 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of Global Dividend (USD Class) and its benchmark, MSCI ACWI, for the financial years ended 31 July.



Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Performance of the Target Fund

Fund Performance Review of the Target Fund – Fidelity Funds - Global Dividend Fund ("the Target Fund")

The Target Fund delivered strong absolute returns but slightly lagged a strongly rising market owing to its permanent defensive bias. Security selection proved to be a headwind, particularly in the information technology and health care sectors, where lack of exposure to stocks benefitting from the artificial intelligence (AI) (Nvidia) and obesity (Eli Lilly & Co) themes held back returns. US large cap tech / growth stocks continued to lead market gains. Our dividend-based total return approach and valuation discipline means that we do not currently have any exposure to the 'Magnificent 7' stocks. Not holding Nvidia, Amazon and Meta Platforms was the biggest detractor from relative returns. Pharmaceuticals companies Sanofi and Bristol-Myers Squibb were out of favour due to the defensive nature of their businesses as the prospect of interest rate cuts meant investors favoured the more cyclical parts of the market. Sanofi was also impacted by the incremental €1 billion commitment towards research and development to fund future pipeline investments. While management believes it is the right decision to invest in a promising pipeline of assets, this effectively means that its 2025 margin target will no longer be achieved. The holding in Bristol-Myers Squibb was later closed following a lowered guidance around its growth engines. On a positive note, professional publishers RELX and Wolters Kluwer were key contributors. Both businesses continue to deliver solid organic growth. Meanwhile, RELX continues to benefit from management's confidence on using generative AI to improve their products and be a source of further gradual organic growth acceleration. Progressive Corp, a US auto insurer, contributed due to its strong underwriting performance. The company benefits from a strong competitive position which supports continued growth and is a good example of the attractive stock-specific opportunities we can find that are not reliant on continued momentum in the AI theme to deliver performance.

Source: Fidelity International, as at 31 July 2024

Has the Fund achieved its objective?

For the financial year under review, the Fund is in line with its stated objective to invest in the Target Fund which has an investment focus on global equities.

Strategies and Policies Employed

Strategies and Policies employed by Target Fund

The Target Fund manager Dan Roberts uses a bottom-up approach to invest in companies that offer a healthy yield, supported by a growing level of income, as well as the potential for capital growth. When considering potential investment opportunities, we focus on the sustainability of dividends and whether the current share price provides an adequate margin of safety. By investing globally, the Target Fund is able to hold the strongest income-paying opportunities, irrespective of where they are located.

Source: Fidelity International, as at 31 July 2024

Strategies and Policies of the Fund

For the financial year under review, the Fund is in line with the investment strategy of the Fund, which is to invest a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV in the Target Fund.

Portfolio Structure

The table below is the asset allocation of the Fund as at 31 July 2024 and 31 July 2023.

	As at 31.07.2024 %	As at 31.07.2023 %	Changes %
Foreign collective investment scheme	90.13	95.44	-5.31
Money market deposits and cash			
equivalents	9.87	4.56	5.31
Total	100.00	100.00	

For the financial year under review, the Fund has invested 90.13% of its NAV in the foreign collective investment scheme and the balance 9.87% of its NAV in money market deposits and cash equivalents.

Cross Trades

There were no cross trades undertaken during the financial year under review.

Distribution/ Unit Splits

During the financial year under review, the Fund declared income distributions, detailed as follows:

RM Class

Date of distributions	Distributions per unit RM (sen)	NAV per unit Cum-Distributions (RM)	NAV per unit Ex-Distributions (RM)
23-Oct-23	0.4700	1.4630	1.4583
23-Jan-24	0.7800	1.5771	1.5693
18-Jun-24	0.5513	1.6554	1.6499

	USD Class			
	Date of distributions	Distributions per unit USD (cent)	NAV per unit Cum-Distributions (USD)	NAV per unit Ex-Distributions (USD)
	23-Oct-23	0.4500	1.2303	1.2258
	23-Jan-24	0.7100	1.3444	1.3373
	18-Jun-24	0.8138	1.4137	1.4056
	There is no unit s	plit declared for the fi	nancial year under reviev	٧.
State of Affairs		at materially affect an	ange to the state of affai y interests of the unitholo	
Rebates and Soft Commission		he management com anducted for the Fund	pany did not receive soft	commissions by virtue
Market Review	muted performantarget levels and around the debt of with geopolitical equities rallied smarkets left policy policy rate towardata, robust corpora soft landing an also dominated boriented mega-cawere the best perboader market.	ce over the first half of led major central bard ceiling and a rating distensions in the Middistrongly in the second rates unchanged, and the end of the second the earnings and mid supported prospectly the strong perform ap names. At a second	e-month period to July 20 of the review period as in the review period period and half as central bank although the European Color cond quarter. Furthermoderating inflationary prests for interest rate cuts nance of a narrow cohor or level, information technic ile consumer staples and July 2024	Iflation remained above interest rates. Concerns it debt in the US, along in sentiment. However is in major developed entral Bank reduced its ore, resilient economic essure raised hopes for in 2024. Markets were it of expensive growth hoology and financials
Market Outlook	companies within narrowness of ret cap weighted S& terms) vs the S& period. These market co hasn't led to any	the two mega then turns was evident from P 500 Index which was P 500 Equal Weight enditions have proven style drift away from	the year was narrow and the year was narrow and the divergence in returnation as up by 45.5% in 18 mm. Index which gained by the challenging to relative and dividend payers and indership and the broader	ominated returns. This rns between the marker nonths to June (in USC 19.6% over the same performance, but that no growth stocks. July
	proved beneficial If optimistic earn	to relative fund perfo nings expectations er earnings persisten		we would expect the
	equity markets. opportunity. The	Outside of the US strategy continues	pensive relative to their 6, valuations look more to provide attractive diver inate the index and other	e palatable, providing rersification away from

We remain confident in the outlook for portfolio holdings. Their performance is not reliant on the continued momentum in the AI theme nor on a particular macro scenario playing out. From a political risk perspective, we take comfort from our holdings being globally diversified businesses. For example, the portfolio's French revenue exposure is significantly lower than its domicile exposure. We remain focussed on investing in attractively valued stable businesses with strong balance sheets, resilient earnings and higher margins which should drive a significantly better risk-adjusted return than the market, alongside an attractive yield and a growing dividend. Source: Fidelity International, as at 31 July 2024 Additional The following information was updated: Information The Fifth Supplementary Information Memorandum in respect of the Fund dated and effective 24 July 2024 has been lodged with Securities Commission Malaysia and is issued to inform sophisticated investors of the following, but is not limited to: the update made to the disclosure in "Income Distribution"; the update made to the disclosure in "Transaction Information"; and

the update made to the disclosure in "Risk Factors".

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AmFunds Management Berhad

18 September 2024

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Global Dividend

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Global Dividend (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 July 2024, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unit holders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 14 to 42.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 July 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and in our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Global Dividend (cont'd.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Global Dividend (cont'd.)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with the approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Global Dividend (cont'd.)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Ng Sue Ean No. 03276/07/2026 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 18 September 2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JULY 2024

	Note	2024 USD	2023 USD
ASSETS			
Investment Amount due from Target Fund Manager Amount due from Manager Tax recoverable Cash at banks TOTAL ASSETS	4 5 6(a)	39,366,912 - 47,661 84,632 - 4,274,334 - 43,773,539	17,972,633 250,000 398,899 - 603,775 19,225,307
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Tax payable Sundry payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS)	6(b) 7	92,330 1,816 - 3,326 97,472	380,708 785 8,919 3,285 393,697
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS		43,676,067	18,831,610
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS OF THE FUND COMPRISE:			
Unit holders' contribution Retained earnings	9(a)(b) 9(c)(d)	34,975,155 8,700,912 43,676,067	14,098,387 4,733,223 18,831,610
NET ASSET VALUE			
RM ClassUSD Class		33,561,046 10,115,021 43,676,067	10,362,734 8,468,876 18,831,610
UNITS IN CIRCULATION			
RM ClassUSD Class	9(a) 9(b)	92,551,262 6,948,616	31,988,172 6,490,990
NAV PER UNIT IN USD - RM Class		0.3626	0.3240
- USD Class		1.4557	1.3047
NAV PER UNIT IN RESPECTIVE CURRENCIES			
RM Class (RM)USD Class (USD)		1.6652 1.4557	1.4601 1.3047
332 31403 (332)		1.4007	1.50+1

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

	Note	2024 USD	2023 USD
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Distribution income Interest income Net gains from investment:		724,814 4,378	559,738 774
 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Other net realised losses on foreign 	8	3,839,465	1,460,165
currency exchange Other net unrealised (loss)/gain on foreign		(103,148)	(16,665)
currency exchange	_	(718)	501
	-	4,464,791	2,004,513
EXPENDITURE			
Manager's fee	6	(118,596)	(67,891)
Trustee's fee	7	(14,790)	(9,849)
Audit fee		(1,661)	(1,685)
Tax agent's fee		(842)	(854)
Other expenses		(777)	(974)
	-	(136,666)	(81,253)
Net income before finance cost and taxation Finance cost - distributions to unit holders		4,328,125	1,923,260
- RM Class	12(a)	(226,697)	(234,211)
- USD Class	12(b)	(133,766)	(189,105)
	-	(360,463)	(423,316)
Net income before taxation		3,967,662	1,499,944
Taxation	11 _	27	(137,152)
Net income after taxation, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year		3,967,689	1,362,792
Total comprehensive income comprises the following:			
Realised income		655,265	63,156
Unrealised gains	_	3,312,424	1,299,636
		3,967,689	1,362,792

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024 (CONT'D.)

	Note	2024 USD	2023 USD
Distributions for the financial year Net distributions	12	360,463	423,316
Gross distributions per unit in respective currencies - RM Class (RM) - USD Class (USD)	12(a)	1.8013 sen	4.2531 sen
	12(b)	1.9738 cent	3.5424 cent
Net distributions per unit in respective currencies - RM Class (RM) - USD Class (USD)	12(a)	1.8013 sen	3.2600 sen
	12(b)	1.9738 cent	2.7200 cent

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

	Note	Unit holders' contribution USD	Retained earnings USD	Total USD
	11010	035	03D	OOD
At 1 August 2023		14,098,387	4,733,223	18,831,610
Total comprehensive income for				
the financial year		-	3,967,689	3,967,689
Creation of units				
- RM Class	9(a)	25,200,650	-	25,200,650
 USD Class 	9(b)	7,490,345	-	7,490,345
Reinvestment of distributions				
- RM Class	9(a)	226,697	-	226,697
- USD Class	9(b)	133,766	-	133,766
Cancellation of units	2()	(=)		()
- RM Class	9(a)	(5,028,860)	-	(5,028,860)
- USD Class	9(b)	(7,145,830)		(7,145,830)
Balance at 31 July 2024		34,975,155	8,700,912	43,676,067
At 1 August 2022		17,369,548	3,370,431	20,739,979
Total comprehensive income for		17,303,340	5,570, 4 51	20,733,373
the financial year		_	1,362,792	1,362,792
Creation of units			1,002,702	1,002,702
- RM Class	9(a)	3,091,188	_	3,091,188
- USD Class	9(b)	138,618	_	138,618
Reinvestment of distributions	- (-)	,-		,
- RM Class	9(a)	234,211	_	234,211
- USD Class	9(b)	189,105	_	189,105
Cancellation of units	` ,	·		
- RM Class	9(a)	(5,183,340)	-	(5,183,340)
 USD Class 	9(b)	(1,740,943)		(1,740,943)
Balance at 31 July 2023		14,098,387	4,733,223	18,831,610

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

	2024 USD	2023 USD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investment Purchases of investment Distributions received Interest received Manager's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Tax agent's fee paid Tax paid Payments for other expenses Net cash (used in)/generated from operating and investing activities	5,196,852 (22,604,813) 724,814 4,378 (106,456) (13,759) (800) (93,524) (2,380) (16,895,688)	4,266,335 (1,030,223) 559,738 774 (67,914) (9,870) (853) (120,317) (1,674) 3,595,996
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	33,041,725 (12,475,478) 20,566,247	2,835,859 (6,549,543) (3,713,684)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	3,670,559 603,775	(117,688) 721,463
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	4,274,334	603,775
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at banks	4,274,334	603,775

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Global Dividend (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 28 September 2015 as amended by Deeds supplemental thereto (the "Deeds") between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee and all unit holders.

The Fund aims to provide income and long term capital growth by investing in the Fidelity Funds - Global Dividend Fund ("Target Fund") which invests in global equities. Being a feeder fund, a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Target Fund, which is a separate unit trust fund managed by FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. ("Target Fund Manager"). As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 31 July. The units in the Fund for AUD-Hedged Class, RM-Hedged Class, RM Class, SGD-Hedged Class and USD Class were first offered for sale on 11 April 2016, which EUR-Hedged Class was first offered for sale on 28 February 2018. There were no units in circulations for RM-Hedged Class since its offer date. The AUD-Hedged Class and SGD-Hedged Class were terminated on 31 July 2018 and EUR-Hedged Class was terminated on 31 July 2019.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 18 September 2024.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

	Effective for
	financial periods
Description	beginning on or after

MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and Amendments to MFRS 17* Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - Comparative Information	1 January 2023
(Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts)*	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting	
Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards effective during the financial year (cont'd.)

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements. (cont'd.)

Effective for financial periods

Description beginning on or after

Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to

Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction 1 January 2023

Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: International Tax Reform
Pillar Two Model Rules 1 January 2023

Standards issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

Effective for

Description	financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and	
Leaseback*	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:	
Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows and MFRS 7	
Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangement	s 1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Excha	ange
Rates: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments and MFRS 7 Financial	ial
Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classifications and	
Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures*	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*	Deferred

^{*} These MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Distribution income

Distribution income is recognised when the Fund's right to receive payment is established.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

(iii) Gain or loss on disposal of investment

On disposal of investment, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is United States Dollar ("USD") which is the currency in which the issuance and redemption of certain of the Fund's units and the sale and purchase of the Fund's investment are denominated and settled. The Fund has also adopted USD as its presentation currency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.4 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. At each reporting date, foreign currency monetary items are translated into USD at exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. All exchange gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

3.5 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investment that is readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.6 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from realised income as finance cost - distribution to unit holders and recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, as the unit holders' contribution are classified as financial liabilities as per Note 3.7. Realised income is the income earned from distribution income, interest income and net gain on disposal of investment after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

3.7 Unit holders' contribution

The unit holders' contribution of the Fund is classified as liabilities under the requirements of MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

Under MFRS 132, a unit trust fund with one common class of unit holders is classified as equity as it meets the requirement of having identical features. In a multi-unit class fund, if any one class (or a group of classes) can be differentiated in terms of their features, then all the classes will be classified as liability.

The Fund issues cancellable units in two classes. Details are disclosed in Note 9.

3.8 Financial instruments – initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.8 Financial instruments – initial recognition and measurement (cont'd.)

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

3.9 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial asset. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Distribution income and interest earned elements of such instruments are recorded separately in "Distribution income" and "Interest income" respectively. Exchange differences on financial assets at FVTPL are not recognised separately in profit or loss but are included in net gain or net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

The Fund subsequently measures its investment in Collective Investment Scheme ("CIS") at FVTPL. Distributions earned whilst holding the investment in CIS is recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established. Gains and losses on the investment in CIS, realised and unrealised, are included in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.10 Financial liabilities - classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holders. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

3.11 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL") (cont'd.)

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

3.13 Determination of fair value

For the investment in CIS, fair value is determined based on the closing NAV per unit of the foreign CIS. Purchased cost is the price that the Fund paid when buying its investment. The difference between purchased cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss. Unrealised gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are not distributable in nature.

3.14 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its investment as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investment in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holders' cancellation of units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments (cont'd.)

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. INVESTMENT

			2024 USD	2023 USD
Financial asset at FVTPL				
At cost: Foreign CIS		_	34,670,991	16,589,854
At fair value: Foreign CIS		_	39,366,912	17,972,633
Details of investment are as f	ollows:			
Foreign CIS	Number of units	Fair value USD	Purchased cost USD	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
2024				
Fidelity Funds - Global Dividend Fund ("Target Fund")	2,026,089	39,366,912	34,670,991	90.13
Excess of fair value over purchased cost	_	4,695,921		

5. AMOUNT DUE FROM TARGET FUND MANAGER

The amount due from Target Fund Manager arose from the sale of investment. The settlement period is within five business days from the transaction date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

6. AMOUNT DUE FROM/TO MANAGER

		Note	2024 USD	2023 USD
(a)	Due from Manager Creation of units	(i)	47,661	398,899
(b)	Due to Manager	,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Cancellation of units	(ii)	74,222	374,740
	Manager's fee payable	(iii)	18,108	5,968
			92,330	380,708

- (i) This represents amount receivable from the Manager for units created.
- (ii) This represents amount payable to the Manager for units cancelled.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for creation and cancellation of units is three business days.

(iii) As the Fund is investing in the Target Fund, the Manager's fee is charged as follows:

	2024 % p.a.	2023 % p.a.
Manager's fee charged by the Target Fund Manager,		
on the NAV of the Target Fund Manager's fee charged by the Manager, on the NAV	1.50	1.50
of investment in the Target Fund (Note a) Manager's fee charged by the Manager, on the	0.30	0.30
remaining NAV of the Fund (Note a)	1.80	1.80

Note a) The Manager's fee is charged on 0.30% of the NAV of investment in the Target Fund and 1.80% on the remaining NAV of the Fund.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Manager's fee payable is one month.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

7. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.05% (2023: 0.05%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the previous and current financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

8. NET GAINS FROM INVESTMENT

	2024 USD	2023 USD
Net gains on financial assets at FVTPL comprised: – Net realised gains on sale of investment – Net unrealised gains on changes in fair value	526,323	161,030
of investment	3,313,142	1,299,135
	3,839,465	1,460,165

9. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

Total NAV attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	Note	2024 USD	2023 USD
Unit holders' contribution			
- RM Class	(a)	29,097,019	8,698,532
- USD Class	(b)	5,878,136	5,399,855
Retained earnings			
 Realised income 	(c)	4,005,350	3,350,085
 Unrealised gains 	(d)	4,695,562	1,383,138
		43,676,067	18,831,610

The Fund issues cancellable units in two classes as detailed below:

	-	Categories of investors	Distribution
units	denomination		policy
RM Class	RM	Institutional	Quarterly
USD Class	USD	Institutional	Quarterly

The different charges and features of each class are as follows:

- (i) Initial price
- (ii) Minimum initial investment
- (iii) Minimum additional investment

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

9. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS (CONT'D.)

(a) Unit holders' contribution/Units in circulation - RM Class

	202 Number of	24	202 Number of	23
	units	USD	units	USD
At beginning of the				
financial year	31,988,172	8,698,532	38,008,993	10,556,473
Creation during the				
financial year	74,745,305	25,200,650	9,864,422	3,091,188
Reinvestment of				
distributions	677,465	226,697	746,764	234,211
Cancellation during the				
financial year	(14,859,680)	(5,028,860)	(16,632,007)	(5,183,340)
At end of the financial				
year	92,551,262	29,097,019	31,988,172	8,698,532

(b) Unit holders' contribution/Units in circulation - USD Class

	202 Number of	4	202 Number of	23
	units	USD	units	USD
At beginning of the				
financial year	6,490,990	5,399,855	7,608,948	6,813,075
Creation during the				
financial year	5,432,471	7,490,345	112,592	138,618
Reinvestment of				
distributions	99,993	133,766	149,857	189,105
Cancellation during the				
financial year	(5,074,838)	(7,145,830)	(1,380,407)	(1,740,943)
At end of the financial				
year	6,948,616	5,878,136	6,490,990	5,399,855

(c) Realised - distributable

	2024 USD	2023 USD
At beginning of the financial year	3,350,085	3,286,929
Realised income for the financial year	1,015,728	486,472
Finance cost - distributions to unit holders		
[Note 12 (a)(b)]	(360,463)	(423,316)
Net realised income for the financial year	655,265	63,156
At end of the financial year	4,005,350	3,350,085

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

9. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS (CONT'D.)

(d) Unrealised - non-distributable

	2024 USD	2023 USD
At beginning of the financial year	1,383,138	83,502
Net unrealised gains for the financial year	3,312,424	1,299,636
At end of the financial year	4,695,562	1,383,138

10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	<u>Relationships</u>
AmFunds Management Berhad	The Manager
AmInvestment Bank Berhad	Holding company of the Manager
AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB")	Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB	Subsidiaries and associate companies of the
as disclosed in its financial statements	ultimate holding company of the Manager

There are no units held by the Manager or any other related party as at 31 July 2024 and 31 July 2023.

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the significant related party balances as at reporting date is as follows:

		2024 USD	2023 USD
	Significant related party balance		
	AmBank (M) Berhad Cash at bank	46	56
11.	TAXATION		
		2024 USD	2023 USD
	Local tax		
	- current year	-	131,103
	 (over)/under provision in previous year 	(27)	6,049
		(27)	137,152

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

11. TAXATION (CONT'D.)

Income tax payable is calculated on investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

Pursuant to the Finance Act 2021, income derived by a resident person from sources outside Malaysia and received in Malaysia from 1 January 2022 will no longer be exempted from tax. Foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia will be taxed at the prevailing tax rate(s) of the taxpayer and based on applicable tax rules. Bilateral or unilateral tax credits may be allowed if the same income has suffered foreign tax, and where relevant conditions are met.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2024 USD	2023 USD
Net income before taxation	3,967,662	1,499,944
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%) Tax effects of:	952,239	359,987
Income not subject to tax	(1,096,478)	(353,980)
Losses not allowed for tax deduction	24,928	4,000
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	25,976	15,135
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	90,449	104,279
Permitted expenses not used and not available for		
future financial years	2,886	1,682
(Over)/Under provision in previous financial years	(27)	6,049
Tax (credit)/expense for the financial year	(27)	137,152

12. DISTRIBUTIONS

Details of distributions to unit holders during the current and previous financial years are as follows:

(a) RM Class

	2024 USD	2023 USD
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	1.8013	4.2531
Net distributions per unit (sen)	1.8013	3.2600

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

12. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D.)

Details of distributions to unit holders during the current and previous financial years are as follows: (cont'd.)

(b) USD Class

	2024 USD	2023 USD
Gross distributions per unit (cent)	1.9738	3.5424
Net distributions per unit (cent)	1.9738	2.7200

Financial year ended 31 July 2024

(a) RM Class

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit RM (sen)	Net distributions per unit RM (sen)	Total distributions USD
23 October 2023	0.4700	0.4700	39,749
23 January 2024	0.7800	0.7800	84,185
18 June 2024	0.5513	0.5513	102,763
	1.8013	1.8013	226,697

(b) USD Class

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit USD (cent)	Net distributions per unit USD (cent)	Total distributions USD
23 October 2023	0.4500	0.4500	30,014
23 January 2024	0.7100	0.7100	46,630
18 June 2024	0.8138	0.8138	57,122
	1.9738	1.9738	133,766

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

12. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D.)

Details of distributions to unit holders during the current and previous financial years are as follows: (cont'd.)

Financial year ended 31 July 2023

(a) RM Class

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit RM (sen)	Net distributions per unit RM (sen)	Total distributions USD
21 October 2022	0.5207	0.4100	32,450
19 January 2023	0.5740	0.4200	36,524
20 April 2023	1.1393	0.8600	60,637
24 July 2023	2.0191	1.5700	104,600
	4.2531	3.2600	234,211

(b) USD Class

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit USD (cent)	Net distributions per unit USD (cent)	Total distributions USD
21 October 2022	0.4699	0.3700	27,593
19 January 2023	0.4784	0.3500	25,854
20 April 2023	1.0706	0.8100	55,732
24 July 2023	1.5235	1.1900	79,926
	3.5424	2.7200	189,105

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation. All distributions during the current financial year were sourced from realised income. There were no distributions out of capital.

	2024 USD	2023 USD
Total amount available for distribution	4,005,350	3,350,085

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

13. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2024 % p.a.	2023 % p.a.
Manager's fee	0.40	0.34
Trustee's fee	0.05	0.05
Fund's other expenses	0.01	0.02
Total TER	0.46	0.41

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investment to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 0.47 times (2023: 0.14 times).

15. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

As stated in Note 1, the Fund is a feeder fund whereby a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Target Fund.

As the Fund operates substantially as a feeder fund which invests primarily in the Target Fund, it is not possible or meaningful to classify its investment by separate business or geographical segments.

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TARGET FUND MANAGER

Details of transactions with the Target Fund Manager for the financial year ended 31 July 2024 are as follows:

Target Fund Manager	Transa	ction value
	USD	%
FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.	27,654,814	100.00

The above transactions are in respect of investment in foreign CIS. Transactions in this investment do not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial assets at FVTPL USD	Financial assets at amortised cost USD	Financial liabilities at amortised cost USD	Total USD
2024				
Financial assets				
Investment	39,366,912	-	-	39,366,912
Amount due from				
Manager	-	47,661	-	47,661
Cash at banks	<u>-</u>	4,274,334	<u>-</u>	4,274,334
Total financial assets	39,366,912	4,321,995	-	43,688,907
Financial liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Total financial liabilities	- - -	- - -	92,330 1,816 94,146	92,330 1,816 94,146
2023 Financial assets	,			
Investment Amount due from	17,972,633	-	-	17,972,633
Target Fund Manager Amount due from	-	250,000	-	250,000
Manager	-	398,899	-	398,899
Cash at banks	<u> </u>	603,775		603,775
Total financial assets	17,972,633	1,252,674	-	19,225,307
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	380,708	380,708
Amount due to Trustee _			785	785
Total financial liabilities_	-	-	381,493	381,493

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Income, expenses, gains and losses	
	2024 USD	2023 USD
Net gains from financial assets at FVTPL Income, of which derived from:	3,839,465	1,460,165
Distribution income from financial assets at FVTPLInterest income from financial assets at amortised	724,814	559,738
cost - Other net realised losses on foreign	4,378	774
currency exchange - Other net unrealised (loss)/gain on foreign	(103,148)	(16,665)
currency exchange	(718)	501

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD	Total USD
2024 Financial asset at FVTPL:				
- Investment		39,366,912	<u> </u>	39,366,912
2023 Financial asset at FVTPL: - Investment		17,972,633	-	17,972,633

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

- Amount due from Target Fund Manager
- Amount due from/to Manager
- Cash at banks
- Amount due to Trustee

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, country risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of investment coupled with stringent compliance to investment restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Price risk

Price risk refers to the uncertainty of an investment's future prices. In the event of adverse price movements, the Fund might endure potential loss on its investment in the Target Fund. In managing price risk, the Manager actively monitors the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk (cont'd.)

(i) Price risk (cont'd.)

The result below summarised the price risk sensitivity of the Fund's NAV due to movements of price by -5.00% and +5.00% respectively:

Percentage movements in price by:	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV		
	2024	2023	
	USD	USD	
-5.00%	(1,968,346)	(898,632)	
+5.00%	1,968,346	898,632	

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency. Currency risk refers to the potential loss the Fund might face due to unfavorable fluctuations of currencies other than the Fund's functional currency against the Fund's functional currency.

The result below summarised the currency risk sensitivity of the Fund's NAV due to appreciation/depreciation of the Fund's functional currency against currencies other than the Fund's functional currency:

Percentage movements in currencies other	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV		
than the Fund's functional currency:	2024	2023	
	USD	USD	
-5.00%	(20,118)	(20,248)	
+5.00%	20,118	20,248	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk (cont'd.)

(ii) Currency risk (cont'd.)

The net unhedged financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund that are not denominated in Fund's functional currency are as follows:

	2024		20)23
Financial assets/ (liabilities) denominated in	USD equivalent	% of NAV	USD equivalent	% of NAV
Ringgit Malaysia Cash at bank Sundry payables	400,641	0.92	403,214	0.92
and accruals	1,712	_*	1,745	_*
- -	402,353	0.92	404,959	0.92

^{*} represents less than 0.01%

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk applies to distribution receivables. The issuer of such instruments may not be able to fulfill the required interest payments or repay the principal invested or amount owing. These risks may cause the Fund's investment to fluctuate in value.

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund manages the risk by setting internal counterparty limits and undertaking internal credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Cash at banks are held for liquidity purposes and are not exposed to significant credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The Fund's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of not more than six months.

(d) Single issuer risk

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund is restricted from investing in securities issued by any issuer in excess of a certain percentage of its NAV. Under such restriction, the risk exposure to the securities of any single issuer is diversified and managed by the Target Fund Manager based on internal/external ratings.

(e) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

(f) Country risk

The risk of price fluctuation in foreign securities may arise due to political, financial and economic events in foreign countries. If this occurs, there is a possibility that the NAV of the Fund may be adversely affected.

(g) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

(h) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with the respective internal policies, the Deeds, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

The specific risks associated to the Target Fund include market risk, securities risk, emerging market risk, settlement and credit risks, regulatory and accounting standards risks, political risk, custody risk and liquidity risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2024

19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its Information Memorandum;
- (b) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- (c) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial years.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Goh Wee Peng, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Global Dividend (the "Fund") as at 31 July 2024 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in net assets attributable to unit holders and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

GOH WEE PENG

Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 18 September 2024

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF GLOBAL DIVIDEND ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 July 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong Head, Fund Operations **Sylvia Beh**Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 18 September 2024

DIRECTORY

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For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),

Friday (8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.)

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